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That contains all the news is the Post-Dispatch, Daily and Sunday.

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VOL. 41.—NO. 314. ST. LOUIS, SATURDAY EVENING, AUGUST 30, 1890. PRICE, FIVE CENTS. BY CARRIER, FIFTEEN CENTS A WEEK.

There is nothing its equal for relieving the SORENESS, ITCHING or BURNING, reducing the INFLAMMATION, taking out REDNESS, and quickly bringing the skin to its natural color.

HAVE IT IN READINESS AND ALWAYS USE IT FOR

Burns, Sunburns, Diarrhea, Chafings, Stings of Insects, Piles, Sore Eyes, Sore Feet and Female Complaints.

BE SURE TO GET THE GENUINE.

BEWARE of imposition. Take POND'S EXTRACT only. See landscape trade-mark on buff wrapper. Sold only in our own bottles. All druggists.

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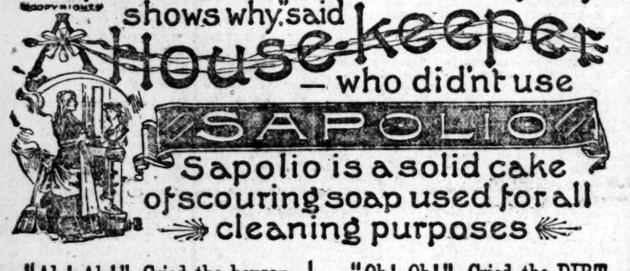
"I wept when I was born and every day shows why," said ~~House keeper~~ — who didn't use SAPOLIO



Sapolio is a solid cake of scouring soap used for all cleaning purposes

"Ah! Ah!" Cried the housewife, "The Secret I know, no DIRT can resist SAPOLIO."

"Oh! Oh!" Cried the DIRT, "At length I must go, I cannot withstand SAPOLIO."

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M.D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion. Without injurious medication.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

Notice!! To Whom It May Concern.

The rapid manner in which lots are being sold at Oak Hill Place has prompted us to establish an office on the ground for the convenience of purchasers. The terms upon which the lots are sold, being only $50 cash and $10 per month, give every one an opportunity to secure a home site or a real estate investment where property is bound to rapidly increase in value. Oak Hill Place is located on the south side of Tower Grove Park, midway between Grand Avenue and King's Highway; the Pine Street Electric Cars go direct to the property every three minutes. The prices placed on the property range from $10 to $16 per foot, and as it is high, healthy, well drained and contiguous to city water and electric lights, it is unquestionably the cheapest and best property in the city for the money.

Our branch office is located on the northwest corner of Arsenal Street and Morgan Ford Road (Arsenal Street is the southern boundary line of Tower Grove Park and the street on which the Pine Street Electric Cars run), where our representative can be found every day until September 1, from 10 a. m. to 6:30 o'clock p. m.

HAMMETT-ANDERSON-WADE, 213 N. Eighth St.

ALEXANDER'S DRUG STORE

ALEXANDER'S NEROLI COLOGNE,

The finest and most popular cologne to be had in the city; equal to the German Farina Cologne, at half the price. Try it.

ALEXANDER'S BEEF, IRON, WINE AND PEPSIN.

A standard preparation, recommended by physicians in cases of Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Lack of Energy. One bottle will have more effect than twice the quantity plain beef, iron and wine. Price $1.

Patent Medicines and Toilet Articles at reduced rates. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

Prescriptions and Family Medicines accurately compounded by skillful pharmacists, under the direct supervision of

M. W. ALEXANDER (GRADUATE OF PHILADELPHIA COLLEGE OF PHARMACY),

Established 1850. Northwest Corner Broadway and Olive St.

FOR THE CZAR ONLY.

Russia's Autumn Military Maneuvers Must Not Be Seen by Foreign Eyes.

All American Hog Products Will Be Excluded From France.

Duties on Other Articles to Be Increased—Result of the Liquor Traffic in South Africa—Current British Topics—Caught in an Alpine Storm—The Paris Press on Gen. Boulanger—Suppressing Irridentists—Buried in a Brewery Cellar—Canadian Crop News—Bountiful Yields in the Northwest—A Day's Events Abroad.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 30.—There will be 150,000 men engaged in the Russian autumn maneuvers. It is stated that Emperor William intimated his desire to witness these maneuvers, the most important of the year, but that the Czar politely but firmly conveyed the idea that no foreign potentate would be granted that privilege.

Central American Affairs.

CITY OF MEXICO, Aug. 30.—President Barrilias' cabinet resigned yesterday in a body to show their disapproval of his action in signing the treaty of peace with Salvador. The President will form a new cabinet at once. Gen. Martin Barrundia, the revolutionist of San Jose, Guatemala, was shot and killed by Government officers last Monday. It was known Barrundia was on board an American steamer passing and the port captain with a guard boarded the boat and demanded the fugitive. Capt. Pitt, after being shown papers for his arrest, conducted the party to Barrundia's cabin. Barrundia was informed the captain had given him up. Filled with rage and desperate Barrundia opened fire on the party, but only gave one shot when he fell pierced with a dozen bullets. His body was taken ashore.

About Gen. Boulanger.

PARIS, Aug. 30.—The *Voix du Peuple* publishes a letter from Gen. Boulanger in reference to the recent reports concerning his actions during the periods when he commanded a French army corps and was Minister of War, in which he declares that he has been treacherously misrepresented, but says that the moment for telling the whole truth has not yet arrived. The same paper states that Gen. Boulanger had an interview with Count de Paris last September.

The *Figaro* to-day charges Gen. Boulanger with promising to support a project for the restoration of the monarchy and with intending to betray the country.

M. Rochefort publishes his declaration that no one connected with the *Intransigeant* ever received a sou from the treasury of the Boulangists. Count Dillon, he adds, had announced his fortune to be at the disposal of the Boulangist cause, and no reason, therefore, existed for the supposition that the Royalists supplied its adherents with money.

The *Figaro* has received a request from the Duchess of Uzes that her name be not connected with matters pertaining to the Boulanger affair. The request is couched in peremptory terms.

The Seizure of the Mattie C. Dyer.

VICTORIA, British Columbia, Aug. 30.—The sealing schooner Mattie C. Dyer arrived here yesterday afternoon from the North for repairs. She was seized at Ounalaska, June 18, by the United States Deputy Collector Emmons, the schooner having gone in there in distress on the day previous. Capt. Mackler informed the authorities that he had not transgressed the sealing laws nor offended the customs regulations. When the case was brought before the court it was dismissed, the judgment being that the vessel had been seized for probable cause. The vessel had seventy-seven seal skins on board, all of which were returned except three when taken to Sitka. The schooner was put ashore and grounded, when the officers went through her. The Captain and crew were taken ashore and confined in the old Baranff Castle, where they were kept for three weeks. The authorities took away the skins, sails and all vessel findings. The grounding has caused her to leak badly, and she came here to be overhauled. The Captain says the seals seized had been taken at least thirty miles from any shore on the North Pacific and that the man who made the seizure was a new official.

Disastrous Floods.

VIENNA, Aug. 30.—The River Rhine has overflowed its banks and inundated Vorariburg, the extreme western district of the Austrian Empire. In that district the villages of Albach, Hohenems, Hoech, Lustenau and Fuessach have been flooded, and a number of bridges have been swept away by the flood. Many lives are reported lost. The heavy rains continue throughout Switzerland. In the canton of Grisons numbers of bridges have been swept away, and postal communication with the towns and villages of the canton has been suspended, the roads having been rendered impassable by a landslip on the St. Gothard range. The Alpine district of Aribergis is also cut off.

The Liquor Traffic in South Africa.

LONDON, Aug. 30.—Gen. Jubert, the noted leader of the Boers, represents in an interview that terrible misery has been caused among the natives of South Africa by the liquor traffic. The General says that in 1884 he warned King Umbandine of Swazziland that gold concessions and drink would destroy the country. Umbandine did not heed the warning and three years later he was a hopeless drunkard. Disease and drunkenness are making havoc among the native tribes, notwithstanding the efforts of the missionaries.

Increasing Duties on American Products.

PARIS, Aug. 30.—It is now positively asserted on the best authority that the French Government has decided to prohibit the importation of the entire list of American pork products and at the same time to increase the duties on all American products exported to this country. It is hoped that such action will have the effect of changing the present illiberal spirit of the American Congress.

Caught in an Alpine Storm.

ROME, Aug. 30.—Two Italian tourists recently attempted to ascend Mount Cervin in the Pennine Alps. On the way up they were surprised by a terrific storm and forced to flee for their lives. Their guide expired on the way and, when the tourists arrived at Mermatt, one of them was found to be disfigured for life by having his face cut with pieces or ice, while the other had both hands frozen.

Relief Measures for Ireland.

DUBLIN, Aug. 30.—Mr. Jackson, one of the Joint Secretaries of the British Treasury, and Mr. Sankey of the Irish Board of Works are making a tour of the Northwest of Ireland for the purpose of reporting as to what relief works shall be inaugurated in order to assist the people in case of famine arising from the failure of the potato crop.

Suppressing Irridentists.

VIENNA, Aug. 30.—The *Fremdenblatt* publishes an article to-day congratulating the Italian Government upon the measures it has adopted for the suppression of the Irridentists and declares that they will have a most favorable effect upon the relations between Austria and Italy.

Buried in a Brewery Cellar.

BERLIN, Aug. 30.—The cellar of a brewery in Stoetteritz, Saxony, in which a number of men were at work collapsed to-day, burying sixteen of the workmen. Of these seven were killed and the remainder were severely injured.

Current British Topics.

LONDON, Aug. 30.—It is learned that after the land purchase and tithes bills have been passed by Parliament Right Hon. D. D. Madden, attorney for Ireland, will be made one of the Lords Justices of Appeal for Ireland to fill the vacancy caused by the death of the late Justice Naish.

Solicitor-General John Atkinson will succeed the late Baron Dowse on the Exchequer Division bench.

Mr. Carson becomes Attorney-General and and Mr. Right Solicitor-General.

The Land Commission has ordered an enormous reduction in the rents and arrears of tenants in Skye.

The blast furnace men in England have decided to support their Scotch brethren who are striking for an increase in the wages paid for Sunday work.

At the meeting of the Primrose League in Somerset Mr. Ashmead Bartlett said that offensive as the Parnellites were he preferred them to the Scotch Radicals.

The failure of another small cotton firm was announced on the Liverpool Cotton Exchange to-day.

Canadian Crops.

TORONTO, Ontario, Aug. 30.—The Manitoba and Northwest harvest is now probably beyond the reach of accident. The yield of grain and roots is such as was never surpassed and seldom equaled in any country. Four days ago the reaper commenced and miles of grain were falling in bound sheaves from the reaper and binder. The crop is light in the United States and elsewhere. Sixteen million dollars will come into Manitoba and the Northwest for wheat alone. How much Canada will get for oats and potatoes cannot be calculated, but they will get a good round sum.

Le Progress du Saguenay of Montreal confirms the previous report of the failure of the crops in that district, and says that never have the prospects been so discouraging as now. The failure of the crops is to be attributed to dry weather and frosts. It says that many families are preparing to emigrate to the United States to obtain employment in the cotton factories as they are unable to obtain enough to live on. The journal believes it to be the imperative duty of both Governments to do something to prevent the exodus.

Foreign News in Brief.

The Comte de Paris will spend a week at Stowe shooting before starting for America.

Official advices from Vancouver Island are to the effect that no sealers whatever have been seized or interfered with by the United States revenue cutters and that American reports to the contrary are unfounded.

Fifty soldiers attached to the garrison at Glogau, Prussian Silesia, are suffering from influenza.

The premium on gold at Buenos Ayres closed to-day at 141½.

THEY WERE READY FOR HIM.

Bold Attempt to Rob a Paymaster Near Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, O., Aug. 30.—About 10 o'clock this morning when the train on the Big Four Road stopped at Addyston, where the extensive ironworks of the Addyston Co. are located, a few miles from Cincinnati, the paymaster of the company alighted carrying a satchel with the money for the payment of the men. Its value is variously estimated at from $11,000 to $20,000. Along with him was the Superintendent of the works and an assistant. Hardly had they started toward the works when a desperado appeared with a drawn revolver and bandit-like demanded the money. Mr. Burns, the paymaster, and his companions were luckily not without the means of defense and for answer they quickly drew their weapons. The robber discharged his weapon and instantly started to run, spurred on by the rapidly discharging revolvers in his rear. He succeeded in getting away, though it was thought he carried a wound with him. The melee so confused the engineer that he started his engine ahead and soon crashed into some freight cars on the siding, damaging both the cars and the engine. The thief has not yet been caught.

September 10 the Day. Want advertisers should not forget that the last of the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH "want" advertisers' excursions is at hand. Advertise your wants to-morrow and get a ticket free.

Music at Tower Grove.

Vogel's Military Band will give a concert at Tower Grove Park to-morrow afternoon at 3:30. Following is the programme:

"Le Pere de la Victoire," march.....Ganne
"Crown Diamonds," overture.....Auber
"Kuenstler Leben," walzer.....Strauss
"Le Barbier de Seville," selection.....Rossini
"Little Grace," schottische.....Casey
"Ezar and Carpenter,".....Lortzing
"Tannhauser,".....Wagner
Overture, "Martha,".....Flotow
"Souvenir de Warschau," mazurka.....Rudolph
"Ernani," selection.....Verdi
Medley, "Squatter Sovereignty,".....Braham
"Sleigh Ride," galop.....Zickel

Miss Alice Raymond Arrives.

Miss Raymond, the cornet virtuoso, who is to appear at the Exposition with Prof. Buffano's band, arrived in the city this morning, accompanied by her mother. She attended the morning rehearsal, and says she is confident that she will do well. She expressed a liking for St. Louis and says she is very glad that she came here.

Sold Liquor at Whitewater.

Eli Welty of Whitewater, Mo., has been selling whisky without having paid the Government the special tax fixed by law. He was discovered violating the law, and this morning was taken before United States Commissioner Crawford who held him for the District Court.

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

CLAIMS AGAINST THE GOVERNMENT ARISING UNDER THE EIGHT-HOUR LAW.

Bills for Their Adjustment Discussed in the House—Acts Signed by the President—Reciprocity Favored—Edmunds' Resolution—The Harrison Party—Tariff Debate in the Senate—Washington News.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 30.—The House this morning devoted an hour to debate on the bill for the adjustment of the accounts of laborers, workmen and mechanics arising under the eight hour law. The measure was earnestly advocated by Caruth of Kentucky, Dingley of Maine, Covert of New York, Morrill of Kansas, Flower of New York, Wade of Missouri, Reilly of Pennsylvania, Osborne of Pennsylvania and Farquhar of New York.

Mr. Chipman of Michigan characterized the bill as a makeshift, a "good-enough" Morgan until after the election. It meant nothing, it would do nothing, and in his opinion it was intended to do nothing. Instead of sending the claims to the Court of Claims, Congress should send them to the various departments for computation, and then Congress should make the necessary appropriations. He would vote for the bill because the laboring men seemed to desire it, but he thought that they should have asked for a stronger measure.

Mr. Brewer of Michigan took substantially the same view. He asserted that the men who had worked in the navy yards had entered into a contract with the Government to work ten hours and had been paid for ten hours' works. To say that they took the work under protest and that they ought to be repaid for the extra two hours was too ridiculous an argument to be presented in this body. Too true was it that the great body of the people to-day had seemingly come to the conclusion that the government in some way has a duty to perform in supporting the people, instead of the people supporting the government. They seemed to think that there was in this capital city a fountain of wealth which poured forth greenbacks, gold and silver in untold quantities and that it was the duty of Congress to so legislate that this money should be divided among the people and this was the reason that they were asking for special legislation.

Pacific Railways Funding Bill.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 30.—A minority report on the joint Pacific Railroads funding bill was submitted to the House to-day by Representative Dalzell of Pennsylvania, the chairman of the Pacific Railroads Committee. The bill covers the Central Pacific and Union Pacific roads. The report, which is signed by five members, says that while the minority agree in their opposition to the proposed measure, their agreement is based on different reasons, and it has been deemed advisable therefore to refrain from individual views and to join in a report which shall simply express the common dissent of all to the majority bill.

Continuing, the report says that some members of the minority are clearly of the opinion that legislation looking to the refunding of the Pacific Railroad debt to the Government is premature at this time, and that changes that may occur in the financial situation between the present time and 1897—when the debt will mature—may prove any action taken at this time to have been unwise. Funding acts can as well be passed, says the report, years hereafter when the real relations between the Government and its debtors can be intelligently grasped. The opinion prevails with some members of the minority, it is stated, that the history of Pacific Railroad construction and management is such as to render it improper that the Government should enter into composition with the railroad companies. The minority are unanimous in the opinion that the railroad companies are not justified in asking any arrangement upon business principles, except upon the basis that they shall secure the uttermost farthing of their debt. They are not satisfied that the true condition of the railroad companies has been frankly and honestly presented to them and are clearly of opinion, they state, that the majority bill does not secure to the United States all ought to have or that the companies are able to pay. All agree, says the report, that as a plain business proposition, the bill reported gives an unjust advantage to the debtors and fails to do justice to the government, and for that reason they feel themselves compelled to oppose its passage.

Signed by the President.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 30.—The President has signed the meat inspection bill and the agricultural college bill.

The following bills have also been approved:

An act for the relief of settlers on railroad lands.

An act making appropriation for additional clerical force to carry out the provisions of the Dependent Pension laws.

To move the charge of desertion against the record of Noyes Barber, on the rolls of the Navy Department.

An act to change the time of the sessions of the Circuit and District Courts for the Western District of Missouri.

An act to authorize foot and carriage or railroad bridges across the Mississippi River near St. Paul.

An act to authorize the construction of a bridge across the Columbia River, Oregon, and the sundry civil appropriation bill.

Edmunds' Recess Resolution.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 30.—Senator Edmunds' resolution calling for a recess of Congress instead of an extra session has aroused considerable interest, and is supposed by Democrats to be an evidence of Republican bad faith. Quay and Gorman agreed that the election bill was not to be considered at this session. Now the Republicans want a recess; the adjourned session will be considered a new session, and the election bill will be taken up in violation of the agreement. The House Republicans favor the resolution.

Indorsing Reciprocity.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 30.—The Department of State has received a copy of the following resolution, which was passed by the Detroit Board of Trade on the 26th of August:

Resolved, That the proposition of the Hon. James G. Blaine to secure free markets for our peculiar products in the sugar-growing nations of the world in exchange for the removal of the duty on sugar by the United States is wise and patriotic and should be adopted by Congress in the interest of the agriculturists and manufacturers of this country.

Importers' Claims Disallowed.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 30.—In a letter to the Collector of Customs at New Orleans, the Treasury Department has disallowed the claim of certain importers on jute bagging. The bagging was injured by rain while deposited outside the warehouse. The importers were notified of this fact, but did not remove the bagging, and the Department has disallowed the claim on the ground that it cannot properly be termed a "casualty."

Anti-Lottery Legislation.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 30.—The Committee on Post-office and Post-roads has consented to hear arguments on the question of excluding from the mails newspapers which contain lottery advertisements. Ex-Congressman Beriah Wilkins of Ohio, one of the owners of the Washington *Post*, will speak against it.

The Harrison Family.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Aug. 30.—A special from Cresson Springs, Pa., says: The Harrison party evidently enjoyed a good night's rest in the bracing mountain air, for it was 10 o'clock before any stir was noticeable at the Park Cottage. Mr. and Mrs. Geo. W. Boyd breakfasted with the party. The day is bright, clear and pleasant and a drive to some of the many places of attraction upon the mountain is on the programme for this afternoon. Dozens of guests are arriving by every train and the house will soon again be crowded as it was in the heated summer months.

Nominations Sent to the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—The President this afternoon sent the Senate the following nominations: To be United States Consuls, J. F. Healy of Minnesota, at Funchal; J. B. Richardson of Kansas, at Matamoras; J. J. Peterson of West Virginia, at Tegucigalpa; Wm. A. Judson to be Postmaster at Chelsea, Mich.

The Senate.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 30.—Mr. Morgan presented resolutions of a colored mass-meeting in Birmingham, Ala., against the passage of the Federal election bill.

Mr. McMillan asked to have the House resolution taken up and passed, granting fifteen days' leave annually to clerks and employes in first and second-class post-offices, but Mr. Edmunds objected on the ground that its consideration would occupy time. The bill, he said, involved a good deal of money, as the leave of absence provided for would probably necessitate the employment of extra hands.

The following bills were taken from the calendar and passed:

The Senate bill appropriating $50,000 for a site and public building at Sheboygan, Wis.

The House bill as to the construction of a railroad bridge across the Little Tennessee River at Niles Ferry, Tenn.

The tariff bill was then taken up, the pending question being on Mr. Carlisle's motion to strike out the wool paragraphs (357 to 369) so as to place wool on the free list.

Mr. Aldrich gave notice that on Monday he would move on that day, Tuesday and Wednesday the Senate should take a recess from 5:30 to 8.

Mr. Daniel addressed the Senate in support of the amendment.

Facts demonstrated, he said, that the high tariff on wool and woolens had been a complete failure. If that high tariff had been designed to stimulate the American manufacture of woolens it had failed. If the design had been to increase the number of American sheep, the cultivation of flocks and the wool clip it had failed. If the design had been to decrease the price of wool it had succeeded. The high duty had not checked the importation of foreign wools because these were necessary for the utilization of American wools.

Mr. Hawley replied to some of Mr. Daniel's allusions to the decay in connection with agriculture and reminded him that the tendency of population toward towns and cities was common in all States and Unions. The effects of that tendency were modified by keeping up manufactures, without which the population of Connecticut would be reduced. He was convinced that there were more landholders in Connecticut now than there used to be. The land was increasing in value and the population of the State had grown since the census of 1880 by 118,000. The money in savings banks (a fair indication) was growing year by year.

Mr. Daniel explained that he had only alluded to the decay of farming interests in Connecticut to rebut the argument that high tariffs created home markets for the farmer.

Mr. Dawes refered to what he called the "logical inconsistency of the Senator from Virginia," who said that the high tariff on wool of 1867 had had the effect of depreciating the wool growth of the United States, both in quantity and value. But after that there was not a wool grower in the country that asked to have that policy abandoned or who did not know that its abandonment would be ruinous.

Mr. Daniel asked Mr. Dawes why hides were not protected in the bill as well as wool.

Mr. Dawes declined to be diverted from his position by such an interrogatory. [Laughter on the Democratic side.] He wanted an answer to his own question, how it was that the wool-grower wanted to maintain a tariff, the effect of which was to reduce the price of his wool, and that the wool manufacturer wanted to abandon a tariff, the effect of which was to reduce the cost of his raw material. Either they were both fools or the Senator from Virginia was led astray by assorted statistics.

Mr. Aldrich appealed to Senators on both sides to let the vote be taken without further debate, and said if better progress were not made some of the most important questions presented in the bill could not be discussed at all.

Mr. Vance, who had taken the floor to speak, yielded his right in deference to Mr. Aldrich's appeal.

The vote was taken and Mr. Carlisle's motion to strike out all the wool paragraphs was rejected—yeas, 17; nays, 27—a strict party vote, although Mr. Payne, if present, would have, Mr. Sherman said, voted in the negative.

No amendment was offered to paragraphs 370, 371 or 372. The Finance Committee reported an amendment to paragraph 373, relating to woolen and worsted yarns worth less than 30 cents a pound, by increasing the rate per pound from twice to two and one-half times the duty per pound on unwashed wool of the first class.

"Namgay Doola." A complete and most interesting story on Heredity, by Rudyard Kipling. Illustrated in to-morrow's SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

FELL FROM A BALLOON.

The Terrible Fate of a Young Man at Woodfield, O.—Casualties.

WOODFIELD, O., Aug. 30—Yesterday was the last day of the fair here and more than 10,000 people assembled to see the final races and a balloon ascension by Prof. Carter, the well known æronaut. The balloon was a simple hot air affair and was kept in its position over the furnace by ropes held by the bystanders. When it had been inflated and all was ready Carter gave the word to let go. The balloon shot upward and the thousands of spectators were horrified to see dangling at the end of a small line Milton Redin, one of the most prominent young men of the county and an officer of the fair association. Hundreds of persons shouted for him to drop, but Redin was either entangled or had lost his head, and he clutched frantically at the rope, attempting to climb up the slender line into the basket. A number of women in the dense crowd fainted and all the spectators grew sick with horror as the balloon sailed upward and began moving southward. Carter could be seen making desperate efforts to draw Redin up the rope on which he swung to and fro. For fully ten minutes their efforts continued and then, at a height of over one thousand feet, the balloon took a sudden lurch. Redin's hold was loosened and his body shot downward. It was found half a mile away. The clothing was torn off, all his bones broken and the body crushed out of all human semblance. Redin's brothers and sisters were in the throng and saw his terrible fall.

Adrift Without Food or Water.

GLOUCESTER, Mass., Aug. 30.—Daniel Doran and Charles Potter, two of the crew of the schooner Lizzie Griffin, arrived home from St. Pierre, Miquelon, yesterday, having been forwarded from that port by the American Consul. They strayed in a dory from their vessel on the banks in a fog August 17, and were adrift without food and water for five days and four nights, during which they rowed 300 miles. They arrived in St. Pierre two weeks ago and were kindly cared for.

A Lineman's Horrible Death.

CINCINNATI, O., Aug. 30.—Thos. Dew, aged 22, a lineman of the Brush Co., met a horrible death at 11 o'clock this morning at 35 East Third street. He was standing on an iron fire escape and was about to run a loop into the second story window. He caught a live electric light wire and instantly fell back dead on the fire escape. His right hand was nearly burned off. Assistance came promptly, but of course too late to do more than remove his dead body.

Jumped the Track.

SHAWNEE, O., Aug. 30.—A work train on the Columbus, Shawnee & Hocking Valley Railroad, jumped the track while running down grade half a mile east of here this morning. The engine turned over, killing Engineer Ed Hill and Fireman John Scanlan. The latter leaves a widow and child. Hill's home was at New Concord, O. A brakeman was severely injured.

TIES PUT ON THE TRACK.

OBSTRUCTIONS FOUND ON THE CENTRAL ROAD NEAR ALBANY.

The Strikers Declare That the Work Was Done by the Pinkertons—An Exaggerated Account Sent Out—Battle of the Brotherhoods on the Southern Pacific—How It May End—Labor News.

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 30.—A dastardly attempt to wreck passenger trains was made at 2 o'clock this morning near Karners, about seven miles west of this city. By almost a miracle, the Chicago express, heavily laden with passengers and going at lightning speed, was brought to a standstill within twenty feet of a pile of heavy ties and railroad iron placed across the track. The tracks at this point are supposed to be guarded by Pinkerton men, but somehow the train wreckers passed the guard and laid the trap behind the shelter of one of the numerous freight trains stalled at that point. The attempt was made in a most systematic way for both the switchman and a Pinkerton guard were locked up in their houses. At about five minutes of the time the train is due the switchman started to leave the shanty but found himself a prisoner. While trying to get out he heard the thunder of the approaching train. Suspecting danger he cried for help and then burst the door down. As he got out the train came down at a terrific speed, and then for the first time the switchman saw the pile of ties on the track. He had no time to get his lantern but, with the Pinkerton men who had gathered, got on the track and yelled. The engineer saw them and putting on his air brakes reversed his lever and brought the train to a standstill. Very few of the 200 passengers were made aware of the danger.

An attempt was made and successfully, to wreck a train at Greenbush last night. A coupling pin was dropped in between the tracks of a switch and a freight train was derailed. Traffic was delayed for five hours.

At the Delaware & Hudson yard this morning detectives found a coupling pin placed on a track so as to threw a train off. The strikers claim that these acts are done by outside parties.

LATER—According to the Central road authorities the account of the attempted wreck at Karners has been exaggerated. They say that the few ties on the track were placed so as to scare the engineer and not to wreck the train. The engine knocked them off.

Master Workman Edward Rogers was asked for his version of the attempt to wreck the train. He said: "The strikers had nothing to do with it, for they could not have passed the Pinkerton guards. It was done by the Pinkerton men themselves, so as to keep the road in a state of worriment and make them believe that the Pinkerton guard is necessary. No strikers would be out at such an hour in the morning and you will notice that the ties were carefully placed so as not to wreck the train."

Battle of the Brotherhoods.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Aug. 30.—The contest between the Southern Pacific Railway and those of its engineers who are members of the brotherhood has assumed a new phase. It is now strictly a dispute between the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers and the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen. It came about in this way: The man Ritchie, who was appointed engineer of a passenger train and to whose appointment the Brotherhood of Engineers so strenuously objected, was a fireman and a member of the organization. The engineers demanded that he be removed and a member of their brotherhood be put in his place. This the road refused to do. The engineers have sent on a committee to San Francisco to confer with the Brotherhood of the coast and if their stand is indorsed and the road refuses to come to time they will strike and stop every train between New Orleans and San Francisco. Now the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen has taken a hand and propose to stand by Ritchie. It, too, will send on a committee to San Francisco to confer with Western members of the order. If their indorsement of Ritchie is sustained they will defy the engineers to tie up the road.

Brick-Handlers Go to Work.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—The brick-handlers returned to the work of unloading association brick at the usual price of 40 cents a thousand this morning. Three barges were unloaded at the foot of Thirtieth street, containing 1,500,000 bricks. It was said at the office of Peck, Martin & Co. that this was association brick. They are filling their contracts. They said that they delivered 1,000,000 bricks. Dealers seem to think that there will be no brick famine. There seems to be little danger now that the men will be forced out of work.

CHURCH CHAT.

Y. M. C. A. News and General Religious News of Interest.

At the down town Central Church, corner Eleventh and Locust streets, the pastor, Rev. Wm. Johnson, will preach Sunday morning and evening. The regular monthly communion will be held in the morning at 11 o'clock. The evening gospel meeting will be preceded by the young people's prayer meeting, led by Mr. King. The Christian Endeavor meeting Tuesday evening will be led by Mr. E. H. Spooner.

The Rev. M. G. Gorin, pastor of the North Presbyterian Church, has returned from his vacation and will occupy his pulpit next Sunday at the usual hours.

Rev. E. M. C. Botterill will preach at the Washington Avenue Presbyterian Church tomorrow at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Vicar-General Brady will bless the new St. Columbkill School, Carondelet, to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock. A number of the clergy of the city will be in attendance.

By special request the Rev. Dr. Ingraham will hold services at Ferguson on Sunday afternoon next.

The published statement that Dr. Ingraham will hold services at Jennings Station on the morning of the first Sunday of each month is an error.

The Carondelet M. E. Church will hold the regular services to-morrow in the new church, corner of Blow and Virginia avenues.

Mr. J. T. Lacey will lead the young men's meeting at the Young Men's Christian Association, Pine and Twenty-ninth, this evening at 8 o'clock. Subject, "Imaginary Obstacles."

Rev. E. M. C. Botterill will deliver the last of the series of addresses on "That Boy" at the Y. M. C. A., Twenty-ninth and Pine, Sunday afternoon at 4:30. The subject of this address will be, "That Boy at Home."

Mr. W. K. Shimmel will teach the Bible class at the Y. M. C. A. Sunday afternoon at 3:30.

There will be a service of song at the Union Depot Branch of the Y. M. C. A., 126 South Fourteenth street, at 4 o'clock Sunday afternoon, U. T. Walker, organist. Railroad men and their friends are cordially invited.

St. Michael's Sodality Outing.

All arrangements are complete for the second excursion of St. Michael's Young Men's Sodality, the Philomathian Society and Branch No. 81, C. K. of A., to be given tomorrow afternoon on the steamer Oliver Beirne, to the mouth of the Illinois River and return. The Catholic Knights will board the boat at the foot of Locust street at 1:30 o'clock, and at 2 o'clock the Young Men's Sodality and Philomathian Society will meet them at the foot of North Market street. At Alton the C. K. of A. members will be given welcome by members of the order there. The various committees have been untiring in their efforts to prepare a pleasing programme, and the affair promises to be the most pleasant of the season.

Our Amateur Artists. St. Louis young ladies who are skillful with the brush and crayon, illustrated in to-morrow's SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

DEMOCRATS IN COUNCIL.

THE STATE COMMITTEE HOLDING AN IMPORTANT MEETING TO-DAY.

The Missouri Bar Associations Request To Have Both State Committees Support the Proposed Constitutional Amendment—The Thirteenth Ward Republican Row—Colored Republicans Dissatisfied—Political Matters.

The meeting of the State Democratic Committee to-day is attracting much attention from the State politicians. It was called to order shortly before 11 o'clock this morning in the committee rooms in the Temple building by Vice-Chairman Carroll of Unionville. Chairman Moffitt was detained elsewhere, and after waiting half an hour over the time set for the meeting, Mr. Carroll decided to get the organization down to business. All the members were on hand excepting Mayor Noonan, who represents the Eighth District, and Chairman Maffitt of the Ninth District. The Mayor was represented by Charles Higgins of the Eighteenth Ward. J. H. Carroll was on hand for the First District; J. H. Finks of Salisbury, Second District; J. B. Thomas, Albany, Third District; T. F. Ryan, St. Joseph, Fourth District; Senator A. M. Allen, Kansas City, Fifth District; J. D. Folson, Fayette, Sixth District; George T. Dunn, Troy, Seventh District; J. A. Brown, Eureka, Tenth District; B. P. Bailey, Fulton, Eleventh District; W. H. Phelps, Carthage, Twelfth District; T. J. Delaney, Springfield, Thirteenth District, and D. J. Allen, Piedmont, Fourteenth District.

"Farmer" Hickman, the Democratic nominee for Railroad Commissioner, was one of the first to put in an appearance at the committee rooms. When asked what he thought of the Republican ticket, he said he considered it an easy one to defeat. "I think," he said, "that I will have much difficulty running against Mr. Merrifield, who received the nomination for Railroad Commissioner at the hands of the Republican Convention. The fact that he is now and has been for years connected with a railroad company will I think greatly strengthen my chances among the farmers in all section of the State. Our nominees for the other offices are much stronger than the Republicans named for the same places."

DISCUSSED THE "OTHER" TICKET.

The members of the State Committee spent some time discussing the Republican ticket before the meeting was opened. The committeemen from the northern districts of the State spoke well of Judge Mullins, the Republican choice for supreme Judge, but at the same time said that Judge Gantt would defeat him by a big majority. As soon as Vice-Chairman Carroll called the meeting to order Secretary Frank Estes of the Missouri Bar Association appeared for the committee to make an argument in favor of the proposed amendment to the State Constitution increasing the number of Supreme Court judges from five to seven. The docket of the Supreme Court was clogged to such an extent, he argued, that it became absolutely necessary to increase the number of judges to handle the cases appealed to that tribunal. He asked that the State committee give its hearty support to the amendment.

The committee agreed with Mr. Estes and campaign orators will keep the amendment in mind during the canvass. It is the intention of the Bar Association to make the same request of the State Republican Committee.

When Mr. Estes concluded his address the committee went into executive session.

CAMPAIGN ARRANGEMENTS.

The committee remained in session until 1 o'clock and then took a recess to 2:30. The greater part of the session was given over to the hearing of reports from the various districts. These were generally of an encouraging character; names of a number of speakers were reported by the Executive Committee and assignments recommended for them. No time was fixed for the opening of the campaign, the committee letting that go over to the afternoon session. The campaign will, however, be opened in a very few days.

Treasurer Brown reported that the campaign contributions were coming in satisfactorily and that there was no danger of a scarcity of funds to defray the expenses of the canvass.

When the committee resumed the meeting later in the afternoon Sam Byrnes, the Congressional nominee in the Tenth District was called in and asked to make his own arrangements for speakers in that district. This was done because he is thoroughly familiar with the counties and city wards in the district, having canvassed them in nearly every campaign during the past fifteen years.

After Wade's Congressional Seat.

The Democrats in the Thirteenth Congressional District are preparing to make the political effort of their lives to defeat Farmer Wade at the approaching election. Reports from the counties comprising that district show that the delegates are being selected uninstructed and unpledged, giving them to pick from the field. The names most prominently mentioned are those of Col. John Phelps, ex-Department Commander of the Missouri G. A. R. Judge Fyan, who represented the district years ago in Congress, and Luke Kelly, a prominent Democrat and Grand Army man of Neosha. Democrats from the Thirteenth District, say that any one of the three mentioned can defeat Wade.

State Committeeman T. J. Delaney, of the Thirteenth District, who is in the city attending the committee meeting, said this morning that the Democracy of the district was never organized better or with more determination to win. He said the outlook was never more promising than it is at present.

Colored Republicans Dissatisfied.

The colored Republican leaders profess to be very indignant at the action of the State Republican Convention in refusing to indorse the Lodge Federal Election bill. This morning P. H. Murray, editor of the *Advance*, said it looked as though the Republican party wanted to use the negro for all it could get out of him and then drop him until he was needed again. "The convention gave us nothing that we asked for," he said, "though it pandered to every other element and interest of the party. We wanted Temple of St. Louis for Committeeman-at-Large and they gave us Pelham of Hannibal, who is a school teacher and cannot find the time to get out and obtain something for the colored people. Every time we make a demand for anything we are met with the cry, 'Didn't we fight for your Emancipation!' That's what we heard in Jefferson City from the opponents of our resolution. That cry is getting monotonous to the colored Republican voters and the party leaders ought to know it by this time."

Thirteenth Ward Republican Fight.

Notwithstanding the fact that there has been seven delegates and alternates elected to represent the Thirteenth Ward in the Tenth Congressional Convention, which convenes at De Soto on Tuesday, September 2, there will be a mass meeting of Republicans to-night at 7 o'clock, which will be held at Lafayette Hall, for the purpose to select delegates to represent the ward at the convention. From what can be learned the meeting to-night will ignore the meeting that was conducted at St. Boniface Hall last Thursday evening in which delegates were elected. The Young Men's Progressive Republican Club, whose aim in the political field is to secure the younger people a "show," have succeeded in obtaining a number of signatures to call a mass meeting for the above stated reasons. The meeting will no doubt be largely attended as there are quite a number of people bitterly opposed to the action taken by a few of the Republicans in calling Thursday evening's meeting.

Burks Is Sanguine.

Chief Grain Inspector Jasper N. Burks, who has been nominated by the Democrats of the Twenty-sixth Senatorial District for State Senator, came up last evening from that district where he has been compaigning since his nomination. The district comprises St. Francois, Ste. Genevieve, Perry, Bollinger, Cape Girardeau counties. The Democratic majority in the five counties is about one thousand, but owing to the feeling occasioned by the race between Burks and Noel for the nomination many Democrats fear it will fall off considerably. The Noel men left the convention disgusted with the defeat of their candidate, and some of them, it is claimed, made threats to bolt the ticket.

Mr. Burks said this morning that he had left everything in good order in the district. "Whatever feeling was engendered by the contest for the nomination," he said, "has disappeared and the Democrats will work unitedly for all the nominees."

Will Run for State Senator.

George Mann, the architent of the new City Hall, has been up in St. Joseph making a canvass for the Republican nomination for State Senator from that district, and has been assured by Maj. Shepard, Maj. Bittinger and other leaders that he will succeed. Mr. Mann, though temporarily residing in St. Louis, is quite a factor in Northwest Missouri politics and was a delegate from Buchanan County to the State Republican Convention. He will, if nominated, make the race against Editor Cochrane of the St. Joseph *Gazette*. The district is close, but Cochrane's friends say that he will have a comparatively easy time defeating Architect Mann if he does receive the nomination.

Political Notes.

The Twentieth Ward Hendricks Club will meet this evening at 2836 Market street.

Congressman W. H. Hatch of the First Missouri District is in the city on his way to his district. He has been renominated and seems confident that he will have no difficulty securing his return.

The Democrats of Cheltenham, Clifton Heights, Howard and Benton stations, of Precinct 147 of the Twenty-seventh Ward, will meet to-night at Odd Fellows' Hall, next to the Gratiot School, for the purpose of organizing the precinct.

POLITICAL EVENTS.

Pastor Lockwood's Troubles.

CINCINNATI, O., Aug. 30.—The First Baptist Church of this city has become involved in a disagreement concerning their pastor, the Rev. C. M. Lockwood, who was recently nominated for Secretary of State by the Prohibition porty. At a called meeting of the Advisory Board August 13, during Mr. Lockwood's absence, resolutions were adopted requesting him to resign. Upon his return this week a church meeting was held at which a vote was taken against his resignation, and declaring the meeting of Advisory Board illegal and its proceedings void. There is a denial by those opposing Mr. Lockwood that their opposition is caused by his candidacy on the Prohibition ticket.

In the Twelfth Ohio District.

GALLIPOLIS, O., Aug. 30.—At the convention of the Twelfth Republican Congressional Convention, held yesterday, Gen. W. H. Enochs was nominated for Congress on the 447th ballot. Grovenor withdrew just before the last ballot in favor of Capt. Thompson. The ballot was taken and Grosvenor was nominated, but having withdrawn another ballot was ordered. Thompson was nominated this time, but before the vote was announced he begged his friends to preserve his honor as he had given his word to unite with Enochs. The votes were changed and Enochs was nominated.

Platform of Washington Democrats.

SEATTLE, Wash., Aug. 30.—The platform adopted by the Democratic State Convention yesterday indorses the National platform of the Democratic party, favors the reduction of taxes to absolute needs of the Government. The platform denounces the Federal election bill and the policy of Speaker Reed in the House of Representatives; demands free coinage of silver, and that all the Government officers be elected by the direct vote of the people; also approves the employment of Pinkerton men to maintain order.

The Ballot in Mississippi.

JACKSON, Miss., Aug. 30.—The Australian ballot system was practically adopted here yesterday by the Committee on Elective Franchise. The law requires a residence of two years in the State and one in the voting precinct, the prepayment of poll tax of $2, and qualified woman suffrage based on the possession by her or her husband of $200 of real estate. The Committee on Convict Labor reported a provision stopping the leasing or hiring of convict labor after January 1, 1895.

To Defeat Gov. Hoard.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Aug. 30.—Eleven men, calling themselves the "Anti-Bennett State Central Committee," after a session lasting from 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon until 10 o'clock last night, resolved to defeat Gov. Hoard because he maintains it is the right of every child to learn the English language. The committee includes a few prominent Lutherans and a number of Democratic politicians.

The Longest Pontoon Bridge in the World Has been completed at St. Charles, Mo., crossing the Missouri River. The Wabash Railroad will run an excursion from St. Louis to St. Charles to-morrow, August 31, leaving St. Louis Union Depot at 8:30 a. m., arriving at St. Charles at 9:27 a. m. Returning train will leave St. Charles at 5:15 p. m., arriving at St. Louis at 6:15 p. m. Fare 70 cents for the round trip.

CITY HALL FENCE DEFACERS.

The Police Still Looking for Them—Mr. Cottrill Vindicated From Any Suspicion.

The police have been looking for the rascals who, on Thursday night, defaced the fence around the new City Hall by squirting lampblack on the signs, but they have not yet found any trace of them nor have they any idea who they are. The reference in yesterday's paper to "a disappointed rival" was not intended as any reflection on the only billposter in St. Louis, Mr. Cottrill. Not only is there not the slightest ground for supposing that Mr. Cottrill had any connection, directly or indirectly with the affair, but his self interest, as well as his professional standing, are sufficient to vindicate him from any suspicion.

Important Change of Time on the "Alton" Road.

On and after Sunday, August 31, the "Chicago Vestibuled Limited" on the Chicago & Alton Railroad will leave St. Louis, Union Depot, at 8:20 p. m. instead of 7:55 p. m., and the "Kansas City Vestibuled Limited" will leave at 8:40 p. m. instead of 8:20 p. m., as heretofore. There is, however, no change in the fact that these are the only Pullman vestibuled trains running between St. Louis and Chicago and St. Louis and Kansas City.

Ticket offices, 117 North Fourth street, corner Pine, and Union Depot.

HELD FOR ROBBERY.

Wash Jones and John White Arrested for Holding Up Thomas Dooley.

At 5:40 o'clock this morning Officer Thomas O'Brien of the Central District arrested Wash Jones. An hour later Officer Fuqua took in John White. Both men are now held for robbery in the first degree. Last night Thomas Dooley, a clerk in the store at Second and Locust streets, was held up by four negroes at Levee and Christy avenue and robbed of 45 cents. He resisted and was knocked down and beaten. When sent to the City Hospital he was found to have two severe scalp wounds on the top of his head. His face and body were badly bruised. He positively identifies both Jones and White as having participated in the robbery and will swear out warrants against them this afternoon. The prisoners are roustabouts by occupation and board at No. 8 North Levee.

Taylor's Sure Cure, cures Biliousness.

A Retired Merchant Suicides.

CINCINNATI, O., Aug. 30.—James H. McWilliams, aged 55, unmarried, a retired merchant living on Price Hill, shot himself this morning in the water closet where his brother, with whom he lived, found him dead. Ill health and grief at the loss of relatives are supposed to have led to the act.

A PECULIAR DISEASE.

SOUTHERN KANSAS CATTLE SUFFERING FROM AN UNKNOWN AILMENT.

Disagreement Among Veterinarians As to Its Nature—Strict Quarantine Regulations Adopted—How the Disease Is Supposed to Spread—The Indian Territory Cattle Believed to Be Responsible.

THE authorities of Kansas are feeling great anxiety on account of a disease that has recently made itself manifest in the southern part of the State, and which has proved to be terribly destructive," said A. R. Hughes of Abilene, Kan., who is stopping at the Lindell. "The disease has appeared within the last four weeks; at least it had not assumed any serious form before that time, although there were numerous reports that something was wrong. Such reports, however, are constantly arising, and little was thought of them until a very short time ago.

A PECULIAR AILMENT.

"During the first part of the month a number of cattle died in the northern section of the State, but as the ranges were overcrowded, owing to an influx of cattle from the Indian Territory that had been sent across the line in obedience to orders of the Interior Department, and as the drouth had greatly curtailed the supply of water, the losses were ascribed to these facts. Within the past ten days, however, the number of deaths has increased very greatly and hundreds of cattle that have had plenty of feed and water are effected, so that there is no longer any doubt that some distemper is among them. At Newton deaths to the extent of over 3,000 have been reported, and more than six thousand cattle are more or less affected, most of them seriously. Just what the disease is or how it is contracted are subjects on which there is much difference of opinion. Some veterinarians pronounce the disease to be a form of Texas fever; others consider it murrain of a peculiar kind, such as has not been known on our Western ranges, dry murrain, I believe, they call it. It is more immediately fatal than ordinary Texas fever, but from all that I can learn bears a very close resemblance to that disease, although it spreads more rapidly.

A PUZZLING QUESTION.

"How it is communicated is a mooted point. It is reasonably certain that herds can be infected that have had no communication with cattle from outside of the State, as the disease has appeared in pastures that are entirely under fence, and into which no cattle have been introduced for a year past. This fact very seriously complicates the situation, and has led to an exceedingly strict quarantine being enforced against cattle from a number of southern counties, irrespective of whether they have been exposed to contagion or not. Many are inclined to the belief that the germs of the disease are carried by the streams, and that isolation does no good. It is a well-known fact that cattle develop Texas fever, and especially big-jaw, if allowed to graze over ranges previously occupied by stock afflicted by these diseases, but there have heretofore been no well authenticated cases of distempers being spread by running water. The trouble is believed to have originated with the Indian Territory cattle.

QUARANTINE REGULATIONS.

"There are, as far as we can learn, no symptoms of disease in the Cherokee strip, but that proves nothing, as it is a well-known fact that cattle on a drive will develop ailments to which they would never have been subjected if they had stayed on their ranges. The fatigue and lack of food and water to which the cattle were subjected on the drive to the Kansas line were admirably calculated to bring about disease, and those who have studied most closely the distemper trace it to the imported stock. A severe quarantine will be enacted against Indian Territory stock, and the Kansas men will permit none of their cattle that are suspicious to leave the State, as by so doing they would injure the reputation of all Kansas stock. The feeling, we may state, is strongly in favor of allowing Indian Territory men to delay their departure from the Cherokee strip until winter."

"Namgay Doola." A complete and most interesting story on Heredity, by Rudyard Kipling. Illustrated in to-morrow's SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

FOR ROBBING DELEGATE LEHMAN.

Thomas Walsh Arrested After Enjoying Liberty for Some Time.

Delegate Julius Lehman swore out a warrant at the Four Courts this morning charging Thomas Walsh with robbery in the first degree. Walsh was arrested yesterday evening by Detectives Lawler and Desmond, who picked him up on the streets. On the night of April 5 Mr. Lehman was on his way home. At the corner of Grand avenue and North Market he was held up by two highwaymen, one of whom pointed a pistol at his head while the other took from him a gold watch of the value of $300. The two escaped at the time. The next morning, however, Detective McGrath arrested Henry Schultz on suspicion and made such a strong circumstantial case against him that the prisoner was only too glad to turn up the stolen watch and take a compromise sentence of six months in the Work-house for the job. His evidence implicated Walsh in the robbery. Walsh could not be found, having left the city. A few days ago he returned, however, only to be picked up last night.

Charged Above the Legal Rate.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—When the Westchester race track was opened a year ago the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Co. had a monopoly of the passenger traffic and charged 50 cents for round trip tickets, an excess of 14 cents over the legal rate. Several persons brought suit against the company, and in each case received $50 and costs. This fact stimulated a lawyer named Henry Wehle to look up persons who could make an affidavit to the fact that they had paid 50 cents each for tickets. He has sought for persons who had been thus overcharged at all the race tracks in this vicinity and in the hotels, cafes, horse cars and elevated railroads. He has been very successful and says that he has filed 500 complaints against the company.

Ranges Swept by Fire.

DICKINSON, N. D., Aug. 30.—A widespread and destructive prairie fire ravaged hundreds of thousands of acres along the Little Missouri River two or three days ago about forty miles from the main line of the Northern Pacific Railroad. The great range of the H. T. Cattle Co. was swept clear. The fire was put out by means of horses, which were killed for the purpose of using them as drags to extinguish the flames. The horses were split up the back and the carcasses dragged over the country by long ropes. Twelve hundred head of horses were stampeded to the four winds.

Confessed the Murder.

LINCOLN, Ill., Aug. 30.—Frederick Ketcham, a farm hand, was arrested here yesterday, charged with the murder of James Fagan near Argentine, Kan., July 4, 1889. The attack was made with a long knife, which cut open the victim's abdomen. While lying on the ground Ketcham cut Fagan's throat to make sure of his work. The murderer has confessed.

A Cherokee Confidenced.

John Madden, a Cherokee Indian from the Territory, came to this city a few days ago in charge of a car of cattle. After disposing of them he started out and soon had swallowed enough of the white man's fiery liquor to give him what the white man calls a big-sized "jag." While in this condition he last night met a very pleasant stranger who kindly volunteered to show him the path through the wilderness of saloons to where the mighty iron horse is stabled. Madden acceded and the stranger took him in charge and left him safely at the Union Depot in a drunken stupor and minus a watch and chain. Here Sergt. Mundinger found him and brought him to the Central Station, where he rested for the night and slept off the effects of the fire water. No clue to the friendly guide.

COURT NEWS.

Three Applications for Divorce—Peter Eckhardt's Will.

Three divorce suits were filed by three wives this morning, two of whom were deserted and the other compelled to leave her husband.

Mrs. Maggie Pemberton, who was married to Charles Pemberton in January, 1885, says her husband was an habitual drunkard, failed to support her and finally deserted her in July, 1888. She asks to be granted the custody of her child.

Mrs. Ida Fairfax says Oliver Fairfax married her January 9, 1883, and on July 1, 1887, left her. She wants her maiden name of Brown restored.

Mrs. Lavina Hamilton sues Wm. O. Hamilton on the grounds of adultery. She says he became untrue to her in Minneapolis during August, 1889, two years after marriage. She asks to have her first husband's name, Thompson, restored to her and also be granted the custody of her child by her first marriage.

In the will of Peter Eckhardt, filed to-day, his father, sister and brothers are given equal shares in his estate. The will closes as follows: "I am here in America by myself, my father, sister and brothers all live in the village or country town of Dorlar, which is nine German miles from Coblentz in Germany, or near that town."

Creve Cœur Lake.

There will be free music for dancing, jubilee singers, boating, fishing, refreshments and other attractions at Creve Cœur Lake Sunday, August 31. Six trains via Missouri Pacific Railway. Last ones returning leave the lake at 7:10 and 9:30 p. m. Only 50 cents for the round trip.

ALIVE WITH A BROKEN NECK.

A Strange Case That Has Puzzled the Surgeons.

In the corridor of the Laclede Hotel a man was seen this morning who had passed through an experience which would have proved fatal to the great majority of mankind. On the 11th of July, 1889, F. J. Woodward of Denison, Tex., a conductor on the Missouri, Kansas & Texas, fell from the top of a freight car. He was picked up in an unconscious condition, and on examination it was found that the vertebræ of his neck had been dislocated. He was conveyed to the railroad hospital at San Antonio, where it was thought that he would die, but contrary to the universal opinion of doctors, he survived, and is now able to move about with comparative freedom. While the vertebræ were distorted, the continuity of the spinal cord was not seriously interfered with, and after Woodward had been bedridden for almost a year the physician contrived a support for his head which has enabled him to move with almost as much case as if nothing had happened. Without the support his head is liable to drop either forward or backward, but as long as it is kept in an upright position he experiences comparatively little inconvenience. Around his chin two strong elastic bandages are passed, which are fastened to a wire support resting on his shoulders. Above his head a semicircular wire is passed which holds in place a disc that aids to keep the neck in place. Mr. Woodward states that his general health is good, but that he is of course prevented by his injury from engaging in any active business. The object of his visit is to ascertain whether or not an improved support can be devised.

THE BENTON-BELLEFONTAINE ROAD.

The Overhead Electric System Will Probably Be Adopted for the Line.

It is by no means unlikely that no attempt to place the gas motor on the Benton-Bellefontaine Street Railroad will be made. The owner of that line, James Campbell, in reply to a question said: "I have not fully decided even to give the gas motor a trial. It is an experiment, and I do not feel inclined to experiment very extensively. At any rate I shall begin by putting the track in order for the electric overhead system. I have just closed the contract for the iron, and it will arrive in a few days. When the track is in proper condition I may give the gas motor a trial, but I am now preparing for an overhead electric line, and probably that will be what I shall determine upon."

Germany's Newport. A visit to the great seaside resort of Germany. Its picturesque people and scenery. Illustrated in to-morrow's SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

WELL ARMED.

A Kentuckian Arrested for Having Concealed Ammunition.

Officers Warren and McGrath arrested a young man giving his name as Toliver Hughes at the Union Depot this morning, and locked him up at the Four Courts on the charge of carrying concealed weapons. Around his waist he had a broad belt full of cartridges. A 44-caliber Colt's revolver was strapped at his side. He said his home was in Beaver County, Ky., and produced a ticket for Ft. Worth, Tex., to which point he was bound. Hughes insisted that he was from the mountains and had to wear the gun at home as a matter of protection. He had $112 in his pocket and seemed well fixed. He will be sent into the Police Court Monday morning.

A. MANVEL IN THE CITY.

The President of the Atchison Confers With 'Frisco Officials.

Shortly before noon A. Manvel, President of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe, and of the 'Frisco, arrived in the city and registered at the Southern. Mr. Manvel at once proceeded to the offices of the 'Frisco and held a conference with General Manager H. L. Morrill and other officials of that road. He stated that his visit had no particular significance, being for the purpose of looking over the books, and making arrangements for the general improvement of the line, as well as of obtaining the views of the Frisco officials on the policy to be pursued by the road at the meeting to reorganize the Southern Interstate Traffic Association, which is to meet in this city on Tuesday next. Mr. Manvel will probably leave for Chicago to-morrow.

THE CONDUCTORS' BROTHERHOOD.

A Meeting to Be Held in This City To-Morrow.

A meeting of the Brotherhood of Railway Conductors employed on the lines west of the Mississippi will be held in this city to-morrow. E. E. Clark of Cedar Rapids, Io., the Grand Master of the order, arrived in the city morning, and registered at the Laclede, and several members are already on hand. Mr. Clark states that the meeting will be held only for the purpose of transacting routine business, and that three are no serious complaints against any railroad to be considered.

The Burchell Jury.

WOODSTOCK, Ontario, Aug. 30.—A panel of jurors for the fall assizes, at which Burchell, the murderer of Benwell, will be tried, was balloted for to-day. Owing to the importance of the trial, the petit jury panel was seventy-two. Crown Attorney Ball cautioned all the jurors against expressing any opinion whatever in reference to the Burchell case to any one, as such expression of opinion might be used at the trial to render him incompetent to serve.

Game Postponed.

ROCHESTER, Aug. 30.—The Rochester-Toledo game was postponed on account of the wet grounds.

SYRACUSE, Aug. 30.—The Syracuse-Louisville game was postponed on account of the rain

A WARRANT FOR MRS. DOSSEN.

The Proprietress of the Lying-In Institute Arrested on a Grave Charge.

The morning a warrant was issued by Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Dierkes charging Mrs. Margaret Dossen with criminal malpractice. The warrant was placed in the hands of a deputy sheriff, who will serve it on the defendant some time to-day. As a bond in the sum of $800 has already been taken for her appearance in the Court of Criminal Correction, it is probable that no arrest will be made.

Mrs. Dossen has been for years the proprietor of a lying-in institute at 1332 Chouteau avenue. Her place has always been looked upon with something more than suspicion by the police and "surface" investigations have several times been made. Nothing could ever be proven, however, and the "institute" has flourished. On the strength of a sworn statement made by a former patient at the place Detectives Lawler and Desmond went to the house at a late hour yesterday afternoon and arrested Mrs. Dossen. The house was searched from top to bottom and both instruments and drugs used only for illegal practices were found. These articles were confiscated to be used in court as evidence, and Mrs. Dossen was placed in a cell in the Four Courts holdover. Three hours later she secured a bond of $800 and was released to appear in the Court of Criminal Correction whenever wanted to answer to any charge which might be preferred against her by the authorities.

Mrs. Dossen is charged with having administered to one Lillie Mayhew drugs and medicines by the use of which she procured a premature birth. A sworn statement by a woman named Emma Kaylor, who was in Mrs. Dossen's house at the time, is to the effect that Lillie Mayhew gave birth to a 4-months' child at the institute on last Saturday. Mrs. Dossen denies the statement in full. She says she first met Lillie Mayhew about two years ago when she was brought to the institute by Mrs. Brown, 213 South Sixteenth street. The girl's scandalous actions caused her to ask her to leave the place. She says she frequently saw the girl at her sister's request, and attended her in confinement. This was in a house at 1516 Chestnut street. The girl was only at her house once since two years ago, and that was about a week past. She asked if she could stay with her and said she was not well. Mrs. Doosen says she sent for Dr. Benkendorf, 1510 Gratiot street, who pronounced her illness pneumonia. The defendant claims that Lillie Mayhew is an adventuress and insisted that blackmail is her object.

Dr. Benkendorf corroborated Mrs. Dossen's statement to the effect that he had not attended the girl in premature birth. He said, however, that Mrs. Dossen told him when he came that the patient had a premature birth some time before. Dr. Warren G. Priest examined Lillie Mayhew at the Dispensary and found evidences of a premature birth, but could not say whether or not it was from the effects of a criminal operation. The girl is now in the house of a friend and will tell the same story told by Emma Kaylor when the proper time comes. She is from New Orleans and is said to belong to a good family in that city.

STOCK BROKERS.

Secretary Windom's Offer Has a Marked Effect on the Money Market.

By Private Wire to Gaylord, Blessing & Co.

NEW YORK, 9 a. m.—The largest professional operators among the members generally said yesterday, after the close, that they did not see anything of importance in the way of a speculative movement right away, because of the two holidays; consequently the impression obtained that the market was liable to be a waiting market for the present, but probably considerably improved and higher next week. The strength of Hocking Valley stock astounds the street, but there is no reason for surprise about it, inasmuch as the wonderful earnings ought to put it to 40. Wheeling stocks to-day are as safe to buy and hold for a September rise as anything in the Stock Exchange. The earnings are simply grand and constantly increasing.

9:30 a. m.—From *Financial Chronicle*: Banks gained from the Sub-Treasury $3,400,000, lost to the interior $2,251,000; net gain, $1,149,000. The money market this week affords a remarkable illustration of the proportion of fear and sentiment which often help to make up a state of supreme stringency. A week ago Thursday and Friday the situation was in some respects almost beyond parallel; this week the change has been complete; of course, every one knows that the difference between Thursday of one week and Thursday next was the result of the offer of Secretary Windom to pay off $20,000,000 4½ per cent bonds at par, but it was the offer and not the payment that worked the change; to Wednesday only $9,625,000 had been accepted, a considerable portion of which was not bonds held and therefore disbursed for New York, and the other portion was of bonds already held by the Treasurer as security for bank deposits.

Ninety-eight roads for the second week of August gained in gross earnings $640,639, equal to 9.41; sixty-six roads for the third week gained in gross $297,555, equal to 5.30 per cent.

WASHINGTON, 11 a. m.—Bond purchases yesterday, $3,061,450; total under circular of August 21, $18,299,750.

New York, 11:10 a. m.—The following is the bank statement for this week:

Reserves, increase	$1,976,305
Loans, decrease	5,125,900
Specie, increase	974,500
Legals, decrease	99,100
Deposits, decrease	4,403,600
Circulation, decrease	400

Our Amateur Artists. St. Louis young ladies who are skillful with the brush and crayon, illustrated in to-morrow's SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

AN INOPERATIVE STATUTE.

A Clerical Error Renders Invalid the Missouri Law in Relation to Fees.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Aug. 30.—Attorney-General Wood has given an opinion in which he declares that a clerical error has invalidated the chapter on fees passed by the last Legislature. The chapter originated in the Senate, passed and went to the House. There twenty-six amendments were added and the bill returned to the Senate for concurrence. The Senate concurred in all but amendments Nos. 1 and 26, and a conference committee was appointed. The Senate section of the committee reported and advised that the Senate recede from its non-concurrence in those two amendments, and the report was adopted. Because of an error in the indorsement the enrolling clerk omitted amendment No. 1 and the chapter was printed with that amendment omitted. Nelson Church of Harrison County, who was the author of No. 1, called the attention of the Secretary of State to its omission and Secretary Lesseuer referred the matter to the Attorney-General, who says that on account of the omission the chapter is invalid and fees will be regulated hereafter by the chapter of 1879.

FOR ACTING AS A PROCURESS.

Lu Roberts Arrested on a Charge of Enticing Young Girls Into a Life of Shame.

A serious charge was last night preferred against Lu Roberts, the keeper of a house at 117 South Sixth street, and he and two inmates of the house, Minnie Harris and Annie Kathman, are now under arrest awaiting investigation. Roberts is charged with acting as procurer and with enticing girls to lead a life of shame. The two girls now under arrest were both brought from Indianapolis, Ind. They claim to be 18 years of age, but do not appear to be over 16. It appears that a woman called Lulu Faring, formerly a loose character of this city, acted as agent for Roberts in Indianapolis. The authorities of Indianapolis say that the procuring business has been going on for some time and implicate Roberts as being concerned in it to a large extent.

Faulty Construction of Dams.

CHICAGO, Ill., Aug. 30.—A special from Eau Claire, Wis., says: Papers have been prepared in the first of the big suits for damages to property by the great Chippewa River flood of six years ago, said to have been caused by negligent management and faulty construction of dams. The statutory limitation expires in a few days; the papers in all the suits will be served at once. The first two actions are M. H. Early against Frederick Weyerhauser et al. in the Chippewa County Circuit Court for damages in the sum of $150,000, and A. D. Chappell against Frederick Weyerhauser et al. in the Circuit Court for Eau Claire County for $10,000 damages. The aggregate of damages claimed in suits already in the hands of the lawyers is nearly half a million.

Notice!! To Whom It May Concern.

The rapid manner in which lots are being sold at Oak Hill Place has prompted us to establish an office on the ground for the convenience of purchasers. The terms upon which the lots are sold, being only $50 cash and $10 per month, give every one an opportunity to secure a home site or a real estate investment where property is bound to rapidly increase in value. Oak Hill Place is located on the south side of Tower Grove Park, midway between Grand Avenue and King's Highway: the Pine Street Electric Cars go direct to the property every three minutes. The prices placed on the property range from $10 to $16 per foot, and as it is high, healthy, well drained, and contiguous to city water and electric lights, it is unquestionably the cheapest and best property in the city for the money.

Our branch office is located on the northwest corner of Arsenal street and Morgan Ford road (Arsenal street is the southern boundary line of Tower Grove Park and the street on which the Pine street electric cars run), where our representative can be found every day until September 1, from 10 a. m. to 6:30 o'clock p. m.

HAMMETT-ANDERSON-WADE, 213 N. 8th st.

EAST ST. LOUIS AND BELLEVILLE.

The Viaduct Opening This Afternoon—General News.

The great iron viaduct that spans Cahokia Creek and the railway track at Broadway is the center of attraction in East St. Louis today. The committee appointed to decorate it for the memorable occasion of its formal opening have done their work well and as it stands out in bold relief, so high and so situated that an unobstructed view of it may be had from almost any point within a quarter of a mile or more, it presents a handsome appearance, bedecked as it is with hundreds of yards of colored bunting and any number of flags of all sizes. Not alone is the viaduct brightly decorated, but so many flags and emblems are to be seen fluttering from the buildings in the vicinity that the city is given the appearance of being in complete holiday attire. The streets of East St. Louis are livelier than they have been for many a day. The number of strangers to be seen about the city shows that the fame of East St. Louis and her stupendous undertakings in the way of public improvements is nothing if not extensive.

The ceremonies of the day began at 2 o'clock p. m. At that hour the procession of East St. Louis societies was formed at the City Hall, and a little later was ready to move to Broadway and across the viaduct to the eastern approach of the Eads bridge. At the bridge approach the coming of Mayor Noonan was awaited with the procession in open ranks. Upon his arrival and as he passed through the ranks to the head of the procession he was roundly cheered. When he had taken his position and the ranks were closed the procession moved to the base ball park on Broadway, where the ceremonies will continue throughout the afternoon.

Samuel Newlove and George Haas were arrested last night for robbing a 16-year-old boy named Clyde Winn near the Relay Depot. The three persons were together at the Relay about 9 o'clock, and according to Winn's statement walked down the tracks with the intention of boarding a train to beat their way across the bridge. At a secluded place some distance from the depot Winn was held up by his companion, and as he claims robbed of a silver watch and a small amount of change. He ran back to the depot and reported the robbery to Detective Kinney and Officer Ryan, who chased the robbers up the tracks past the stock yards and captured them near Venice. The watch was found in their possession. To-day they had a hearing before Justice Bunyan and were held for the Grand-jury under bonds of $500 each. They were unable to give bail and were taken to the Belleville Jail by Detective Kinney.

The survivors of the Fifteenth Missouri Volunteers, Col. Theodore Meuman's Regiment, will hold a reunion at Collinsville, September 20 and 21. Three survivors reside in East St. Louis. They are Joseph Droesch, who was a drummer of Company D; Joseph Settehreich of Company F, and Oswald Hoigler of Company C.

The Central Lithographic Stone Co. of East St. Louis, incorporated with $1,000,000 capital, by James E. Blythe, Albert J. Kietzker and T. J. Cheney, filed articles yesterday. The bulk of the stock, which is in 100,000 shares, is held by J. E. Blythe and A. J. Kietzker.

The Union Labor party will hold a meeting to-morrow afternoon at 2 o'clock at Launtz' Hall in East St. Louis. It is expected that the F. M. B. A. will meet at the same time and place to confer with them in regard to the indorsement of candidates.

Articles of incorporation were received yesterday by the Little Friend Mining Co. of East St. Louis, incorporated by Alois Thoman, Charles Thoman and John B. Whitehead, with $1,000,000 capital. Alois Thoman holds 99,998 of the 100,000 shares of capital stock.

The body that was fished out of a gravel pit east of the city has not been identified. It will be buried in the City Cemetery this afternoon.

The remains of Patrick Ryan, who was killed by a Belt freight train yesterday, will be buried to-morrow at Calvary Cemetery, St. Louis.

Mrs. Barnes of No. 9 Upper Second street, Evansville, Ind., came to East St. Louis today in search of her son, Thomas, aged 14 years, who ran away from home on the 19th inst.

C. L. Manners of East St. Louis, W. A. Reiss of Belleville and James McQuilkin of Belleville are the candidates for the Republican nomination for county superintendent of schools.

The convention that is to nominate a Republican candidate for Congress in this district will be held Monday at the City Hall in East St. Louis, at 10 a. m.

The Nationals will cross bats with the J. L. Hudsons of St. Louis at Broadway Park tomorrow afternoon.

Miss Clara McCready has returned from a visit to friends in Chicago.

Belleville.

The Kronthal Liedertafel Society will celebrate the anniversary of their organization to-morrow by giving a picnic at the Fair Grounds. A number of singing societies of St. Clair County have been invited to attend, and all have signified their intention of doing so.

Wm. Ebinger, a well-known contractor, had his left leg accidentally broken at the ankle yesterday. A horse he was driving took fright at a bicycle and ran away, and Mr. Ebinger jumped out of his vehicle, falling on a street car track with the result stated.

A meeting will be held next Thursday at Liederkranz Hall for the purpose of arranging to celebrate German Day on October 5. Each German lodge or society is entitled to send two delegates to the meeting.

Marriage licenses were issued yesterday to Charles Degear and Mattie Page of St. Louis, Michael Schaeferling of Johannisburg and Annie M. Weltmuenster of Fayetteville.

Marshall W. Weir and family returned yesterday from an extended trip through Europe.

Philip Gass, a nephew of County Clerk Rhein, was naturalized yesterday in the County Court. He is a native of Germany.

A consignment of new machinery for the Belleville Distillery was received from Cincinnati yesterday and will be put in place at once.

The Mascoutah Central Turnverein will celebrate the fifth anniversary of the organization on the 7th of September.

Police Officer John Routh tendered his resignation yesterday. He will take a position as superintendent of a coal mine.

Lorenz Stutz, a watchman at the distillery, was overcome by the heat yesterday.

The Death of a Miser.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Aug. 30.—The death of Geo. Gilbert, which occurred Thursday, reveals some strange doings of the man, who was a confirmed miser. During the last fifty years he had lived alone, devoting his time to saving money which he deposited in banks. It was his boast that his living the year around did not cost him to exceed 3 cents per day. In 1855 he sold a neighbor a load of hay for $27. Gilbert punctually collected the interest each year, and last year he accepted the principal, it having earned him over $100. Gilbert leaves an estate valued at $125,000 to $150,000 and has no relatives residing in this section.

Alleged Destitution in Oklahoma.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla., Aug. 30.—Capt. Burbank, who was detailed by the War Department to examine into the alleged destitution existing in this county, has sent in his report. After making a thorough investigation he found a few cases of actual destitution and a great many who would be greatly benefited by being furnished work at a reasonable compensation. He recommends that actual cases of destitution be relieved by the issuance of food and clothing, and that the balance of the money be spent in building roads and bridges. He especially urges that some method be adopted whereby seed wheat can be furnished.

Taylor's Sure Cure, cures Sick Headache.

A MURDERER LYNCHED.

The People of Higginsville, Mo., Make Short Work of a Desperado.

HIGGINSVILLE, Mo., Aug. 30.—Two funerals will take place at the little town of Mayview, five miles west of here. One of them will be that of E. F. Parker, ex-postmaster, who was murdered, and the other of Will Walters, murderer, who was lynched. There are only 150 people in the town and every one of them knew Parker personally. He kept a general store and was very highly thought of. In the morning friends went to his store, and finding it closed rapped on the doors and shutters for admittance, but could not get in. An entrance was finally forced, and Parker was found behind his counter horribly chopped and mangled. A negro testified that he had seen another negro, Will Walters, in the place late at night making a purchase. A party of citizens immediately went to the farm of H. C. Schrier where Walters was employed and found him cutting corn with a bloody corn knife. The clothes he had worn during the night were found saturated with blood. A rope was put around his neck and he was marched to the nearest tree. There he confessed and said he had gambled all his money away and had murdered Parker to rob him. When his story was finished he was hauled up four or five feet and the rope tied to the tree. All of the lynchers then went about their business and left the murderer hanging.

SWEPT BY THE SURF.

The Ocean Promenade Badly Damaged at Asbury Park Last Night.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Aug. 30.—The high surf of last night and this morning sweeping along the beach here has carried away all of the ocean promenade between the Asbury pavilion and Third avenue. The waves tore away hundreds of feet of the beautiful board walk, and nothing is left but the bluff, on the edge of which pedestrians are now compelled to walk. All of the bath-houses are toppling over or carried off in the breakers. As early as 6 o'clock this morning thousands of persons congregated to watch the surf complete what last night's high tide left partly undone. The sight was a grand one, the breakers rising twenty feet and dashing over the fishing pier, completely wrecking the remainder of the walk from Third avenue south to Asbury avenue, which is the finest part of the promenade. The sea not only uprooted spiles, tore planking to pieces and carried off bath-houses, but ate into the lawn back of the walk to the depth of twenty-five feet at several points. The electric light poles also went down. Although lines have been drawn from Third avenue to Asbury Park, the police experience difficulty in keeping the people back from the dangerous portions of the lawn walk which will have to be rebuilt. The damage is estimated at $25,000. Hundreds of men are employed endeavoring to save the remainder of the bathing pavilion from foundering.

HOTEL PERSONALS.

Herbert Dougley, Macon, Mo.; W. H. Bunn, Atlanta; J. F. Blodgett, Atlanta; E. L. Rogers, New York, and T. L. Corrow, New York, are at the Southern.

A. R. Miles, Mobile; F. Leach, Sparta, Ill.; T. T. Dunn, Chicago, and T. F. Ryan, St. Joseph, are at the Laclede.

B. B. Harvey, Oakland, Miss.; H. B. Ballou, Honey Grove, Tex.; David Barry, Paris, Tex.; L. C. Hill, Golden, Colo., and H. G. Bissell, New York, are at the Lindell.

Carondelet Jottings.

F. W. Motte and family returned this morning from a lengthy visit among the Ozarks.

The young Democratic voters of the Thirteenth Ward will organize a Young Men's Democratic Club next Tuesday evening.

The members of the Methodist Church will give an entertainment September 4 at Temperance Hall for the benefit of the new church.

Mr. Louis Trowbridge of New York has been appointed chemist of the Jupiter Pig Iron Mills in place of Mr. Haines, who has recently resigned.

Rev. Father Jones, rector of St. Columbkille's Church, will dedicate the new school building to-morrow afternoon. Rev. Father Brady, V. G., will assist Father Jones.

Fred Grate, aged 15 years, while playing on the roof of a stable in the rear of 7619 South Broadway, yesterday afternoon, slipped and fell to the ground, breaking his left arm.

The Carondelet Guards, Company H, N. G. M., under command of Capt. Stith, gave a sham battle and skirmish drill this afternoon at Carondelet Park. Quite a large number of well-known ladies and gentlemen reviewed the drill and battle with much enthusiasm.

John Brennan, a young man aged 20 years, met with a painful injury yesterday afternoon. While in the act of jumping between two freight cars near Stein street crossing, the cars were started backward by a switch engine. Brennan's right foot was caught between the bumpers and mashed. A number of railway hands brought him to the office of Dr. Starkloff, where the injury was dressed. He was then sent to his home on South Minnesota avenue.

About 4:30 yesterday afternoon switch engine No. 208 (a pony) jumped the track near the marine docks, falling down a little embankment on its side. The engineer and the fireman jumped in safety. Samuel Saucer, a brakeman, was caught between the engine and a flat car, but, strange to say, was not hurt, although his hat was torn to pieces. Quite a number of freight cars was wrecked and demolished by the accident, involving a loss of $1,000. The track was badly torn up for nearly a block, delaying traffic for nearly three hours.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is Peculiar To Itself

100 Doses One Dollar

A NOTABLE INCREASE.

THE FALL TRADE SHOWS A REMARKABLE EXTENSION OF ST. LOUIS TERRITORY.

How St. Louis Merchants Have Annexed Eastern Texas—Protests From Galveston—The Increase in the Northwestern Business—Extraordinary Development of the Trade With the Southeast—An Excellent Outlook.

THE wholesale dealers of St. Louis are jubilant over the prospects of the fall trade, which has set in from two to five weeks earlier than usual and promises to assume proportions larger than the most enthusiastic had anticipated. A glance at the registers of the hotels will show that not only is the number of country buyers who are now in the city greater than it has ever been before at this season, but also that they come from localities that have heretofore drawn their supplies from other quarters.

EXTENDING ST. LOUIS TRADE.

A manager of a large wholesale dry goods house in reference to this matter said: "I have been obliged not only to watch my own business closely, but also to keep an eye on what was being done in other lines, and have thus obtained no little insight into the situation. No one who is at all well informed on the subject can fail to see that St. Louis has been reaching out in all directions, and extending its field of operations. We have long had the preponderance in Northern Texas, but this year we have added Southern Texas to our tributary territory, most seriously cutting in on the trade of Galveston. So great have been our advances in this respect that the Galveston merchants have made a formal appeal to the railroads asking that a change of rates be made so that they can compete with St. Louis in Southern Texas. They do not claim that the rates are more favorable to this city than when Galveston practically controlled the trade of that section, but they say that owing to the advances made by St. Louis they cannot sell goods in their own territory unless they receive assistance from the railroads.

GREAT INCREASE IN SALES.

"This admission is proof positive of the manner in which this city has manifested its enterprise. The reasons given are that the merchants of this city are willing to do business on a much smaller margin of profit than during previous years, and that, therefore, they are occupying territory that was formerly supplied from other points. This year we have sold goods to points in Southern Texas that have not previously been touched by us. The extension of our trade in the Southwest is only what might have been expected, but in two other directions our merchants have made advances that were hardly to be anticipated. The purchases from Northern Kansas, which formerly was largely supplied from Chicago and Kansas City, are larger this year by from 75 to 125 per cent than they ever were before. In Iowa and Southern Nebraska the gain is not so great, but is still very considerable. This gain is made at the expense of Chicago and is a most important one, but not nearly so significant as the extension of St. Louis trade that is taking place in the Southern States east of the Mississippi.

NEW CUSTOMERS GAINED.

"This spring a great many merchants from Tennessee, Kentucky, Southern Indiana and Southern Ohio came to this city to buy goods who had previously been in the habit of obtaining their supplies from Cincinnati, Louisville and Nashville. The influx from this quarter for the fall trade includes not only almost all of those who come here in the spring, but hundreds of others. The reason that they give for their change in the base of supplies is that the line of goods carried in this city is larger than in the markets to which they formerly resorted, and that their customers demand a greater variety and better qualities than have formerly been called for. Nothing is more marked in the territory tributary to St. Louis than the great increase in prosperity and the enlargement of the expenditures of those who buy from this market. Scarcely a country merchant has come here this fall who has not increased his orders by fully 50 per cent, and never has it been so easy to make collections. Long credits are seldom asked, and a great part of the business is done on a cash or thirty-day basis. This enables merchants to sell on closer margins and thus to extend their trade by lowering prices. Altogether the outlook is better than it ever was before."

Hear the Soul of a Krakauer

Piano sing. To hear it is to buy it. It stays in tune twice as long as any other piano and lasts a lifetime. Koerber Piano Co., 1102 Olive. Agents for the world-renowned Knabe pianos.

North St. Louis.

Mr. Thomas Reilly of the Wabash clerical force is back from a trip to New York, Washington and the East.

The Laclede Car-works, Alton Box-works and Hoff's Stair-works are all working their forces late in the night to keep up to orders.

The Bryan Hill Improvement Association will have its monthly meeting on next Monday night at Prior's Hall, Gano and Florissant avenues.

A song service will be held at 1:30 o'clock to-morrow afternoon at the Eden M. E. German Church, Nineteenth and Warren streets, the occasion being the dedication of a new organ.

Missouri Lodge, No. 4, U. O. of H., will give an entertainment and hop on Monday evening, September 1, at their hall, 1817 Franklin avenue, and the supreme officers will be there in a body.

Miss Katie O'Flaherty, a well-known teacher of the Clay School, and who was a conspicuous figure in the POST-DISPATCH European contest, has returned from a vacation trip to St. Paul and the Northern lakes.

Unity Lodge, Knights and Ladies of Industry, will have an open meeting on September 16, at their hall, No. 3607 North Eleventh street. At its last meeting refreshments were served, Mrs. Annie E. Lucas was initiated and a number of visitors were entertained.

Mrs. Louisa E. Reaker, nee Thompson, a well known young lady of North St. Louis, was buried yesterday afternoon from the Trinity M. E. Church, Tenth and North Market streets, to the Bellefontaine Cemetery. Rev. Mariatt conducted the services. Deceased was 18 years old and died after a short illness.

The Philomathian Society of North St. Louis will open its fall and winter series of meetings next Wednesday night with a very choice programme, in which the best talent of the society will appear. During the summer recess their hall at the northwest corner of Eleventh and Benton streets has been repaired, additional scenery has been put in, new chandeliers, etc., have all added to the attractions of the hall. Later in the season a public reception and dramatic exhibition will be given.

A few evenings ago a serenade and surprise party was tendered to Mr. and Mrs. H. Seiler, No. 1907 Sullivan avenue, the occasion being the fifth anniversary of their nuptials. Dancing, singing and other festivities were indulged in until a late hour. Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. John Seiler, Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Straubinger, the Misses Annie and Helen Urban, Miss Ellen Reffner, Miss Mamie Niekamp, Messrs. J. and C. Spellstean, F. F. Carrol, O. Emdorfer, G. Knapp, H. Boon, John Brady and F. Amsinger. Music was furnished by Prof. Amsinger's Mandolin & Guitar Club. Messrs. Emdorfer and Brady rendered some fine vocal selections.

New Branch of the C. K. of A.

The organization of a new branch, 628, Catholic Knights of America, will take place at Kirkwood, Mo., at 10:30 a. m. Sunday, August 31. Brothers from the city wishing to attend will take Missouri Pacific train leaving Union Depot at 7:55 a. m. All are invited. The train will arrive in Kirkwood in time for mass.

September 10 the Day. Want advertisers should not forget that the last of the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH "want" advertisers' excursions is at hand. Advertise your wants to-morrow and get a ticket free.

REAL ESTATE NEWS.

Louis J. Silva Still Buying—Sales of Residence Property To-Day.

The business property numbered 1436 North Broadway, east side, south of Cass avenue, owned by Matilda H. Harmen, has been sold for $11,000 to Louis J. Silva, whose name has figured so frequently as a purchaser of real estate for the Merchants' Bridge Terminal Railroad Co., and the C., B. & Q. Railroad Co. Emil Becker represented the owner's interest, and the Hammett-Anderson-Wade Real Estate Co. looked after the buyer's welfare. The premises fronting 25 feet by a depth of 103 has a two-story brick business house on it. The place was doubtless purchased for railway purposes, in connection with a great deal of other property which has changed ownership in that locality only a little farther south during the past few months.

ON DELMAR AVENUE.

The firm of Nelson & Mersman negotiated a sale of the residence property numbered 3951 Delmar avenue, between Vandeventer and Sarah street, for $6,500, from S. S. Leach to Thos. L. Currie, who will make the place his residence. The property consists of a two-story 8-room brick house and 25x144 feet of ground.

OTHER SALES.

Bradley & Quinette report the sale of a 25x155-foot lot located on the south line of Morgan street, between Vandeventer and Sarah streets, at $65 a foot, from S. Quinette to Mary Moreau, who will erect a $7,000 house on the site. The grantor is building a $6,000 house next adjoining on the west. A lot of 50x136 feet on Caroline street, at the southeast corner of Iowa, was sold by the same firm for $1,500, from Salmon P. Garey to Edwin Scown, who will build a dwelling there.

L. L. Hull & Co. report the sale of a 25x182 foot lot situate on the north side of Page avenue, 150 feet east of Taylor, at $30 a foot from Catherine Foster to John Menges.

The charming two-story $35,000 residence in course of construction on Locust street, between Beaumont and Ewing avenues, is being built for Mr. George H. Maverick.

One of the largest milk companies for whom an extensive improvement is to be made at the northeast corner of Washington and Jefferson avenues has been driving piles for a foundation upon the site all summer and will soon be ready to start the building.

George N. Truesdale & Co. report the following sales:

Hickory street—South side, between Thirty-third and Thirty-fourth streets, a one-story three-room frame dwelling, with 25x125 feet of ground, house numbered 3328, the property of Robert Knox, and sold for $1,350 to Nicholas Murphy, who bought for a home.

St. Ferdinand street—South side, between Goode avenue and Whittier street, a two-story six-room stock brick dwelling, with 25x130 feet of ground, house numbered 4240A, the property of Edwin J. F. Washington, sold for $3,000 to C. L. Fairchild, who bought for a home.

Emil Becker of Chas. H. Gleason & Co. sold the seven-room stock brick dwelling at No. 4545 Cote Brilliante avenue, with 35x130 feet of ground, for $4,500 from Duffner & La Barge to F. L. Hastedt.

A Warrant For Murder.

A warrant against James Gaines was issued yesterday charging him with murder in the first degree. Gaines killed Arthur Gardner with an ax, deliberately splitting his head as he lay prostrate on the ground in the alley between Second and Main, Rutger and Park avenues.

THE POST-DISPATCH BRANCH OFFICES.

At the following LOCATIONS BRANCH OFFICES have been established, where WANT ADVERTISEMENTS and SUBSCRIPTIONS will be received and where the PAPER is kept for sale:

BENTON ST.—1501	John Skaer
BENTON ST.—2572	A. H. Vordick
BROADWAY—2001 N.	O. D'Amour
BROADWAY and ANGELICA	W. J. Kohrumel
BROADWAY—2613 S	E. Geisler
BROADWAY—3907 S	F. Hemm
BROADWAY—7631 S	L. F. Waibel
CARR ST.—1328	Lion Drug Store
CARR ST.—2201	Crawley's Phar
CASS AV.—1000	Cass Avenue Phar
CASS AV.—Cor. 23d	H. W. Strathmann
CASS AV., cor. JEFFERSON AV	W. E. Holscher
CHOUTEAU AV.—1801	H. F. A. Spilker
CHOUTEAU AV.—2837	W. E. Krueger
CLARK AV.—2136	Chas. P. Ochsner
DODIER ST.—2248	B. Vogt
EASTON AV.—3180	F. C. Pauley
EASTON AV.—4161	Fisher & Co
EAST GRAND AV.—1923	T. T. Wurmb
ELEVENTH ST.—3701 N.	T. T. Wurmb
FINNEY AV.—3837	P. E. Fiquet
FRANKLIN AV.—1600	C. Kilpstein
GAMBLE ST.—2631	A. Braun
GARRISON AV., cor. N. MARKET	G. P. Mulhall
GARRISON AV.—1016	D. S. Littlefield
GRAND AV.—1400 N	F. Sohn & Co
GRAND AV.—1926 N	W. D. Temm
GRAVOIS—2946	B. Jost
HICKORY ST.—800	E. A. Sennewald & Co
HICKORY ST.—2601	Theodore J. Feager
JEFFERSON AV.—300 S	A. H. Schulte
LAFAYETTE AV.—1800	Philip Kaut
LUCAS AV.—1700	W. S. Fleming
LUCAS AV.—3341	Charles C. May
LAFAYETTE AV.—2601	Paul M. Nake
MARKET ST.—2100	C. G. Penney
MENARD—1434	G. Weinsberg
MICHIGAN AND IVORY AV	Benno Bribach
MORGAN ST.—3930	J. S. Procter
NINTH ST.—2625 N	O. Claus
OLIVE ST.—1500	R. Riley
OLIVE ST.—2800	J. L. Royston
OLIVE ST.—3000	J. Guerdan & Co
OLIVE ST.—3201	Louis Schurk
OLIVE ST.—3500	Adam B. Roth
OLIVE ST.—3615	W. R. Grant
PARK AV.—1937	G. H. Andreas
SALINA ST.—2870	A. P. Kaltwasser
ST. LOUIS AV., cor. GLASGOW	Carey's Drug Store
TAYLOR AV.—1900	G. H. Wagner
WASHINGTON AV.—1228	Primm's Pharmacy
WASHINGTON AV.—2338	T. S. Glenn
WASHINGTON AV.—2800	J. Weiner
WASHINGTON AV.—3901	J. E. Hilby

SUBURBAN.

EAST ST. LOUIS	O. F. Kresse
BELLEVILLE, ILL	Geo. H. Stolberg

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

First Congregational Church, Delmar and Grand avs. Services at 10:30 a. m. and at Aubert Place Chapel at 7:45 p. m. Preaching by Rev. Roswell O. Post of Springfield, Ill.

St. George's Church, Corner Beaumont and Chestnut sts. Rev. Robert A. Holland, S. T. D., Rector. Holy communion at 7:30 a. m. Morning prayer and sermon by the rector at 11 a. m.

Christ Church Cathedral, 13th and Locust sts. Sunday services August 31; holy communion, 8:30 a. m.; morning prayer and sermon, 11 a. m. The Rev. Mr. Brewster will officiate at both services. The regular clergy of the cathedral will take charge September 7.

North Presbyterian Church, corner 11th and Chambers sts.—Rev. Marcellus G. Gorin, pastor. Residence 2011 N. 11th st. Preaching Sunday at 10:45 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sabbath-school at 9 a. m. Prayer-meeting Wednesday at 7:30 p. m. The Society of Christian Endeavor meets every Sabbath evening at 7 o'clock. All are cordially invited to attend.

Second Baptist Church, Corner Locust and Beaumont (27th) sts. Rev. J. W. Ford, D.D., pastor. Sunday-school at 9:30 a.m. Preaching at 11 a. m. by Rev. John N. Prestridge of Newstead, Ky. Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor at 7 p. m. No other evening service. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock.

St. Mark's English Evangelical Lutheran Church, Bell and Cardinal avenues, M. Rhodes, D.D., pastor. Preaching at 11:45 a.m. and 7:45 p. m. Sabbath-school, 9:15 a. m. Prayer-meeting and lecture by the pastor every Wednesday evening at 8. The Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor meets in the church parlors every Sunday evening, from 7 to 7:45.

Second Presbyterian Church, northwest corner 17th st. and Lucas pl. Rev. S. J. Niccolls, D. D., pastor. Divine service Sunday, August 31, at 11 a. m., conducted by Rev. S. M. Morton, D. D., of Mattoon, Ill. No evening service. Sunday-school at 9:30 a. m. in the chapel. Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock in the lecture-room. A cordial invitation and welcome extended to all.

LODGE NOTICES.

THE members of Lilly Lodge, 551, K. and L. of H., are hereby notified to attend meeting at their hall, Saturday evening, Aug. 30, at 8 p. m., sharp, for the purpose of arranging for the funeral of Bro. J. W. Brennan.
W. A. STABINS, Secy.
M. J. FORREST, Pro. 22

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

Book-keepers.

WANTED—Set of books to keep evenings by practical bookkeeper employed during the day. Address H 17, this office. 36

Clerks and Salesman.

WANTED—Sit. as city salesman by young man well acquainted in the city. Address D 16, this office. 37

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A situation by a young man who is a good scholar, strictly honest and not afraid to work. Address G. L. F., 1824 Prairie av. 43

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Book-keepers.

THE Bryant & Stratton BUSINESS, SHORTHAND AND TELEGRAPH SCHOOL, corner Broadway and Market st., St. Louis. The fall term begins September 1. Send for circular. 53

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—Drug clerk, registered. Grant, Cabanne and Olive st. 54

WANTED—Two grocer clerks. Apply to John J. O'Neil, 541 S. Jefferson av. 54

WANTED—A young man, good at figures and accurate, can secure permanent office position in wholesale business; give age and references; no need of business experience, but must have thorough schooling. Address D 15, this office. 54

WANTED—Salesmen on salary or commission to handle the new patent chemical Ink Erasing Pencil. The greatest novelty ever produced. Erases ink thoroughly in two seconds; no abrasion of paper; 200 to 500 per cent profit. One agent's sales amounted to $620 in six days; another $32 in two hours. We want one energetic general agent for each State and Territory. Sample by mail 35 cents. For terms and full particulars address the Monroe Eraser Manufacturing Co., La Crosse, Wis. 54

MRS. MACKLAND, private teacher, telegraphing, shorthand, typewriting. 2312 Eugenia st. 54

BARNES'
Shorthand and Business College, Laclede Fire-proof Building, 406 Olive st. Telephones 411 and 1396.

JONES'
COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,
Southwest corner Third and Vine sts., over the State Bank of St. Louis.
ENTRANCE, 421 NORTH THIRD STREET.
The complete Business Course, Short-hand. Typewriting, Telegraphy, the English Branches, Spanish, French, Latin, etc., taught in the most thorough and practical manner.
The fall term begins Monday, September 1. The night school reopens Monday, September 8.
For circulars and particulars call at the college office or address J. G. BOHMER, President.
(Telephone 1273.) 54

HAYWARD'S
Business and Shorthand College, 618 and 620 Olive st. Day and night; all branches taught. 54

Stenographers.

WANTED—By a young woman, position as type-writer; can furnish machine; understands pencil system of short-hand. "Type-Writer," P. O. Box 246, Boonville, Mo. 45

The Trades.

WANTED—Experienced book folders at Becktold & Co., 210 Pine st. 58

WANTED—A carriage-builder with reference. Address M 14, this office. 58

WANTED—Coopers. Apply Consolidated Tank Line Co., E. St. Louis, Ill. 58

WANTED—At St. Charles Car Works, St. Charles, Mo., one good upholsterer. 58

WANTED—6 coopers for shaving hoops. Call at 419 S. 14th st. Geo. A. Rolen. 58

WANTED—Stove-molders; meet party at No. 10 Hall, Sunday at 10 o'clock a. m. 58

WANTED—A good baker to work as second hand; good wages. Inquire at 1442 Dodier st. 58

WANTED—One flask and fallow board carpenter at Western Stove Foundry, 9th and Dock sts.

WANTED—Architectural draughtsman to take charge and part office with builders, the location being very prominent. 2014 Lucas pl. 58

WANTED—A first-class machinist; one accustomed to job work preferred; situation permanent. Address National Pump Co., Mound City, Ill. 58

WANTED—Ten good, steady coopers to make apple barrels, paying 6c; good stock and steady work; come quick if you want a berth. Apply to J. R. Kelly & Bro., Kansas City, Kan.

Laborers.

WANTED—Laborers to unload lumber and iron. Apply 2800 De Kalb st. 59

WANTED—Teams, $4 per day, to work on crusher, Main and Madison, Bambrick-Bates. 59

WANTED—Quarrymen; $2.50 per day; steady work. Old Orchard, Frisco R. R. John Bambrick. 59

Boys.

WANTED—Boys at 2931 Olive st. 61

WANTED—Two boys, Jefferson and Sullivan av., furniture factory. 61

WANTED—2 stout boys, not less than 16 years old; wages $3.50 per week. Call at 2810 Clark av.

WANTED—Boy for work about house and yard; bring recommendation. Address N 17, this office. 61

WANTED—Two boys with experience in setting up ten-pins. St. Louis Turner Hall, 15th and Chouteau av. 61

WANTED—Boy to milk cow and take care of furnace, etc., etc.; write with reference. Address F 15, this office. 61

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Clerks and Saleswomen.

WANTED—A young lady desires situation as assistant book-keeper or office work; good refs. Address O 16, this office. 44

Teachers, Companions, etc.

WANTED—By thoroughly respectable young lady of good address, position during Exposition; ref. Add. A 16, this office. 77

Housekeepers.

WANTED—Lady 25 years of age would like to secure position as housekeeper or light work. Address N 13, this office. 47

WANTED—An exp. prac. hotel housekeeper wishes a situation; won't object to leave the city. Address F. C., 3418 Franklin av. 47

General Housework.

STOVE REPAIRS!
For every stove or range made in the United States to be had at A. G. Brauer's, 219 Locust st. 48

Laundresses.

WANTED—Situation by a first-class laundress with the best of references. Apply at 2304 Howard st. 51

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Clerks and Saleswomen.

WANTED—Competent dry goods saleslady; permanent position. Address B 16, this office. 63

Nurses.

WANTED—A nurse at 1800 Kennett pl. 70

WANTED—Nurse girl. 4008 Morgan st. 70

WANTED—Nurse girl; apply after 10 o'clock. 618 Leonard av. 70

WANTED—Young nurse; state age and wages. Address P 16, this office. 70

Cooks, etc.

WANTED—A first-class German woman as cook. 3689 Pine st. 68

WANTED—A good girl to cook, wash and iron at 3418 Chestnut st. 68

WANTED—A girl to cook and iron; private family. Apply at 2930 Morgan st. 68

WANTED—Good girl to cook and assist in housework, at once. 3051 Thomas st. 68

WANTED—A good colored pastry and second cook immediately at Lafayette Park Hotel. 68

WANTED—Immediately, a good girl who understands plain cooking; no washing. 2109 Walnut.

WANTED—German girl to cook and assist with washing. 1800 Preston place, near Lafayette Park. 68

WANTED—A good girl to do cooking, washing and ironing; good wages; must have best of references. 3854 Delmar av. 68

WANTED—At 3016 Geyer av., one block south of Lafayette av., two competent girls; one cook, other housegirl; small family; good wages. 68

WANTED—A cook and a housegirl to begin service Saturday, Aug. 30. Call at Room 11, 3d floor, Equitable building, between 3 and 5 p. m. 68

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—Machine and hand girls to sew on vests. 621 Lynch st. 69

WANTED—Experienced girls for sewing at 119 S. Main st. Ely, Collins & Hale. 69

WANTED—Two first-class waist hands; steady work; none but experienced need apply. 1421 Chestnut st. 69

WANTED—First-class shirt finisher, also ladies' clothes ironer; steady work and good pay. Model Steam Laundry, 514, 516 and 518 Chouteau av.

Housekeepers.

WANTED—Middle-aged woman as working housekeeper; call after 6 to-night. 2706 Adams. 65

General Housework.

WANTED—A girl to do general housework at 1445 Mullanphy st. 66

WANTED—A girl for housework; good wages. 417 S. 4th st. 66

WANTED—Girl for general work; no washing. 3142 Chestnut st. 63

WANTED—A good girl for general housework. 1518 Chouteau av. 66

WANTED—Competent girl for general housework. 4320 Bell av. 66

WANTED—A German girl for general housework. Call at 3122 School st. 66

WANTED—German girl for general housework. Call at 1526 Chestnut st. 66

WANTED—A girl to do general housework. Apply at 1117 N. Channing av. 66

WANTED—A woman for general housework; good wages. 1909B Chouteau av. 66

WANTED—A girl for general housework; reference required. 3826 Cook av. 66

WANTED—Competent girl for general housework in family of 2. 3845 Windsor pl. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework; small family. 305 N. 7th st., up-stairs. 66

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply at 5861 Cates av., or 3666 Finney av. 66

WANTED—Reliable girl for general housework; small family; ref. req. 2931 Dayton. 66

WANTED—A young girl in small family for light housework. Call at 1306 Missouri av. 66

WANTED—An experienced girl for general housework at 2858 St. Louis av., 2d floor. 66

WANTED—Good girl for general housework; German preferred. Apply at 2830 Thomas st. 66

WANTED—A girl for general housework. 2938 Henrietta st., one block north of Lafayette av.

WANTED—Good girl for general housework: apply after 10 o'clock Sunday morning. 618 Leonard av. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework; small family. Terminus Locust st. cable, 4008 Morgan st. 66

WANTED—A German girl for general housework in American family of two; no washing. 3451 Laclede av. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework, with or without washing and ironing; good wages. Call at 4017 Delmar av. 66

WANTED—A good girl or middle-aged woman for light housework; good home to right party. Apply Sunday morning at 2407 Vandeventer av. 66

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Chambermaid at 921 Pine st. 71

WANTED—Immediately, twenty girls to work at packing extracts; only those understanding the work need apply. 513 N. 2d st. 71

WANTED—A respectable young German girl to assist elderly lady; family consists of two persons only. Call at once 3421 Chestnut st. 71

WANTED—AGENTS.

BIG MONEY selling our machine for printing advertising signs; most wonderful device ever produced; patented; sells to every merchant; splendid employment; steady work. Arc Mfg. Co., Racine, Wis. 73

WANTED—Salesmen at $75 month salary and expenses to sell line of silver-plated ware, watches, etc., by sample only; horse and team free. Write at once for full particulars and sample-case of goods free. Standard Silverware Co., Boston, Mass. 73

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE.

WANTED—To trade—One pacing horse for unimproved property. Can be seen at Crum's Livery Stable, Channing av. and Locust st. 24

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

WANTED—For transient use; a nicely fur. room in quiet locality; location central. Add. D 17, this office. 21

WANTED—Suite of rooms, well furnished, by September 2, for lady students. Address Advertiser, 2734 Dayton st. 21

WANTED—To rent, by September 15, an 8 or 10 room house any where in the West End for one month only by a respectable family; parties are building and cannot occupy their own house for a month, and are obliged to move on account of expiration of lease. Address at once, T 15, this office. 21

WANTED—To rent—A double house with 12 rooms and all modern improvements, west of 34th st. and between Laclede and Cook avs. Apply to LANCASTER & TIERNAN, 202 N. 8th st.

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

WANTED—Any large, well established, sound industrial business, breweries, coal, timber or iron properties to place on London market. Address English Syndicate, P. O. box 2409, New York City.

BOOKS.

30,000 Standard books, new and old, law and medical, some French. Dan Linahan, 525 Chestnut.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Pointer bitch, liver and white, 6 weeks old. Liberal reward if returned to 2912 Market st.

LOST—Scotch terrier, year old, with leather collar and name and number on; suitable reward. 4019 Clayton road. 30

LOST—Aug. 27, 1890, pointer dog, orange and white color, answers to the name of Cap; lost near Six Mile House, on Olive st. road. Return to 3803 Easton av., and receive reward. 30

LOST—On Natural Bridge rd., between Bridgeton and Normandy, St. Louis County, August 27, two diamond and one moonstone ring. Liberal reward will be paid on return to C. A. Cunningham, Room 509 American Central Building. 30

LOST—Or stolen, cashier's check of the Merchants' National Bank of St. Louis, dated June 26, 1890, for $350, payable to the order of E. B. Hull. All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing or negotiating the same, as application has been made for a duplicate. 30

LOST—August 13, between Blair and Pennsylvania avs., off a moving wagon, 5 medium-sized boxes containing two crepe veils and deeds and citizen papers; $10 reward for return of deeds and papers and no questions asked to 3122 A Pennsylvania av. J. Hannagan. 30

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WE incorporate industrial business, prepare and organize them for London market. For terms address London Finance Syndicate, room 11, 75 Cedar st., New York. 2

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

Wanted.

WANTED—Teams to haul clay. Apply at Blackmer & Post's Pipe-works, Mo. Pac. Ry. and Ewing av. 11

For Sale.

FOR SALE—One team of speedy trotting horses, city broke, also single driving horses. Apply to Crum's Livery Stable, Channing av. and Locust st.

FOR SALE—200 new and second-hand buggies, phaetons, surrys, carriages, spring wagons of all kinds. We sell them cheaper than any other house. Northwestern Buggy Co., 1110 North Broadway. 12

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—For vehicles, 200 new and second-hand cut under and jump seat surreys, storm buggies, phaetons, carts, park wagons, buggies, laundry, grocery, bakery, butcher, milk wagons, trucks. 1110 N. Broadway. 12

EMBREE-McLEAN CARRIAGE CO.,
Wholesale and Retail Manufacturers
FINE, LIGHT PLEASURE VEHICLES.
All styles buggies, phaetons, surreys, storm-wagons, wagonettes, etc. Our ample facilities for manufacturing and large product make first-class work possible at popular prices.
Catalogues mailed.
FACTORY NO. 1817 TO 1823 OLIVE ST.

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Furnished room house, No. 315 S. 6th st. Apply to saloon 525 Clark av. 4

STORAGE.

STORAGE—Regular storage house for furniture, pianos, trunks, stoves, boxes, etc.; household goods of every description moved, packed and shipped with care. Money loaned; get our rates. Warehouses, 1014 to 1026 S. Jefferson av. Telephone 1422. Consign goods to our care.
81 R. U. LEONORI, JR., & CO., 1104-6 Olive st.

NEW moth-proofed lined separate rooms for fine furniture and household goods; packing and shipping a specialty; large padded vans for hire. Fidelity Storage, Packing & Moving Co., Eugene Brown, manager, 1003 Pine st. Telephone 1401. 81

PERSONAL.

Advertisements under the head of "Personal" are received subject to revision or rejection entirely. The money paid for rejected advertisements will be refunded when address is given, or by calling at this office with ticket. Advertisements in this column not of a business nature, of two lines and over, FIFTEEN cents per line.

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

MRS. DR. ARTHUR, ladies' physician; midwife; boards dur. con.; terms reas.; stric. conf. Ladies in trouble call. 2603 Wash st. 74

MRS. DOCTRESS DOSSEN, ladies' physician. All communications strictly confidential. Ladies in trouble call at 1332 Chouteau av., St. Louis, Mo. 74

MRS. A. COLE, 1124 Pine st., gives the finest and most refreshing electric and magnetic baths and massage in the city. Male and female attendants. 74

MRS. M. E. DAILY, 1631 Morgan st., lace curtains cleaned and done up; a postal card addressed to the above number will receive prompt attention. 74

MME. RIENER, ladies' physician and midwife; regular graduate of two colleges; female diseases a specialty; ladies received in the house during confinement; charges reasonable. 1504 Clark av. 74

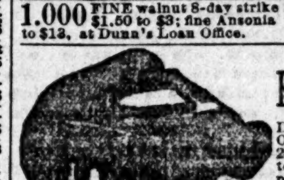
MRS. A. BURGER, M. D., receives ladies during confinement; first-class accommodations at reasonable terms. Ladies in trouble call at 3300 S. 12th st. Take yellow cars at Union Depot going south.

MRS. DR. LYONS has opened an elegant magnetic healing institute, with baths and massage treatment; all manner of diseases successfully treated, with male and female attendants. Sea salt and alcohol rubbings. 214 N. 13th, (3d door from cor. Olive st.) 74

PARTIES declining housekeeping realize highest cash prices for their carpets, furniture and effects in large or small lots, by sending to R. U. Leonori, Jr., & Co., Auctioneers, 1104-6 Olive st.

1,000 BUSINESS CARDS, $1. H. B. Crole & Co., printers. 813 Locust st. 74

1,000 FINE walnut 8-day strike and alarm clocks, $1.50 to $3; fine Ansonia mantel clocks, $5 to $13, at Dunn's Loan Office. 74



DR. E. C. Chase's
Dental Rooms, 904 Olive. Established 20 years; gas given to over 15,000 people without harm. A permanent record kept of every filling and plate made. Every operator a graduate of some first-class dental college and all men of from 8 to 20 years' experience. Prices moderate. 74

MME. LEOHN tells fortunes by burning fluid; satisfaction guaranteed. 1525 Morgan st. 74

MRS. ROS. SABINE,
The Fortune-teller, Business Adviser and Spiritual Healer. 1410 Pine st. 74

FINANCIAL.

FOR SALE.
Real Estate Paper—6 Per Cent.
$35,000 on down-town business property.
$11,500 on vacant property.
$2,000 on vacant property.
Call or write. FRANK OBEAR,
81 Rooms 47, 48, 49, Turner Building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON PERSONAL PROP'TY

MONEY loaned on clothing, diamonds, watches, chains, guns, revolvers, trunks, musical instruments, etc., at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av.

St. Louis Mortgage Co., 720 Pine St.,
Loan money on furniture; you can keep possession of your property and pay off the loan in installments at your convenience; no commission charged; all business confidential; we guarantee the lowest terms on these loans, and parties wishing temporary accommodation will find it to their advantage to apply to us. If you have a loan elsewhere and wish it carried at a reasonable rate give us a call. 31

DO YOU WANT
MONEY?
If so, don't borrow before getting our rates, which are the lowest, on any sum from $10 to $10,000.
We make loans on furniture, pianos, horses and wagons without publicity or removal of property.
Loans carried as long as desired, part payments taken and costs reduced in proportion.
If you bought furniture on time and can't meet payments we will pay it for you. No charges taken out in advance; borrower gets full amount of loan. Don't forget to call on us for low rates.
EAGLE LOAN CO., 714 PINE ST.,
O. C. VOELCKER, Mgr., 2d Floor.

1017 CHESTNUT ST. is the number—I loan any amount on furniture, pianos and other securities in residence; low rates; fair terms. R. W. STALEY, 1017 Chestnut st. 31

MONEY loaned on furniture and pianos without removal; also on indorsed paper or any personal securities; our terms the best in the city. M. E. Dougan & Co., 113 N. 8th st.; no commission. 31

MONEY loaned on furniture without removal, any amount; lowest rates; no com. chd. 621 Chestnut.

MONEY loaned on furniture without removal; any amount; lowest rates, John C. King, 814 Morgan.

GERMAN-AMERICAN LOAN CO., 515 Pine st., second floor, $10 to $10,000 loaned on furniture, pianos without removal; lowest rates; weekly payments taken; costs reduced; money ready, no delay. Call on us before borrowing. 31

A GENTLEMAN wishing to invest some surplus funds will loan $25 and upwards on household furniture and other security; parties wishing advances will be treated fairly and can secure loans on satisfactory terms. Call at 1017 Morgan st. 31

LOANS on furniture in residence, city real estate and all good securities; fair and reasonable terms. Porter & Williams, room 2, 904 Olive st. 31

BROLASKI & VOORHIS, 111 N. 8th st., make liberal loans and terms on good securities, on furniture, pianos, warehouse receipts, building association books, insurance policies, horses and vehicles, real estate, etc.; see us for low rates. 111 N. 8th st.

MONEY TO LOAN from $1 to $10,000, on watches, diamonds, jewelry, guns, pistols, clothing, trunks, musical instruments, etc.; low rates of interest.
S. VAN RAALTE,
31 12 and 14 S. 4th st.

MISSOURI MORTGAGE LOAN CO., 619 Pine st., 2d floor, will loan you money in sums to suit, at the lowest possible rates and most reasonable terms, on furniture, horses, wagons, watches, diamonds and personal property of any kind. 31

FURNITURE LOANS.
$25 and upwards to loan on furniture at residence without removal; lowest rates; business strictly confidential. C. F. Betts, 1003 Pine st. 31

IF YOU WANT
MONEY
DON'T BORROW BEFORE
Getting our rates, which are the very lowest on any sum from $10 to $10,000. We make loans on furniture, pianos, horses and wagons at the very lowest possible rates. You can keep the property in your possession without publicity or removal of property.
Loans can be carried as long as desired and part payments can be made at any time and the costs of carrying a loan reduced as fast as payments are made. There are no charges to be taken out in advance. Borrowers get full amount of loan.
If you bought furniture or a piano on time and can't meet the payment then call on us and we will pay it for you. If you want a loan then you will find it to your advantage to see us before borrowing.
BANKING ROOMS OF THE
German-American Loan Company,
F. W. PETERS, Manager,
515 PINE STREET,
Second Floor.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—Newfoundland pups; 3 months old; fine bred. Apply to S. Kehrmann, Jr., Elleard place, Easton and Pendleton avs. 5

FOR SALE—One of Hall's fire and burglar proof safes, with Dalton dual time-lock attachment; also set of vault doors for sale cheap. For information address J. F. Gray, Vienna, Ill. 5

FOR SALE—I will sell at auction twenty-three Western horses Monday, September 1, at 10 a. m., for account of C. T. Ritchie. The above stock has been bred and raised by Mr. Ritchie on his ranch near Walla Walla, Wash.; they are sired by well-bred stallions, their dams good native mares; they are not wild Texas ponies, but will weigh from 800 to 1,050, and have all been handled some; they are all halter-broke. This stock will be sold positive to the highest bidder at my auction stable, 1428 N. Broadway. John Kirk. 12

MENELEY'S mammoth mastiffs; a choice lot of pups on hand and ready for sale, from imported, registered and prize-winning stock, with full and authentic pedigrees; price, $25; send for particulars and pedigrees. John W. Meneley, Plain City, O. 5

ALL SORTS.

ST. LOUIS MUTUAL HOUSE BUILDING CO. Office No. 513 Walnut st., Samuel Simmons, Pres.; Hugo Kromrey, Sec. This pioneer company builds or purchases houses at option of applicants, on monthly payment plan in St. Louis City. Prospectus at office free of charge.

For Sale---Elegant House in the West End!

Located on Pine st., near Grand av.; highly decorated interior, beautifully finished; has 12 rooms; every modern convenience; 50-foot lot. Nothing in the West End more desirable than this.

A GEM OF A HOUSE ON DELMAR AV.,

Located in one of the most desirable squares, surrounded by elegant residences; has 9 rooms; finely finished interior; lot terraced, several; 34.4x142.6. Can be had at low figure if sold at once.

CHOICE 58-FOOT LOT ON WASHINGTON AV.,

West of Grand av., in unsurpassed locality; fine depth, 234 feet; three fine houses here just the thing; would rent at once. Builders, here's your chance.

CHAS. C. NICHOLLS, 713 Chestnut St.
TELEPHONE 885.

Notice!! To Whom It May Concern.

The rapid manner in which lots are being sold at Oak Hill Place has prompted us to establish an office on the grounds for the convenience of purchasers. The terms upon which the lots are sold, being only $50 cash and $10 per month, give every one an opportunity to secure a home site, or a real estate investment, where property is bound to rapidly increase in value. Oak Hill Place is located on the south side of Tower Grove Park, midway between Grand avenue and King's highway; the Pine Street Electric Cars go direct to the property every three minutes. The prices placed on the property range from $10 to $16 per foot, and as it is high, healthy, well drained and contiguous to city water and electric lights, it is unquestionably the cheapest and best property in the city for the money.

Our branch office is located on the northwest corner of Arsenal Street and Morgan Ford Road (Arsenal Street is the southern boundary line of Tower Grove Park and the street on which the Pine Street Electric Cars run, where our representative can be found every day until September 1, from 10 a. m. to 6:30 p. m.

HAMMETT-ANDERSON-WADE, 213 N. Eighth St.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

23 S. 16TH ST.—Furnished front, also back room for gentlemen or light housekeeping. 13

105 S. 15TH ST.—Two unfurnished back rooms on 1st floor for small family. 13

1121/2 N. 8TH ST.—Furnished rooms for gentlemen only. 13

607 MARKET ST.—Rooms $1 a week up; all accommodation; newly furnished rooms for transients. 13

921 CHOUTEAU AV.—Nice furnished front room for two gents. 13

1017 S. 10TH ST.—(Valle av.), furnished rooms, single or en suite. 13

1017 S. 12TH ST.—One nicely furnished front room, convenient to cars and depot; terms moderate. 13

1118 PINE ST.—Front and back rooms by the day, week or month; best accommodations.

1121 PINE ST.—Nicely furnished front room for light housekeeping and rooms from $2 up. 13

1412 OLIVE ST.—Front parlor and other desirable rooms, all nicely furnished. 13

1420 DILLON ST.—Two rooms and kitchen, 2d floor. 13

1635 MORGAN ST.—One nicely furnished room complete for housekeeping; 2d-story front; also one nice large unfurnished room. 13

1717 ELLIOT AV.—Four rooms, water, gas and bath and closet on 2d floor of new house. 13

1720 OLIVE ST.—Parlor and 2d-story room neatly furnished; new building. 13

2126 OLIVE ST.—2d-story front, one single room, newly and elegantly fur.; terms mod.

2618 WASHINGTON AV.—New tenement building; 3 rooms, $14; 2 rooms, $9; 1 room, $5.

3534 OLIVE ST.—A nicely furnished front room, 2d floor, for rent. 13

FOR RENT—3 elegantly furnished or unfurnished front rooms, corner 19th and Franklin av.; over drug store. 13

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—Fine new flat, 1706 Bacon st., 6 rooms, bath, laundry, hot and cold water; all conveniences. THOS. F. FARRELLY, Real Estate, 812 Chestnut st.

BOARDING.

830 S. 10TH ST.—Furnished room with board or without for two gents or couple. 18

929 LA SALLE ST.—Nicely furnished room for 1 person with board. 18

1313 CHOUTEAU AV.—2d-story front room, with or without board. 18

1706 LUCAS PL.—Nicely furnished rooms; first-class board. 18

1719 BELLEGLADE AV.—Second-story front room, with board, for gentleman only; private family. 18

2113 LUCAS PL.—Elegantly furnished rooms; first-class board. 18

2127 WALNUT ST.—During Exposition or permanent, furnished room, with or without board; gents only; private family. 18

2208 LUCAS PL.—Elegantly furnished 2d-floor front or suite with first-class board; single rooms; first-class accommodations; private family. 18

2721 LOCUST ST.—Two nicely furnished rooms, single or en suite, with first-class board 18

3028 LUCAS AV.—2d-story suite of rooms, with board, on September 1. 18

3412 LUCAS AV.—Pleasant rooms with good board; terms reasonable; convenient to both cable lines. 18

WANTED—A lady to board with me. 1441 St. Louis av. 18

FOR RENT—Near Hotel Beers, Grand av., large, handsomely furnished rooms, with first-class board; best of references. Add. O 15, this office. 18

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

1116 GRATTAN ST.—Six-room house in good repair. Inquire Geo. H. Billon, Post-Dispatch counting-room, or at 1523 Hickory st. 14

1515 N. 16TH ST., in rear—New brick house for 4 families; 2 rooms and kitchen for each. 14

WE MAKE THE
Collection of Rents a Specialty.
GIRALDIN BROS. & CATES,
Real Estate Agents, 914 Locust St.

LARGE MOVING VANS
And covered furniture wagons for moving households to all parts of this city and county and East St. Louis by load or contract. Moth-proof lined, separate rooms for storing fine furniture. Fidelity Storage, Packing & Moving Co., Eugene Brown, Manager. Office, 1003 Pine st. Telephone 1401. 14

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

1003 OLIVE ST.—Store at greatly reduced rent; good location for any kind of business. Apply at Percy & Vallat, 115 N. 8th st. 17

FOR RENT—Or lease—Small store with two rooms in rear 2808 Easton av. Apply to 2633 Morgan st.

SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR RENT

FOR RENT—At Ferguson—Neat 6-room cottage, with acre of ground; nice lawn, stable, etc.; on Rock road; 3 minutes' walk from depot; 15 trains each way daily; $25 per month.
16 CORNET & ZEIBIG, 110 N. 8th st.

IMP. CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Cheap; a substantial four-story brick building, 60x80 ft.; suitable for manufacturing; large lot; switch from Missouri Pacific.
7 WM. C. WILSON & CO., 619 Chestnut st.

SPECIAL OFFER.
Must be sold at once. 4552 Evans av., a neat four-room brick dwelling; also a new four-room and bath brick dwelling, 4556 Evans av. See these and call on
7 KILGEN & RULE, 112 N. 8th st.

BUY A HOME WITH RENT.
We will buy a lot in any part of the city and build a house after your own design. Monthly payments. Plans furnished free of charge. The People's Investment & Building Co. JOS. E. TRUITT, Pres., Office hours, 11 a. m. to 2 p. m. 1008 Chestnut st.

CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.
Marcus av., cor. Foxbar (one block north of St. Louis), 100x135; choice lot; price, $22 per foot. Sold on opposite corner at great auction sale last Saturday for $33. Look at this at once.
8 RUTLEDGE & KILPATRICK.

SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR SALE

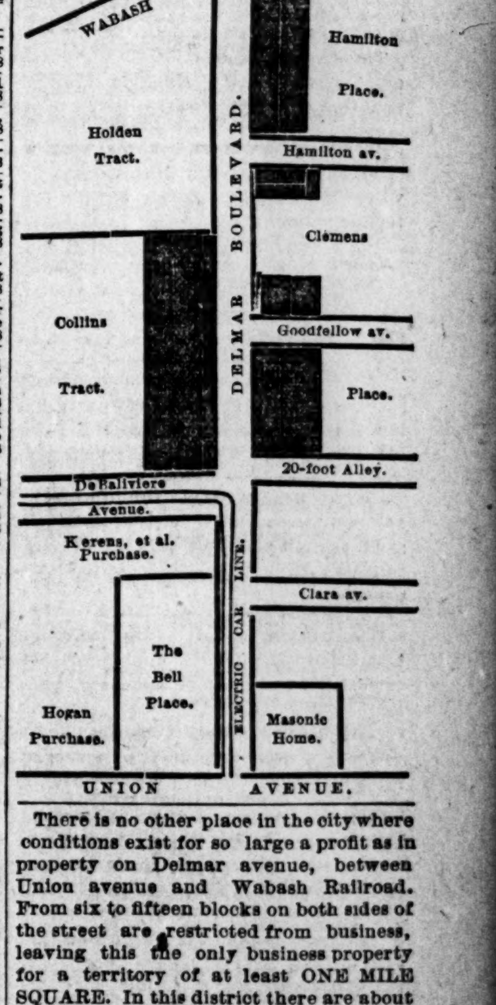
FOR SALE—Substantial brick building, 30 rooms, with ample grounds, at Kirkwood, 13 miles from St. Louis Union Depot, 20 trains, choice location, nice order, suitable for hotel, sanitarium, asylum or public institution. Apply to
9 WM. C. WILSON & CO., 619 Chestnut st.

SYNDICATES
NOW FORMING
To Purchase This Property.

N. E. corner Goodfellow	131x185
N. W. corner Goodfellow	107x185
N. E. corner Hamilton	72x185
N. W. corner Hamilton	150x185
S. W. corner DeBaliviere	200x210
Rosedale corner	261x185

360 ft. north side east of Goodfellow.
600 ft. north side, west of Hamilton.
1,000 ft. south side, west of DeBaliviere.

Shares $500 and upwards; will double in value.



There is no other place in the city where conditions exist for so large a profit as in property on Delmar avenue, between Union avenue and Wabash Railroad. From six to fifteen blocks on both sides of the street are restricted from business, leaving this the only business property for a territory of at least ONE MILE SQUARE. In this district there are about 1,500 residence lots and only 150 business lots, 20 per cent of which are already permanently occupied in other ways. Assuming that there will be at least TWENTY different trades represented, each store on this section of Delmar avenue will have the control of customers to the number of at least 200 householders. What will this be worth to property on this street? The Washington avenue electric line is now running, and within a year or so this district will be built up. This avenue, 100 feet wide, makes a "BUSINESS BOULEVARD," which, when completed, will be the main business artery of the western portion of the city. Believing that investors have not fully understood the situation their attention is called to these facts.

To parties desiring to purchase some of the above lots outright, can give a 6 Per Cent Guarantee.

FRANK OBEAR,
Offices 47, 48 and 49,
TURNER BUILDING.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch,

PUBLISHED BY

THE DISPATCH PUBLISHING CO.,

JOSEPH PULITZER, President.

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—BY—

RUDYARD KIPLING,

The most popular short-story writer of the day, complete and illustrated in the next

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And with all the news and many special features of interest will be found the following:

THE NEWPORT OF GERMANY and what was seen there—Illustrated.

"THE SUMMER GIRL," a poem by Joel Benton.

ST. LOUISANS AT THE SUMMER RESORTS—The end of the season.

"LITTLE PRINCE DUSTY," by Kirk Monroe—Part III.

HATS MORE ECCENTRIC—The latest Paris styles.

THE WOMEN OF ENGLAND—The work they are doing. And

BILL NYE, OPIE P. READ and many other notable writers will contribute.

SUNDAY, AUGUST 31.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 30, 1890.

Weather forecast for twenty-four hours, beginning at 8 a. m. to-day, for Missouri: Generally fair; slightly warmer.

Weather forecast for twenty-four hours, beginning at 8 a. m. to-day, for St. Louis: Fair; slightly warmer.

JIM BUTLER's candidacy for Congress is heartily indorsed by the Republicans of the Ninth District.

THE fundamental elements of government, according to Republican representatives, are force and fist.

SECRETARY BLAINE believes that we should adopt free trade in this country if we can get a good price for our old protection policy.

THERE is some ground for a suspicion that peace has been established in Central America; at least, the latest report affirms positively that such is the case.

IT is evident from BLAINE's Waterville speech that he is ahead of his party, but it will take the convention of 1892 to decide how far ahead of his party he is now.

JUST at a time when the census reports an increase of 30 per cent in the size of St. Louis it would be very unfortunate to have a decrease in the size of her Congressmen.

THE strongest point in the platform of the State Republican Convention was furnished by the Democratic administration. The manner in which the administration has dealt with the Noland defalcation is a deep stain on the Democratic party.

CHAIRMAN MAFFITT of the Democratic State Central Committee is reported from Washington as requesting assistance from the National Congressional Committee for several of the Missouri districts, but we do not hear of his making any effort to save his own district from a repetition of the '88 landslide.

A NEW railroad tunnel under St. Clair River has been opened to facilitate trade between the United States and Canada, and Mr. MCKINLEY has not introduced a bill to have it closed. Perhaps he has rightly concluded that his tariff bill will prove a more effective barrier than stone walls or iron bars.

THE great contrast between the growth of Chicago in population and the lack of growth in rural Illinois is partly due to Chicago's superior assiduity and skill in fixing up census enumerations, and largely due to the recent annexation of extensive sections of rural Illinois to the city. If the country people of Illinois cannot be forced to seek refuge in Chicago from unfair assessment they can be annexed.

BOSS QUAY is said to harbor an ambition to be the next Republican nominee for the Presidency. Why not? He is the truest representative of organized greed in the party, and can command all of its resources for a campaign. He embodies the methods and aspirations of the clique of Republican bosses who are ruling the party. He led the party to victory in the last campaign, and has dictated much of its policy and many of the administration's appointments. He has taken the leadership in the Senate. His nomination would at least have the merit of bold and frank avowal of means and ends. It would be without that despicable hypocricy which seeks to conceal villainous methods and purposes under a thin veneer of pretentious piety.

CHICAGO'S FAILURE.

Again Chicago turns to Lake Michigan as her only hope and talks of building her World's Fair castles in the water, in spite of expert testimony that the thing is impracticable, and in spite of pending litigation as to riparian rights. Congress and the United States Government have done for her all she asked, a special session of the Legislature of Illinois has given her all she demanded in the way of financial aid and enabling acts, and yet she is no further advanced in plans and preparations for the fair than she was when Congress gave it to her nearly six months ago.

She has an army of directors and commissioners, organized with presidents and secretaries and equipped with an alleged subscription fund of $5,000,000 to begin with, but there is no beginning, and no prospect of one, because there is no eligible or even available site for a cornerstone. The wonderful energy, resources and pluck which rebuilt Chicago so splendidly after the great fire, and which Congress counted on to guarantee the completion of grand preparations for the fair in 1892, seem to be utterly wanting, to the great disappointment of the country. One-fourth of the scant time allotted for the gigantic preparations necessary has been allowed to slip away unimproved, and without any action looking to the improvement of the remainder. The site squabble alone progresses, and always in the direction of quicksands and interminable delays.

Such protracted indecision and inaction was not expected from any of the competing cities. It begins to look as if Chicago had obtained the location only to play the part of the dog in the manger. It is time the farce were ended, and when the directors meet again next Tuesday the country has a right to expect from them some decision, some action, which can be accepted as a guarantee of good faith. If Chicago is not going on with the work she ought to say so and let some other city undertake it.

ONE HUNDRED towns and cities of Wisconsin which contained 29 per cent of the population of that State in 1880, now contain 39 per cent of it. Census returns so far indicate that the larger increase of population in the towns than in the country, which called forth so much comment ten years ago, will be more marked now than then. The explanation of the fact is that the means of living in cities and the attractions of town life have improved, while farming has been under a cloud of depression and could offer no counteracting inducements. The proper balance of population between town and country is not what it was in the days of hand tillage and ox-team transportation, and we may not have reached it yet. In the meantime the crop reports show that there is no danger of a famine from the depopulation of the fields and the over-crowding of the towns.

THE negroes drew the color line against themselves when they undertook to cast the negro vote solid for one party and to ostracise all of their race who voted for the other party. The native American line would appear instantly in politics if all naturalized citizens could be herded under one party banner, as the negroes have been. And the result would be that neither party would then have to nominate a naturalized citizen for any office. The color line is now drawn as strictly against the negro in Republican communities and inside of the Republican organization as it is in the politics of the South. The Republicans do not elect negroes to any desirable offices where they have the power, because they do not have to. A division of the negro vote is as conspicuously needed to break the color line in the Republican party and in the North as in Georgia or Mississippi.

BLAINE's Waterville speech opens with the following words:

I wish to declare the opinion that the United States has reached a point where one of its highest duties is to enlarge the area of its foreign trade.

Two years ago any Republican stump speaker who might have been tempted to open his speech with so heretical and treasonable an utterance would have stampeded his audience.

Plumb's Point on Tin.

From the Providence Journal.

Senator Plumb of Kansas is letting a large amount of daylight into the influences which governed the framers of the McKinley bill when he begs the manufacturers not to use their power in Congress to increase the tax 120 per cent on the tin pails of workingmen, but to be content with a bounty of a cent a pound from the Treasury of the United States. There never has been quite so frank a confession in the history of American politics, and it will not be forgotten when the people come to pass their verdict upon the McKinley bill and the party responsible for it.

No Flies on Little Johnnie.

From the Springfield Gazette.

Freddie: "What do you want to catch the fly for?"

Little Johnnie: "Sister has just made herself a glass of lemonade, and I'm awfully dry."

This Is Evidently Sarcasm.

From the Atchison Globe.

It makes no difference what a woman's first attitude is in a quarrel, her last is that of asking forgiveness.

MR. W. C. STEIGERS

Will call on merchants wishing to contract for advertising in POST-DISPATCH. Telephone 284.

ASBURY PARK'S SCANDAL

THE EPISODE IN WHICH MRS. DANGERFIELD FIGURED SO UNPLEASANTLY.

The Story of Young Blunt's Brutal Assault at the Cottage—He Refuses to Talk When Interviewed at Brighton Beach—Something of the History of the Parties Involved—The Dangerfield Family.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—Mrs. Effie N. Dangerfield is the wife of Reverdy Dangerfield of Alexandria, Va., a member of one of the proudest and most ancient families of that commonwealth, and a grandson (on his mother's side) of Reverdy Johnson, twice Senator of the United States from Maryland, Attorney-General under President Taylor and Minister of the United States to Great Britain. Mrs. Dangerfield's family has been famous in both the army and navy of its country. She is a woman of striking beauty and has long been a conspicuous figure in the society of the national capital. Mrs. Dangerfield is a tall and rather large, though not portly, woman of 45. She is a brunette, with attractive features and luxuriant hair. She is a musician of talent, an entertaining conversationalist, and in every way an accomplished lady.

At about midnight of last Tuesday Mrs. Dangerfield was attacked in the Asbury Park cottage where she has been a summer guest by Edmund C. Blunt of Washington, son of a well-to-do cement merchant of that city, but himself a young man of somewhat malodorous record for dissipation and brawling. He visited the cottage when obviously under the influence of liquor, demanded to see Mrs. Dangerfield, who, it would appear, had before been subjected to gossip because of her acquaintance with him, was repulsed by the lady of the house, but forced his way towards Mrs. Dangerfield's room. She came out upon the landing in her dressing-gown, remonstrated with him vainly, and was brutally struck by him in the face and choked. She finally made her escape and was locked up in a summer house adjoining the cottage until a policeman could be found. Blunt was arrested and the next morning was fined $15 and costs by a local magistrate. Mrs. Dangerfield disappeared from Asbury Park that same morning.

THE SCENE AT THE COTTAGE.

The story of the scene at the Park cottage is printed in full here this morning. It is stated that Mrs. Dangerfield came to Asbury alone some three weeks ago and went to live at the cottage of Mrs. Engard. Mrs. Engard has lived here fifteen years, and only receives as guests, rather than boarders, a few friends each summer. Mrs. Dangerfield applied for room at her cottage armed with the most unexceptional references, bringing letters from Mrs. Fitzhugh and Mrs. Carroll, her aunts, who are well known in Washington, and who are spending the summer here at the Curlew House. The hotel was crowded when Mrs. Dangerfield arrived, so she could not put up there, and Mrs. Engard took her in.

Last Thursday Miss Susie Wheat, also a Washington belle, called on Mrs. Dangerfield. Miss Wheat had just arrived from Newport. Soon after two gentlemen in a swell turnout drove up to the house, and Mrs. Dangerfield and Miss Wheat went away with them to the Monmouth Park races. They had not been gone long when Mr. Blunt dashed up to the house in a T cart. He rang the bell and the door was opened by Mrs. Engard's married daughter. She saw at a glance that he had been drinking. It was the first time he had ever called at the house, so she asked whom he wished to see.

"Mrs. Dangerfield. Is she in?"

"No, she has gone out," he was told.

"Whom did she go out with?"

"She went with a young lady," was the answer.

"Were there any men with them?" he persisted.

The lady became alarmed by the wicked gleam in the man's eye, so she answered, "No."

"Does she ever have men call here or go out with her?" he asked more savagely.

The now thoroughly frightened woman again answered in the negative, whereupon Blunt said: "Well, when she comes in tell her to wait. I want to see her," and turning on his heel he mounted his carriage and drove away. Mrs. Dangerfield, Miss Wheat and their escorts returned about 7 p. m. Mrs. Engard's daughter spoke about Blunt's visit.

"Oh, God, is he here?" she gasped.

Mrs. Dangerfield and Mrs. Engard's daughter, with a young man, sat on the porch until about 11 o'clock, when Mrs. Dangerfield went to her room for the night.

BLUNT'S BRUTAL ASSAULT.

About ten minutes after 11 Blunt, on his T-cart, came dashing up to the door, greatly under the influence of liquor. Of Mrs. Engard's daughter, who was on the porch, he learned that Mrs. Dangerfield had retired. He demanded to see her. Miss Engard went to call her and she agreed to come down when dressed. Blunt fumed, and finally declared he would not wait, and, thrusting Miss Engard aside, bounded up the stairs. Mrs. Dangerfield, who had been at her door, banged it shut, and Blunt, not knowing which was her room, kicked in the first door he reached, which was the room occupied by Mrs. Engard. Mrs. Engard screamed when he rushed into her room. He cursed his mistake, and, running across the hall, broke in another door, where a young married woman was cowering in terror with her baby.

Again he uttered a string of oaths and got out. The third time he was successful in finding Mrs. Dangerfield. As soon as he caught sight of her he clutched her by the throat and threw her on the bed, attired as she was only in her night robe. Then he raised a chair, and with it beat her cruelly about the head, face and body. Not satisfied with this, he dragged her by her hair around the room and out into the hallway. He cursed her meantime like a crazy man, and his oaths aroused every one in the cottage. The people became so frightened that they climbed out on the portico and stood there until the police, who had been telegraphed for, arrived.

Blunt Refuses to Talk.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—Edmund Blunt was at the Brighton Beach race track yesterday afternoon for the first time this season. He seemed on excellent terms with himself, and as he quietly and unostentatiously dropped in and out of the crowd that almost overflowed the grand stand, and nodded pleasantly to the occasional friend he met, his mind and conscience appeared to be perfectly easy. Blunt is a slender young man, a little below medium height, but of graceful proportions. His face is smooth shaven, his cheeks have a paintish flush, and a pair of blue eyes light up a countenance which, surmounted by light hair, might almost be described as boyish, if it were not for the lines—still a long way off from wrinkles—that care, dissipation, study, illness or some other cause has drawn. Although he is a Southern man he has nothing of the appearance of the Southerner, but looks more like the typical New York youth. He wore a light-colored derby hat, a summer suit of grayish-white goods, the coat a sack, a "turn-over" collar. He was standing near the entrance to the paddock when approached by a reporter, and he turned a calm look of unrecognition when spoken to. As soon as he was made aware of the reporter's object he said, quietly and without the slightest change of expression: "You will excuse me, as I have nothing to say at all." Mr. Blunt then walked away and joined an acquaintance who called to him, and a moment later he disappeared in the crowd. He was interested in Zangbar in the steeplechase, and had at least two lost bets down during the day. He remained on the course until all the events for the day had been decided and after the last race, in which his Zangbar bet went down with the horse, disappeared in the stream of race-goers that poured out of the gates. Blunt, in spite of the fact that he has been raising horses for quite a number of years, appears to have few acquaintances among the horsemen who were congregated at Brighton Beach, and among those who knew him the majority were from the bigger tracks. All who did know him, though, spoke in pleasant terms of him, though the only faults he had were a rather quick temper and a too great fondness for conviviality. He is an amateur at racing, and throughout his connection with the running turf has maintained his character of amateur sportsman in admirable style. He has a fortune amply large to permit of his indulging his taste in that line and he even now maintains a small stud near Alexandria. Blunt is a University of Virginia man, from the Law Department, and for a number of years he has been practicing his profession in a desultory way in Washington, where he makes his home. His horses have always been home-bred and though he has now been buying horses whenever he found any he thought good enough to race, he clung to his rule of running only those of his own breeding. His racing colors are blue jacket and orange cap, and his stable at present contains 2-year-olds, one of them Somerset by Stratford, dam Imelda, and the other by imported. Macaroon, from Herodia. When he started this season he raced first at Washington. At that time he had Seymour, brother to Somerset, a very useful animal and now one of the fastest milers about New York. He lost him at last in a selling race, but his conduct when his horse was bid up was such that he became even more popular than before with the horsemen who knew him. As an amatur turfman he bore his losses with the philosophical good nature that horsemen affect whenever they can. At the Morris Park spring meeting he entered Seymour to sell for $2,600, and the blue and orange won. "Father Bill" Daly fancied the horse and bid on him with the result that when $4,200 had been reached, Seymour passed into the possession of the sage of Brighton Beach. His 2-year-olds were thought to be very promising youngsters, and as they are both in the great Futurity Stakes, the Blunt outlook seems very bright, but the youngsters have since fallen off, and Amateur Turfman Blunt will pay forfeit. He has just come up from Monmouth Park, where he went to the races every day, and where he kept up his reputation as a convivial spirit and racing enthusiast. On off days he put in his time at Long Branch, Asbury Park and other places in the vicinity. At the big Monmouth Park race course, he was usually accompanied by one or more ladies, and his deportment then, in public, as far as those who were associated with him knew, was sufficiently correct.

At the Home of the Dangerfields.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 30.—It was the newspapers which first communicated to the family of Reverdy Dangerfield in Alexandria the guarded intimation of the unpleasant occurrence in which Mrs. Reverdy Dangerfield and Mr. Edmund C. Blunt were involved at Asbury Park. The Dangerfields are in the best sense of the term one of the first families of Virginia and Blunt belongs to a good family in Washington, but is a rather degenerate offspring. Reverdy Dangerfield is about 40 years of age, the owner of extensive farming lands in the neighborhood of Alexandria. The lady belongs to a a distinguished family, the Nicholsons of this city, several of whom are officers in the United States army and navy. Edmund C. Blunt is described in the Washington city directory as a lawyer, but he has never practiced much in the courts. It is not more than a year ago since young Blunt got into a wrangle in a drinking saloon and was shot by a gambler named Mauss, who was not only a professional gambler, but a fugitive from justice at the time. The quarrel was about a bet on a horse race and it must in fairness be said that the shooting was not unprovoked, for Blunt had threatened Mauss with a knife before Mauss drew his revolver. There was no prosecution of the case, Blunt having recovered. When the correspondent called at the Dangerfield mansion in Alexandria yesterday, Dangerfield was not at home. He had left in the morning for Asbury Park to meet his wife. He knew nothing about the assaults which Blunt is reported to have committed. If the reports of Blunt's outrageous conduct at Asbury Park prove to be true it is obvious that Blunt might better have had any jury of twelve men in the country sit on his case than meet one of the Dangerfield brothers face to face. They do not make any threats, but they are men whose spirit is well known.

Ed Jones, whose name Blunt assumed at Asbury Park, is well known at Washington and belongs to a family of sporting men who are regarded as honorable in their profession. When seen here to-night he was very angry at the use that had been made of his name and declared he would have redress. Mrs. Reverdy Dangerfield is the mother of half a dozen children. The recent occurrence at Asbury Park has started gossip here about the noticeable attention which she paid to Blunt when he was suffering from the pistol-shot wound a year ago.

Last but Not Least. The final excursion of the season given by the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH to its "want" advertisers takes place September 10. Put a want "ad" in to-morrow's SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH and go.

LIFE IN NEW CALEDONIA.

How Convicts Spend the Time—Story of a Frenchman Who Left the Island.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—Mr. F. Ordinair recently returned from a long sojourn in Caledonia, the big island in the Pacific, to which several thousand French criminals have been transported for their country's good. It is a mistake, however, to suppose that many of these convicts spend their lives drudging away behind prison walls. If they behave themselves and do not try to escape, they are in time permitted to enjoy a good deal of liberty, live in cottages of their own outside the prisons, marry female convicts, and acquire more or less property. While in New Caledonia Mr. Ordinair met a beautiful young French woman and her husband. They lived in good style, entertained him handsomely, and as they were not convicts their guest was curious to know how it happened that they were living in such an out of the way part of the world. They satisfied his curiosity, and later he heard the story they told from the French authorities on the island. About twenty years ago a wealthy Frenchman named Lamy was condemned to life imprisonment in New Caledonia. It had been discovered that he had successively poisoned two legitimate wives, and the public sentiment was that he was very lucky to save his head. His sentence was that he should be kept at hard labor. It happened that in his new home, being far away from the French court that tried him, he was not confined very long in the prison gang and gradually gained many privileges. Mr. Ordinair hints that Lamy's money was influential in making convict life easy and comfortable for him. At the end of ten years the wife poisoner was as free as anyone could be who was not permitted to go anywhere he pleased. He wandered at will among the settlements of New Caledonia, bought property in Nouema, the chief town of the island and started a ranch on which, before long, he had 2,000 head of cattle. He had other business and enjoyed all privileges of a free colonist except that he could not quit the island where he had been condemned to perpetual exile. But, of course, the thing he most desired was the complete freedom that was denied him. In spite of his fortune and the comparative comfort he enjoyed, he made up his mind to go back to Europe if he could get there. One day he went to Nouema, wearing a very lugubrious face, and told the Governor of the penitentiary administration that the climate was simply killing him; if he did not have a change of air he would die. He begged for permission to spend six months in Sydney on account of his health. It is hinted that sympathy did not move the penitentiary authorities half so much as gold, which is capable of working miracles. A privilege that had never been extended to a prisoner on the island before was accorded to Lamy. He obtained permission to seek a change of air, and openly embarked for Australia on a French steamer, buying the best accommodations the vessel provided.

Lamy was now really a fugitive for he had not the slightest intention of returning again to New Caledonia. It did not take him long to discover that the Sydney air was not sufficiently curative, and he accordingly took his passage upon one of the San Francisco steamers, crossed North America and embarked from New York for Europe. A few months after Lamy should have reappeared in New Caledonia and his son and daughter-in-law, the young people who so handsomely entertained Ordinair, appeared on the scene. They were equipped with full powers to dispose of his property on the island and they settled in one of their father's houses and proceeded leisurely to realize upon the lands, houses, forests and herds of their parent. At last accounts he was still reposing from his adventures in a country bordering upon France.

Mr. F. L. Marshall,

Representing the POST-DISPATCH on 'Change, will be on the floor during business hours and will call on merchants who desire to make use of the POST-DISPATCH market reports. Telephone 284.

MR. LONG ON FREE BOOKS.

HE INSTRUCTS THE PRINCIPALS AS TO HOW THEY ARE TO BE USED.

A Call on the Children to Bring Their Old Books to Use Until the Board Gets Out of Its Present Tangle—An Excellent Address on the Relation of the Teacher to the Pupil.

The annual meeting of the Principals of the public schools occurred in the board room this morning and the usual matters which claim the attention of those gentlemen on such occasions were discussed together with that vexed and battered question, free books.

The Principals came to receive instructions concerning the regulations under which the books were to be distributed and used and cared for and Supt. E. H. Long was there to instruct them, but Mr. Long was much in the position of the darling preacher, who, in the midst of a tangled discourse, stopped and exclaimed: "Bretheren, when a man undertakes to deliver himself of that which he is not possessed thereof he involves himself in a lab-y-rinth from which it is impossible to extricate himself therefrom." The board has not yet given its instructions on the free book question and Mr. Long had a difficult time explaining to the Principals what they would have to do when the board did introduce free books if they were introduced at all, and under the regulations one would naturally suppose ought to govern such a matter. He acquitted himself with skill, however, and to his credit be it said that the Principals are now better prepared to care for their part of the free book business than the board is to take care of its end.

SUPT. LONG'S INSTRUCTIONS.

When the principals assembled Mr. Long called the meeting to order and proceeded at once with the business of the day. He said there was more than usual cause for congratulation this year. Every one seemed to be enjoying good health and every one was back in the old place; there were no vacant chairs. The roll was called and Mr. Long then proceeded with his instructions. He said that more than a year ago the Teachers Committee issued instructions that no children should be received out of their districts. That rule he wanted vigorously enforced. If children from one district applied for admission to a school in another, they must be refused unless they had a permit from the office. Of course the children who attended a school last year would be received this year whether they lived in or out of the district, but no new children from another district should be received without a permit. Principals should try to persuade children to go to their own school, but if applicants insisted upon admission to another school they must be sent to the office, where a permit would be issued or refused as the circumstances of the case might dictate.

The noon hour has been changed, in fact the whole afternoon session has been moved forward half an hour. The hours now will be, dinner hour from 12 o'clock to 1 o'clock and school from 1 o'clock to 3:15 o'clock. Teachers and principals, in consequence of the shortening of the hour, would have to be on hand fifteen minutes instead of half an hour before school opened.

Mr. Long then said he would take up a matter which under the circumstances he would rather not talk about, because it had not been settled by the board. He hoped nothing that he said would be misconstrued, because, acting under instructions, he would simply do his best to inform the principals what they would have to do in the case of free books. The board had passed a resolution to introduce free books into the four lower grades. He did not doubt but that that resolution would be acted upon, but on account of a delay it would be a few days before the books could be obtained. The principals would therefore call upon the children to bring to school whatever books they had to tide over this time, and he thought that with these books and the indigent books which are now in the schools, they could get along until the board had taken action. The principals could make their requisitions on the supply agent now, and he would furnish them with books as rapidly as he could. Those books must not be taken home. Those were the instructions he had received, and he communicated them to the principals. They must be given out in the morning and collected at noon and night.

NOBODY'S FAULT.

Mr. Long said he hoped he would hear no complaints about the delay. It was nobody's fault in particular, and everything would no doubt be done to supply the books at the earliest possible moment. He would look to the principals to prevent complaints among the teachers and scholars. There would be some from the people, but that could not be helped.

The question was asked whether the books formerly placed in the Principal's hands for sale should now be sold.

Mr. Long said to instruct the pupils that those whose parents wished to buy books were at liberty to do so. Those who wished books supplied to them could get them. The books which pupils will bring at the beginning, while waiting for the supplies, would be used by them afterwards. It was not the intention that children who had books should leave them at home and get free books.

Mr. Henning W. Prentice of the Hodgen pointed out a distinction which would necessarily be made between scholars. Those who buy books or who already have them can take their books home. Those who are supplied with books cannot take them home.

By general consent this question seemed to be left to the board and it was not discussed. It is an important point, however, and one which will no doubt occupy the board's attention.

A PERTINENT QUESTION.

Another very pertinent question was raised. The Primary Geography and Fourth Reader are used half a year in the Fifth grade and half a year in the Fourth. The first half year they are free books, the second they must be bought or issued as indigent books, and it is the same with the spelling and music books, and with others that lop over from one grade to another. This is liable to cause serious complications, but Mr. Long said that he supposed the books would be furnished free the second half year, but that was a detail the board would no doubt settle.

HOW TO HANDLE CHILDREN.

That ended the discussion of free books and Mr. Long said one other important point he wished to speak about was the attitude of teachers toward their scholars. The best way to get children to do a thing is to make it a matter of principle. He believed in that because there was a moral aspect to it and because it made the work easier and pleasanter for the teacher. If that idea prompted the teacher's conduct toward the pupil, if a child was taught to study and behave because it ought to and it was right, the results would be far better and the discipline just as perfect as when lessons are learned under compulsion and the good conduct enforced by rule, and the children would become better scholars and better men and women. As to home study, he had always favored it because of its effect upon the parent and the community, but it had long been a custom which ought to be rigidly enforced to explain carefully to the children every new subject taken up. Not to explain every problem, for the object of teaching was not to fill the heads of childen with information, but to nurture and develop their thinking faculties. Explain what they do not know and then let them study over it to see whether with their past studies and their thinking powers they cannot solve for themselves the new problems. If they can, the better for them, if they cannot then show them how. But parents said that if their children could not work out their problems in new studies before they went to school they would receive a bad mark. If he had his way he would throw the system of marking out of the district schools. It was necessary in the higher schools, but in his opinion it was harmful in the district schools. The scholars who received good marks were too greatly encouraged; those who received bad marks too greatly discouraged. It ought not to be held against a pupil if he has tried hard to prepare his problems on a new subject if he comes to school and says he is unable to do it. On the contrary, that is just what they ought to be told to do. Try, and if they succeed, good; if not, come and say so, and the teacher will then teach.

At the conclusion of Mr. Long's admirable address the meeting adjourned.

Murderer McCarty.

CINCINNATI, O., Aug. 30.—Ed McCarty, the murderer who was brought into the police station last midnight, had been in hiding in a lumber camp on the Kentucky side of the river opposite Rising Sun, Ind. His presence there was made known to Chief of Police Deitsch yesterday and he started two men to the place in a buggy. McCarty was hauling lumber and came in after dark, when the officers pounced upon him suddenly. He made an effort to draw his revolver, but was quickly disarmed. He says he walked all the way to that place and had read the papers telling of his crime. He did not attempt to deny the killing, but says he was compelled to do it in self-defense. In the police court this morning he was arranged before a crowded court room. His counsel asked for a continuance of the case, which was granted, until the 10th of September. Meanwhile he goes to jail, the offense not being bailable.

BLAINE'S NEW POLICY.

His Speech in Favor of Reciprocity at a Mass-Meeting at Waterville, Me.

WATERVILLE, Me., Aug. 30.—After being introduced as the "famous advocate of a progressive tariff" to a mass-meeting here last night, Secretary Blaine said:

I wish to declare the opinion that the United States has reached a point where one of its highest duties is to enlarge the area of its foreign trade. Under the beneficent policy of protection we have developed a volume of manufactures which, in many departments, overrun the demands of the home markets. In the field of agriculture, with the immense propulsion given in it by agricultural implements, we can do far more than produce breadstuffs and provisions for our own people; nor would it be an ambitious destiny for so great a country as ours to manufacture only what we can consume, or to produce only what we can eat. We are already, in many fabrics and in many products, far beyond that, and our great demand is expansion. I mean expansion of trade with countries where we can find profitable exchanges. We are not seeking annexations of territory. At the same time I think we should be unwisely content if we did not seek to engage in what the younger Pitt so well termed annexation of trade. * * * As I have already intimated, I am here to speak of the expansion of our foreign trade, not by any novel process, not by any mode that will shock or disturb home industries, not by any mode that will invite our people to rash experiments, or that will launch us in doubtful and dangerous investments. What I mean to speak of, briefly, is a system of reciprocity not in conflict with a protective tariff, but supplementary thereto, and presenting a field of enterprise that will richly repay the effort and energy of the American people. We shall find it instructive and valuable to examine into the sources of our imports and the destination of our exports, and to strike a balance between the two. Take last year—1889. In that year our whole exports to all the countries in the three continents of Europe, Asia and Africa, and to Australia, Canada and Hawaii, amounted in round numbers to $658,000,000, and our imports from all these countries amounted in round numbers to $529,000,000, showing that from that vast trade we had a balance of $129,000,000 in our favor, equivalent to that amount of gold among our people. But when all the accounts were closed, instead of having $129,000,000 in our favor, we had a balance of $13,000,000 against us from our foreign trade. We must therefore have lost $142,000,000 in our commerce with the countries outside of those to which I have referred. Where could we have found such a large adverse balance? Let me tell you: We lost $41,000,000 in Cuba, from which our imports were $52,000,000 and to which our exports were only $11,000,000. Forty-one million is a pretty large sum to lose in one island in a single year. In the Republic of Brazil we lost $51,000,000. Our imports from Brazil were $60,000,000. Our exports to Brazil were $9,000,000. In Mexico we lost $10,000,000. Imports from Mexico were $21,000,000; our exports to Mexico were $11,000,000. To sum it all up, our imports from the countries south of us, both insular and continental, on this hemisphere, were $216,000,000; our exports to them were $74,000,000. The balance against us in our trade with those countries, therefore, is $142,000,000, exceeding our gains from all the rest of the world by $13,000,000. By no figure of speech can we flatter ourselves into the belief that our trade with our American neighbors is in a prosperous condition. * * * During the war we were compelled to tax almost everything in the air, in the water on the earth and under the earth. The necessities of the Government were so great that we could allow scarcely anything to be imported without paying tribute, and I think no patriotic man can deny that that was a wise policy. We were not then studying the philosophy of trade relations, but how to save the life of the nation. Money was the primal necessity and we seized it wherever we could reach it lawfully. But during the last eighteen years a great change has been made. So entirely has the war tariff been abolished that in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1889, the articles admitted free were considerably more than one-third of all the imports. To be exact, the imported articles that paid duty exceeded $488,000,000 in value, and the imported articles that paid no duty exceeded $256,000,000 in value. The inevitable tendency is, I think, toward an increase of the free list. Our great mistake was made when we began to repeal the war duties on so large an amount of imports. Any duty repealed was a favor and an advantage to the exporting country, and we have asked nothing in return. Instead of this course (which I must say was one of carelessness and wastefulness by both political parties) every repeal of duty should have been preceded by a most thorough investigation, and whenever it was found practicable to export anything from the United States, and thus establish reciprocity of trade, it should have been done. * * * We encounter opposition to this policy from those who declared that if we enter into reciprocity of trade with one country we must do so with all countries, and thus indirectly bring about free trade. I do not see the logic of this and I am sure the fact will not prove what is predicted. We may enter into reciprocity with another nation because we find advantage in it. We may decline to enter into reciprocity with another nation because we see no advantage in it. Reciprocity is simply a policy of circumstance to be determined favorably or adversely, according as its operation may make or lose for us.

Last but Not Least. The final excursion of the season given by the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH to its "want" advertisers takes place September 10. Put a want "ad" in to-morrow's SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH and go.

HIS HORSE HAD THE HEAVES.

And That Was Why Albert Butler Lost a Pretty Young Widow.

LAPEER, Mich., Aug. 30.—Lewis Clam lives in Burnside Township, this county, so does Albert Butler, likewise a pretty young widow. Both Clam and Butler fell in love with the widow and she kept them both on the string. Clam called on her Tuesday night and told her how much he loved her and wanted her to change her name. She consented and the day was named. Clam had no sooner left the house than Butler, who had been waiting outside, called and earnestly advised her not to be Clam. She said she would not if he would make haste and get a marriage license. Butler promised to use all haste, but Clam found out Butler's intentions and as soon as the County Clerk's office was opened Wednesday morning he got a license. Less than an hour afterward Butler got his license and Clam heard of it. Each knew the other's intention and each hired a horse to beat the other to the widow's house. Butler played in hard luck, as he got a horse that had the heaves, and while his horse was standing still in the road and coughing as if his ears would drop off, Clam dashed by and arrived at the house ten minutes ahead of Butler, and by the time the tardy young man arrived at the Justice's house to urge his case the widow had become Mrs. Clam.

Germany's Newport. A visit to the great seaside resort of Germany. Its picturesque people and scenery. Illustrated in to-morrow's SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

Furniture Factory Burned.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Aug. 30.—The furniture factory operated by M. L. Sweet was burned early this morning. Loss, $15,000; fully insured. The cause of the fire was spontaneous combustion. Harry Tucker, a fireman, fell from the third story and was severely burned.

For the Working Girls' Free Library.

There will be a lawn musicale at the residence of Mr. Chas. E. Telsey, corner Taylor and Ashland avenues, on Friday, September 5, at 7:30 p. m. The proceeds go for the benefit of the St. Louis Working Girls' Free Library and Evening School. This is a most worthy object and should receive ample encouragement.

AN ADVANCE IN COAL.

PRICES TO BE RAISED SEVERAL PEGS MONDAY MORNING.

Coal That Has Been Sold all Summer at $6.50 Per Ton, Soon to Be $7.50—W. W. Sylvester Explains the Cause of the Jump—Edward Devoy on the Subject—Another Rise Promised Before the Winter is Over.

Monday morning coal will be 25 to 50 cents per ton higher than it is to-day, and from that date on through the winter the rates will advance. About six weeks ago the coal mine owners and operators met in New York and raised the price of coal 22 cents per ton, causing an advance here of 25 cents per ton. It also caused an advance in Chicago and all Western cities. Through a general understanding coal dealers have decided to raise the prices, and on September 1 the rates will be advanced all over the West.

HARD COAL PRICES.

"The ruling prices for hard coal are now, and have been for the past sixty days, $6.75 and $7 per ton, according to size," said W. W. Sylvester, Treasurer of the Sylvester Coal Co., to-day.

"These prices, however, have been cut to a considerable extent on large orders, but on and after September 1 I look for much firmer rates and greater unity of prices, to say nothing of an advance of 25 cents or 50 cents, which is bound to come. Should the ruling figures be $7 and $7.25 as I anticipate, they will still be 25 cents lower than they were this time last year, as coal on September 1 a year ago was selling for $7.25 and $7.50. The reason for this annual advance as fall comes upon us is apparent.

"During spring and early summer months, in order to keep the mines in operation, the producers and railroads in conjuction make the lowest possible figures for delivery of anthracite coal in the Western cities. This low price naturally forces the sale of a large amount of coal during these months, but as the fall approaches and the natural demand for supplies of this kind begins to come in, the operators naturally want to realize a moderate profit for their sales, much of which during the spring and summer has been put out at cost. The railroads, too, come in for their share, and an advance all along the line makes it imperative for the retailer in large cities to keep pace with the movement. I do not predict any scare, although I would not be surprised to see coal touch $8 or higher during the winter, especially if it is a severe one. The mild winters for the past two years have been very disastrous for the coal trade all over the country, and if there is anything in the law of average, we ought to experience a change pretty soon.

WHEN YOU CONSIDER.

"These prices are not exorbitant and there is no 'gouge' as some claim. Anthracite coal at $7 and $7.50 a ton is cheap property when you consider it is carried about one thousand miles by rail, with a bridge arbitrary and cost of delivery added. State Railroad Commissioners say that railroads cannot carry freight for less than ½ a cent per ton per mile, and make money. Yet the rates from the East on coal are far below ½ a cent per ton per mile. Say the distance from the mines to St. Louis is 1,000 miles and the rate ½ a cent. That would be $5 per ton. Then add the bridge toll, 40 cents per ton; delivering, 50 cents per ton; loss, 10 cents per ton. This would make a ton cost $6 without counting the cost of mining, the profit of the operator and the profit of the dealer. The freight rate, however, is not $5 per ton, and that is why we can sell coal for less than $9 and $10 per ton."

SURE TO BE AN ADVANCE.

Edward Devoy of the Devoy & Feuerborn Coal Co. promised a raise in the cost of coal, saying: "We have been selling coal this year at $6.50 to $6.75 to family trade, but the price has advanced to $6.75 to $7 as the coal became scarce. Eastern operators advanced the price 22 cents per ton and we had to do the same. In a day or so another advance from 50 to 75 cents a ton will be made. This includes advanced freight rates of 25 cents about to be made. During the summer the railroads carry grain East and on the way back fill up the cars with hard coal, which they carry at a very low rate rather than return with empty cars. When the lake traffic is about closing for the year the railroads, relieved of the competition, advance the rates. As the demand for coal increases the mine operators advance the prices in winter and hence the wide difference in prices during the summer and winter.

"With a fluctuation of $1 a ton in a year there appears to be a big chance for speculation, but there is not. The combination between the operators is so weak and the probability of their beginning a war against each other any time, makes the risk too great. A dealer storing 100,000 bushels during the summer bought at $6.50 to sell in winter at $7.50 and make $100,000 may have to sell during a war at $5.50 and lose as much."

STOLE A WIFE.

Ex-Preacher Sanborn Meets a Wronged Husband in Cleveland.

George M. Sanborn, ex-pastor of the Church of the Redeemer (Congregational), Barrett street and Tompson avenue, narrowly escaped death at the hands of an infuriated husband in Cleveland, O., on Tuesday. Sanborn left St. Louis a year ago last May, and went to Eureka, Cal., where he was engaged to preach by the Congregational Society. In the society were J. T. Ricks and wife. They were very friendly to the new pastor, as were all the other members. The society prospered and a new church was built. Mrs. Ricks became very fond of Sanborn and he reciprocated her affection. Four months ago Mrs. Ricks left her husband's home for Reno to visit. She took her two children with her. Sanborn suddenly resigned his charge, announced his intention of leaving the ministry altogether and of going to Chicago, where he would practice law.

It was learned a few days later that he had met Mrs. Ricks and they had gone away together.

Mr. Ricks, after a long search, located them last Tuesday in Cleveland. He found them living as George M. Sanborn and wife at No. 9 Granger street and his two children were with them. Sanborn had obtained employment in a shoe store and was not at all pleased to see Ricks, who would have killed him had he not been restrained.

Subsequently the husband and wife met and she released all her claim upon his property, gave up the children, took $200 and announced her intention of remaining with Sanborn. Ricks is on his way back to Eureka with his children and is happy.

Sanborn came to St. Louis from Little Rock in 1888. He had there married a Mrs. Price, a divorced woman much older than himself. They did not live happily together and one of their upheavals Sanborn suddenly resigned the pastorate of the Church of the Redeemer. His resignation was accepted at once by the trustees for, although he was an earnest, eloquent preacher, he lacked virtues that seemed necessary in the view of the trustees. There was some gossip concerning his relations with one lady in the society, but there were no charges openly made. He was much chagrined over the immediate acceptance of his resignation and the brevity of the resolution of confidence. His wife and her daughter returned to Little Rock, where they are now living.

September 10 the Day. Want advertisers should not forget that the last of the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH "want" advertisers' excursions is at hand. Advertise your wants to-morrow and get a ticket free.

Banner Lodge Excursion.

Banner Lodge, No. 12, A. O. U. W., will give a railroad excursion and picnic to Ramona Park, on the Narrow Gauge, to-morrow. Amusements of various kinds, dancing, games, racing and other sports will take place. Music furnished by J. F. Agnew's band. A special train will leave the Narrow Gauge Depot at 8:30 a. m. Trains to and from grounds every thirty minutes during the day.

MR. JOHN M. WHITE and MR. W. E. ELLSWORTH have connected themselves with the advertising department of the POST-DISPATCH with the special object of writing up the business interests of St. Louis.

A NEW RAILROAD.

TO OPEN UP THE RESOURCES OF THE NORTH END.

Bellefontaine and Calvary Cemeteries to Be Brought Within Easy Reach—What the Road Is and Where It Goes—New City Hall Complications—Maj. Murphy's Discovery—Municipal Matters.

A bill was introduced into the House of Delegates last night by Mr. Siegmund, authorizing the Eads Bridge, Fair Grounds & Cemetery Railroad Co. to construct an electric railway. The line of the road is to be from Third and Locust streets, north to O'Fallon, thence to Seventh, thence to Cass avenue, thence west to Ninth, thence north to Mullanphy, west to Nineteenth, thence to Benton, thence to Twenty-second, north to Hebert street, west to Twenty-fifth, north to Palm, thence to Parnell, thence to Barrett, thence to Grand avenue, to Lee, to Newstead, to Florrissant, passing Bellefontaine to the south gate of Calvary cemetery. The incorporators are D. B. Gould, Jas. Bannerman, D. P. Rowland, J. M. Loring, L. G. McNair, John B. Rankin, E. H. Linley, and Pulaski Langailler.

In a conversation with Mr. David B. Gould to-day that gentleman gave much information as to the plans of the project, etc.

"The necessity for a line covering the territory through which we propose to extend ours," he said, "has been apparent for some time. There is at present no method of transportation to and from Bellefontaine and Calvary, and only last Sunday there were three or four thousand people out there who were put to serious inconvenience by the lack of proper transfer facilities. The portion of the city through which we pass has inadequate railway facilities also. I hold that the development of this city dates from the time of the construction of the first cable lines. Rapid transportation does more to develop a portion of a city than any other agency. There are many beautiful tracts of land lying along our line which would make as desirable homesteads as any in St. Louis were they convenient to an electric or cable line. We propose to furnish an electric line which will meet this necessity. The criticism has often been passed that St. Louis has fewer outlying additions that are a credit to it than any city of its size in the country. We are going to try and rectify this condition. While we feel that the investment will bring no profitable returns for two or three years, it must eventually do so. We have not as yet agreed upon the system, but will look them all over and get the best. We want to make the trip from Third and Locust to the south gate of Calvary in about 40 minutes. If it is to the interest of the promoters, we will extend the line and open up the large tracts lying north of the city."

The ordinance was given first reading last night and every effort will be made to have it passed in the shortest possible time. The backers of the road are all well known business men of St. Louis, and the fact that they are interested in the plan is in itself an endorsement.

Getting Badly Mixed.

Things are becoming somewhat tangled over the new City Hall and the officials are beginning to kick about the site selected and are trying to blame each other for what they did not do. When the City Hall Commission was formed they went about selecting a site, which they finally did after a good deal of fuss. When Washington Park was selected they put into the code of competition a clause providing that the center of the east front should be on the center line of Walnut street so that a fine view of the hall could be had from the East. They never thought of grades and the hill which would obstruct the view was not considered at all. After the changes in grades had been recommended by the architect the commission was called together and recommended the change to the board. Now the members say that the commission did not do so, and that the whole thing was very informal, and that it was left to the discretion of the board and so on. Several who were on the commission toward the latter part of its existence now disapprove of the site, but say that they could do nothing, as they were not in office when the choice was made.

Yesterday afternoon the Council Committee tried to get at the matter in some sort of shape, but with little success. They got plenty of conflicting opinions from a variety of reliable sources and were left in the end as badly off as they were before. What will be done is a doubtful question. Some say that the City Hall can be seen if one comes close enough. Gen. Stevenson, the Comptroller, says that he does not see why special provisions should be made for seeing the building from Walnut street any more than from any other, and then others argue that if the hall is not to be seen why build it. The whole thing is becoming very much tangled.

A Valuable Find.

The preliminary work having been completed, Commissioner Murphy commenced the survey of the river front from Elwood street to the River Des Peres this morning. The work is very important, as upon the result will depend the gaining by the city of many thousand feet of additional wharf. In examining the records of his office some time since, Maj. Murphy unearthed an old ordinance of the city of Carondelet, entitled:

"An ordinance to remove obstructions from the river shore within the limits of this town and for other purposes." Sec. 1 of the ordinance dedicates "the towpath or water street along the river front within the limits of said town, as a public wharf forever." After consultation with the Mayor it was determined to make a survey of that portion of the river front described above and establish the present wharf line. Maj. Murphy estimates that fully $50,000 worth of property will be secured to the city by this survey.

From a Farmer.

Mr. C. M. Forman of Nashville, Ill., brother of the Congressman, has written a letter to Harbor Commissioner Murphy, asking him if some arrangement cannot be made under the new method of disposing of the city garbage for utilizing such part of it as can be applied to fertilizing purposes. Mr. Forman says that the farmers in his neighborhood are all very much interested in the matter and would like to get hold of the thousands of tons of good fertilizer which are annually dumped into the river. Maj. Murphy will talk the question over with the Mayor.

Don't Like Water.

Barney Taaffe, Superintendent of the Poorhouse, visited the City Hall yesterday on business connected with the institution. He said: "I see the board was figuring on bath tubs for my hotel out there. They don't know all about that bath tub business and don't realize what a disturbance they create when they talk to paupers about bathing. It is an actual fact that we lose a large number of boarders every year simply because we try to make them bathe. One rule of the institution is that every pauper upon his arrival shall be given a thorough washing and be dressed in clean clothes; we have had many who left the institution rather than take that bath. A pauper, as a rule, would rather work than take a bath."

By a decision of the board, three new bathtubs will be added to the Poor-house outfit, and the paupers disturbed in proportion.

The Collecting Squad.

On every payday there assembles at the City Hall, in the vicinity of the City Treasury, a gathering of men who strike terror into the souls of a majority of the city employes. They are collectors waiting to pounce upon the unfortunate as soon as he draws his pay. Every scheme imaginable is adopted to dodge these collectors, and sometimes a clerk or inspector lets his money remain in the treasury a week before he gets it. Other cases are known where another employe who has no collector on his trail is authorized to draw the salary of the man in debt and keep it until the collector is tired out. The collectors have become very expert, however, and are up to nearly all the tricks.

Taylor's Sure Cure, cures Indigestion.

ARRESTED FOR FRAUD.

Frank G. Bauer Charges J. Finney With Having Mulcted Him.

This morning Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Dierkes issued a warrant, charging J. Finney with fraud. The defendant, an intelligent looking young man, is now locked up in the Four Courts hold-over, having been unable to furnish the proper bond. The case against him is a peculiar one.

The prosecuting witness is a young man named Frank G. Bauer. His home for several years has been on Cottage Grove avenue in Chicago. He is now stopping at 200 South Twelfth street. It appears that Bauer came to St. Louis about a week ago. In looking over the daily papers he ran across an advertisement which purported to be that of J. Kinney & Co., book agents, in a room in the Emilie Building, 906 Olive street. Agents were wanted and a good salary was guaranteed. Baum went to the place and was met by a well-dressed young man, who introduced himself as J. Finney. He said he had inserted the advertisement, but told Bauer that he was too late to get the job, as he had just sent a man to Kansas City that day. He advised him to watch the papers, however, as he would want a man to go to Springfield in a few days. Bauer kept his eye open as directed and on the 26th inst. saw the advertisement. He called at the Emilie Building again and signed a contract to work for J. Finney & Co. three months at a salary of $60 per month. He was to go to Springfield, Ill., and canvass for a line of books. The young man was told that he would have to make a deposit of $25 to pay for the outfit, which would be sent to him at Springfield by express the following day.

Bauer went to Springfield that same evening and the following morning appeared at the express offices for his outfit. Nothing had come. He waited an entire day and then telegraphed to J. Finney & Co. asking what was the matter. He received no answer. Another day passed and he became suspicious. He telegraphed his employers to send him his outfit or return his $25. There was no reply. Yesterday evening Bauer returned to St. Louis and went at once to the Emilie Building. J. Finney was not in. The young man made a second call this morning and demanded the return of his money. Finney refused to accede to his request. Neither would he give Bauer an outfit, claiming that he had not followed his instruction. The key to the door was on the table. Seeing that argument was useless Bauer snatched it up, and before Finney could realize his design had slammed the office door and locked it from the outside. With the key in his pocket Bauer ran to the Four Courts for an officer. Capt. Young detailed Officer Fuqua and the two started for Olive street. At the corner of Eleventh and Clark avenue they met Finney, who said he was on his way to the Four Courts to cause Bauer's arrest for locking him in his room. He had escaped by climbing over the transom. Finney was taken into custody notwithstanding his expostulations. He has as yet made no statement of the trouble, offering, however, to bet the officer $50 to 10 cents that he was innocent. Robert Kuensler, 1407 Pine street, is a witness for the prosecution, he having answered one of Finney's advertisements. The prisoner gives his age as twenty-three years, says he is a married man and lives at Kirkwood. Inquiries made by the police officers failed to disclose the stock of books which the prisoner claimed to have on hand. The case will be aired in the courts, as Bauer will remain in the city to see the thing through.

"Namgay Doola." A complete and most interesting story on Heredity, by Rudyard Kipling. Illustrated in to-morrow's SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

SOCIETY CHAT.

Mrs. H. Clay Oyler has returned home after a delightful trip East.

Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Keys of Compton Hill spent last Wednesday in Alton.

Mrs. C. A. Blake returned to the city last week after an absence of two weeks.

Mrs. Gerald Fitzgibbon and son, Allen, of Sioux City are visiting friends in the city.

Mrs. H. Gehner and Mrs. G. Brandam have returned from their visit to Niagara Falls.

Mr. Fred Victor Hoffmann, the violinist, has returned after an extensive trip through the East.

Mrs. Dorothea Hedges and daughter, Miss Anna Hedges, have just returned from a trip to Petoskey, Mich.

Miss Eva O'Neill of the South Side has just returned from Rolla, Mo., where she has spent her vacation.

Cary M. Keys, Jr., and sister, Hannah A. Keys have returned home, having spent their vacation in the East.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Bell and Mrs. Hathaway and daughter, Julia, have returned from the East after a visit to relatives.

Harry Boehmer of John avenue left Thursday morning for a two weeks' visit to his aunt, Mrs. Baldwin of White Hall, Ill.

Mr. Henry Welpott has left on a pleasant trip for Chicago, Milwaukee and Lake Geneva. He will return some time next month.

Miss Lizzie Newhall, a handsome and attractive young lady of Louisville, is the guest of the Misses Henry of Compton Hill.

Miss Annie Burman and friend, Miss Lettie Green, left the city last Tuesday morning to visit Mrs. Chas. Fleckenstein at Louisville, Ky.

Miss Dottie Cohn of Memphis, Tenn., the accomplished daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Cohn, is here on a visit to her cousin, and is stopping with her uncle and aunt at 3325 Washington avenue.

Last Thursday evening a number of friends gathered at the house of Miss Ida Schollmeyer, event of a birthday surprise, and the was the recipient of many handsome presents, including an upright piano, which was christened by some of the ablest amateur talent of the city, the Thespian Club doing their share towards making the evening a very rare treat indeed. Mr. Henry Groffman sang "Old Madrid" with effect, Mr. Caroling recited, Miss Cora Marceau recited, Mr. A. R. Schollmeyer got his "Pickwick Papers" and Mr. Gus Schollmeyer sang his "Bingbinger," Mr. Byron Sharp gave a baritone solo, Mr. Ed Martin rendered his plantation melodies, Mr. Arthur Williams recited. Among those present were: Messrs. William Caroline, Ed Martin, Geasland, Arthur Williams, Henry Groffman, Byron Sharp, Julius Harris, Fred Wilkins, Geo. Bruner, Alex Harris, Harry Harris, J. Frank Dugan, John C. Dugan, Misses Cora Marceau, Hattie Prasil, Jennie Mullon, Ida Lesser, Minnie Cornelli, Mary Hilzelburg, Mellie Williams, Celeste Ravold, Carrie Harper, Lottie Simon, Ida Schollmeyer, Lillie Eggleson.

Home Seekers' Cheap Excursions

For the fall of 1890 will leave St. Louis September 9 and 23 and October 14 by the Missouri Pacific Railway and "Iron Mountain route" to points in Southwest Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, Arkansas and Texas. Half fare for the round trip. Ample stopover privileges and thirty days limit on tickets. Ticket offices 102 North Fourth street and Union Depot.

Knights of Pythias.

During the week just passed a petition bearing the signature of forty-one citizens of Holt County asking for the establishment of a lodge of Knights of Pythias at Mound City has been received and warrant issued. The lodge will be instituted about the 2d of September, and the Grand Chancellor, Jos. H. Hawthorne, will probably officiate.

Efforts which promise good results are being made at St. Charles for the establishment of a lodge at that place, and it is expected that very soon the tri-color banner of "Friendship, Charity and Benevolence" will be planted at the mouth of the Missouri.

The committees appointed by the Grand Chancellor will be notified during the coming week and a list of same promulgated from his office.

At 5:45 o'clock this morning an alarm was sent in from box 544 for a blaze in the residence of A. H. Morrison, 4149 McPherson avenue. Sparks from the grate had ignited a number of books in the library near by. The loss is about $50.

"THE PURE" BAKING POWDER. NEW NICE

IN DEFENSE OF HER HONOR.

H. T. McCabe Explains the Killing of Max Stein in Mexico.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Aug. 30.—A brief announcement of the murder of Max Stein, District Judge of the Hidalgo County Circuit Court, was contained in the dispatches of August 19. He was shot by the wife of ex-Judge H. P. McCabe, a bitter political enemy at Reynosa, Mexico, and no reasonable motive could be ascribed until yesterday, when the following affecting appeal was received:

REYNOSA, Mexico, Aug. 20.

To the American People:

For two months I have been in my bed, disabled from a gunshot wound in the foot. During this time my wife, Maria Inez, who is but 18 years old, almost from day to day has been followed and insulted by one Max Stein. He has even followed her with armed men, has questioned her virtue, and wrote a letter to the Sheriff of Karnes County, in which he expressed the belief that I was not married to her. She was brought to bed and confined prematurely, and our babe was lost, all through these unheard of terrible slurs and slanders cast upon her by this same Stein, and defending that most dear to a woman, her honor, she shot him through the heart and forever sealed the polluted lips of a slanderer of women's virtue. The shooting occurred in Reynosa, Tamulpas, Mexico, on the 17th inst. She, my wife, is now in jail at this place. We are, indeed, in need of financial aid. Gentlemen of America, can you help my wife now in her sad plight? Do it by voluntary contributions, in the name of woman's sanctified virtue. Send any amount that may be raised to either Albert Dean of Hidalgo, Tex.; H. P. Rentfro of Brownsville, or Don Juan Dominguez of this place, who compose a committee to receive whatever is given to defend my wife.

Yours truly, H. T. McCABE.

The shooting occurred at Reynosa, where an excursion party from Metamoras was attending a fair. After an evening performance at the theater Judge Stein, accompanied by his wife and daughter, entered a booth for refreshments. The ladies had taken seats at a table and Judge Stein was about to sit down when Mrs. McCabe rushed up to them, her long black hair streaming in the air. She seized the Judge by the arm, held a pistol to his breast and fired, and the man fell dead at her feet. Mrs. Stein sprang up and was felled to the ground by a blow from the infuriated woman's pistol. The murderess, who is described as a beautiful woman, also knocked the Chief of Police down with her pistol and held a policeman at bay with the same weapon until she was disarmed and pinioned by a squad of soldiers. Mrs. McCabe's husband, who held the position of County Judge of Carna County, Tex., for which he was ineligible, had been recently unseated, his successor being Judge Stein. McCabe, with a number of friends, endeavored to capture the Court-house, but, failing, fled to Mexico, where he has since resided. Mrs. McCabe had sworn vengeance against Stein.

Startling Discovery.

The discovery by the inhabitants of a locality hitherto unvisited by the pestilent scourge of fever and ague, that it exists in their very midst, is decidedly startling. Such discoveries are made at every season, in every part of the Union. Subsequently, when it is ascertained, as it invariably is at such times, through the valuable experience of someone who has been benefited and cured, that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is a thoroughly efficacious eradicator of the malarial poison and a means of fortifying the system against it, a feeling of more security and tranquility reigns throughout the whole neighborhood. Besides the febrile forms of malarial disease, dumb ague and ague cake are removed by the potent action of the Bitters, to which science also gives its sanction as a remedy for rheumatism, dyspepsia, constipation, liver complaint, debility, kidney troubles and all diseases impairing the organs of digestion and assimilation.

LOOK FOR HAPPINESS

Also, Look for McNichol.

Summer is waning, the leaves will turn,
The bright blue skies will darker grow;
The birds for brighter climes will yearn,
And sadder will the river flow.
The brief glad days are going fast,
The harvest sheaves stand on the hill,
And soon the summer will be past
And all the groves be still.

Yet nature offers in exchange
Some blessings for the ones that fade,
And while there's life it will be strange
If hearts lose hope because of shade.
A thousand busy thoughts awake
For coming pleasures in the fall—
For ease of sorrow and heartache
In palace, cot and hall.

But now the sower reaps his seed,
The fields stand ripening in the sun;
Now is the time that winter's need
Comes to us when the day is done.
Thrice blest is he who early sees
Necessity for putting by,
And cheers his loved ones by degrees
Against the storm now hovering nigh.

Go with the portion you can spare
To one who helps each honest man—
McNichol; leave things to his care,
And try his new installment plan.
Make effort now in health and strength
To keep the substance, waste the foam;
And when the tempest breaks at length
You will be sheltered in your home.

Mark how the little birds and insects prepare for ugly weather when the summer has gone. Go thou and do likewise. It will be far easier than you think. Make your loved ones comfortable, at little expense. Pay by the week.

(Trade Mark.) THE ONLY McNICHOL,
1022, 1024, 1032, 1034 Market St.

P. S.—Mack has more nice things than you ever dreamed of, and for you as well as another. Soon the city will put on her gala dress. Be ready and have a home to show your visitors.

L. MOHR,
Confectioner and Caterer,
602 Olive st., and 1424 Chouteau av.
Best Ice Cream and Ices,
In Cans.
$1.50 Per Gallon.

F. W. DROSTEN,
619 Olive Street,
THREE DOORS WEST OF BARR'S
Has a Large Stock of
DIAMONDS, WATCHES AND JEWELRY.
And invites all those contemplating purchasing to compare quality, styles and prices.

DIED.

BERMINGHAM—Friday, August 29, at 10 p. m., CORNELIUS BERMINGHAM, aged 60 years; father of the late Michael Bermingham.

Funeral from the residence of his son-in-law, Daniel D. Murphy, 25 South Twentieth street, Sunday, August 31, at 2 p. m., to St. John Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends invited to attend.

BRENNAN—On August 29, at 11 a. m., J. BRENNAN, aged 36 years.

Funeral will take place from the family residence, 2731½ Chouteau avenue, on Sunday, August 31, at 1:30 p. m., to St. Malachi's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

Deceased was a member of Lilly Lodge, No. 551, K. and L. of H., also member of the Fraternal Legion.

Beardstown papers please copy.

HEADE—On the 30th, at 1 o'clock, BRIDGET, beloved wife of Richard Heade, after a short illness.

Due notice of funeral will be given.

SHAUGHNESSY—August 30, 1890, Mrs. MARY SHAUGHNESSY, aged 54 years.

Her funeral will take place at 2 o'clock p. m., Sunday, 31st., from family residence, 1929 Division street, to St. Bridget's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends are invited to attend.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS OFFERED
—TO—
ALL HOME-SEEKERS
—AT—
Tuxedo Park
—ON THE—
MISSOURI PACIFIC.

Houses Built Upon Your Own Plans on Small Monthly Payments Within the Reach of All.

No Cheap Shanties, No Nuisances Allowed.

Building Lots 50 Feet Front For Sale From $6.00 to $10.00 Per Foot.

Terms: $10.00 Cash and $10.00 Per Month. No Interest and No Taxes.

Come out on Sunday. Take the 1 o'clock or 3:15 o'clock trains and our agent will furnish you free transportation at the depot.

M'NAIR & FARISH,
Real Estate and Loans, 722 Chestnut Street.

Fred. Graf Eng. 3rd & Locust St.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

ST. VINCENT'S SEMINARY. Grand and Lucas avs. Class duties will be resumed Sept. 8, 1890.

$400—MEDIA (PA.) MILITARY ACADEMY; boys. Brooke Hall; girls. Circulars free.

MONTICELLO.
New Buildings, New Furniture, New Pianos,
New Equipments, Beautiful Situation.
Opens Sept. 26. Full and superior Faculty. Departments for English, Latin, Greek, German, French, Science, Music, Art, etc. Send for information to MISS H. N. HASKELL, Principal, Godfrey, Ill.

Beethoven Conservatory of Music.
Largest Music School in the West.
WALDAUER & EPSTEIN, Directors, 1603 Olive St.
Send for circular.

RUGBY ACADEMY.
Olive st., bet. Cabanne and Vandeventer.
A high-grade preparatory school for boys. Opens Monday, September 15. Applications received and examined September 1 to 6 at 2643 Washington av.
DENHAM ARNOLD, Principal.

ST. LOUIS SEMINARY.
A PRIVATE SELECT SCHOOL of high grade for YOUNG LADIES. at Jennings, three-quarters of a mile from the limits of St. Louis on the Wabash Railway. Location Beautiful, Healthy, Retired. Scholarship thorough. MUSIC, ART, LANGUAGES, LITERATURE. Established 1871. Chartered. Early application necessary to secure room. For Catalogue address the Principal,
B. T. BLEWETT, LL. D., Jennings, Mo.

FOREST PARK UNIVERSITY,
KIRKWOOD SEMINARY. 30th YEAR.
Mrs. ANNA SNEED CAIRNS, President. —IN ST. LOUIS, MO.—

FOREST PARK UNIVERSITY

Immediately joins Forest Park, St. Louis, Mo. One of the largest parks in the country, containing 20 miles of winding roads, picturesque bridges, pavilions, etc. NOTHING FINER IN THE WORLD. The cut above shows our beautiful buildings, modern, roomy and homelike containing every convenience, heated with hot water and lighted with electricity; constructed on the cottage plan. NO BASEMENT DINING-ROOM, found in many educational buildings. FOREST PARK UNIVERSITY gives a FULL COLLEGE COURSE (similar to that of Wellesley, Vassar and Smith), Seminary Course, Academic Courses, and the usual Preparatory Departments. The COLLEGE OF MUSIC is fully equipped, having five teachers; large Pipe Organ for advanced pupils, a two manual pedal organ and 17 pianos. Instruction is given in Pipe Organ, Piano, Voice, (the Italian method,) by a pupil of La Grange, Paris; Harmony, Theory, Counterpoint, Violin, Guitar, Mandolin, Banjo, etc. Thorough Art Training. Elocution a Specialty. A Protestant Evangelical University for women, the Bible the corner-stone, providing higher culture; an institution that shall bless womanhood and girlhood by developing every power. FULL FACULTY. 18 SPECIALISTS from Wellesley and Mt. Holyoke. For full information and catalogue, or to secure rooms address,
Mrs. ANNA SNEED CAIRNS, FOREST PARK UNIVERSITY, ST. LOUIS, MO.

Notice!! To Whom It May Concern.

The rapid manner in which lots are being sold at Oak Hill Place has prompted us to establish an office on the ground, for the convenience of purchasers. The terms upon which the lots are sold, being only $50 cash and $10 per month, give every one an opportunity to secure a home site, or a real estate investment, where property is bound to rapidly increase in value. Oak Hill Place is located on the south side of Tower Grove Park, midway between Grand avenue and King's highway; the Pine Street Electric Cars go direct to the property every three minutes. The prices placed on the property range from $10 to $16 per foot, and as it is high, healthy, well drained and contiguous to city water and electric lights it is unquestionably the cheapest and best property in the city for the money.

Our branch office is located on the northwest corner of Arsenal Street and Morgan Ford Road (Arsenal Street is the southern boundary line of Tower Grove Park and the street on which the Pine Street Electric Cars run), where our representative can be found every day until September 1, from 10 a. m. to 6:30 o'clock p. m.

HAMMETT-ANDERSON-WADE, 213 N. Eighth St.

THE DUEBER-HAMPDEN WATCHES THE BEST.
FACTORIES LARGEST IN THE WORLD.

THE BEST TIME KEEPER.
SEND FOR OUR BOOK, "FRAUDS IN WATCHES."
THE DUEBER WATCH CASE MFG. CO., CANTON, OHIO.

"SUPERIOR"
STOVES AND RANGES
Firebacks Guaranteed 5 Years.
RINGEN STOVE CO.
508 N. Fourth St.

WASHBURN •
Guitars, Mandolins & Zithers
in volume and quality of tone are the best in the world. Warranted to wear in any climate. Sold by all leading dealers. Beautifully illustrated, descriptive catalogue with portraits of famous artists MAILED FREE.
LYON & HEALY, CHICAGO.

Underwear.

We are showing the most attractive line of Wool and Merino

Fall and Winter Underwear

In this market. Merchants consulting their interest will examine our stock before buying. We carry everything in that line for Men, Women and Children.

SAM'L C. DAVIS & CO.

AMUSEMENTS.

HAVLIN'S | Formerly the People's.
To-Night. To-Night.
GRAND OPENING.
To-Night. To-Night.
The Great American Comedy-Drama,
ONLY A WOMAN'S HEART.
A Good Play, a Strong Company.
Matinee To-Morrow.
Every Evening Next Week, Thursday and Saturday Matinees.
Telephone No. 854.
Sunday Matinee, Sept. 7—A SOAP BUBBLE.

SCHNAIDER'S GARDEN AND NEW THEATER.
GRAND SUCCESS!
SECOND AND LAST WEEK!
THE SPENCER OPERA CO.
"GIROFLE-GIROFLA."

OLYMPIC.
Sunday, August 31, Opening of Season of 1890 and 1891.
The Latest and Best Farce-Comedy,
U. S. MAIL.
Matinees Wednesday and Saturday.
Sunday, September 7—"Shenandoah."

POPE'S | TO-NIGHT.
Last Performance,
"A FAIR REBEL."
The Great Military Comedy Drama.
Telephone No. 1,470. Orders for seats received.
Sunday Matinee—"ONE OF THE BRAVEST."

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE
One Week, commencing SUNDAY, AUGUST 31, the Romantic Actor, Mr.
HARRY LACY
—AND THE—
STILL ALARM,
By Joseph Arthur.
Family Matinee every Wednesday, 25c and 50c.
Regular Matinee every Saturday.
Box sheet now ready.
Next Week—"The Crystal Slipper."

STANDARD THEATER.
Grand Opening, Season 1890-91. This (Saturday) Night, Aug. 30.
With everything new, fresh and brilliant. Newly painted, decorated, papered, carpeted, and a new and elegant drop-curtain. Subject, "Bay of Naples." Painted by Faust & Co., and for finish and design has no equal in the city. The opening attraction will be
THE CITY CLUB
BURLESQUE & VAUDEVILLE CO.
Funny comedians, lovely women, gorgeous costumes and scenery, the finest ever before presented to the public. Box-office for the sale of seats now open.
Next attraction commences Sunday, September 7, The Great Spectacular Drama, the new "Michael Strogoff."

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS
A St. Louis, Keokuk & Northwestern Railroad train leaves Union Depot, St. Louis, every Sunday morning at 7:30 for Hannibal, Mammoth Cave and Quincy, Ill., stopping at all intermediate points. Round trip tickets at very low rates. Ticket offices, 112 N. 4th st. and Union Depot.

Newland's College of Midwifery
AND
LYING-IN INSTITUTE.
This is the only institute of the kind in the West in which regular physicians lecture, and which is connected with a lying-in [illegible], so that students will receive practical and theoretical lessons. Male and female students admitted. The regular term will commence March and September every year. Ladies who expect their confinement accommodated.
DR. [illegible] NEWLAND, [illegible] Chouteau av.

WITH JOY AND DESPAIR.

HOWARD FIELDING'S FEELINGS HURT ON READING THOMAS PLATT'S ADVICE.

He Writes an Essay of His Own on Politics That Has an Interest of Its Own—The Physical Side of Practical Politics Has a Little Light Shed Upon It in an Agreeable Narrative Form.

I HAVE read with mingled joy and despair the communication from Mr. Thomas Platt which appeared in the paper a week ago. I rejoiced to see that justly celebrated reformer come right out boldly and reform things, flat-footed, over his own signature; but, as a young man, I despaired of attaining that high standard of usefulness to my country which he exhorts us to keep forever in view.

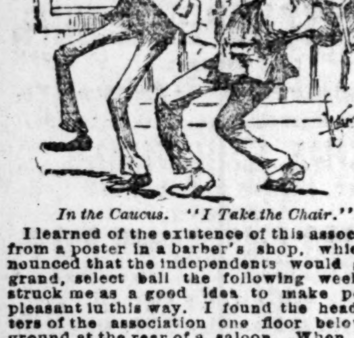
Mr. Platt is quite right in saying that the reformation of politics is a task for youth to undertake. It is little use for a man who is getting along in life and cannot reasonably expect to be able to "hump himself" more than forty or fifty years longer, to tackle the purification of politics, for he will probably have to die and leave the job only about half done. The distinguished writer of that epistle has been toiling for many days right here in New York State, and yet there is much to be desired; while not even Tammany Hall has been able to purify the metropolis.

Now as a young man I tried to do a little purifying in a mild way once, and though I didn't make an entire success of it, my experience and observation may be helpful to other young men who will be moved by Mr. Platt's appeal to embark in that line of business. If I recall the facts of that interesting period aright I was then living in the Second Ward of Boston. I remember that a well-known citizen named Gallagher, whose moral character was as beautiful as a fighting bull pup, had been nominated for alderman by one of the two parties. I really forget which one it was; but I know that the other party seemed likely to put up one Anderson, whose saloon had a record of six more fights in three months than Gallagher's had. I forget what his other qualifications for office were, but I know that some of the silk stocking element were kicking.

It was at this juncture that some of the young men in the ward began to talk about reform. I can't remember just what

THEIR PLANS

were, but I know that they proposed to nominate a decent man, and had been at work several days trying to find one when I joined the movement. I remarked that they needn't look any further, but they did. This offended me so much that I split off from them temporarily, and hunted up the Second Ward Independent Association with a view to offering my services.



In the Caucus. "I Take the Chair."

I learned of the existence of this association from a poster in a barber's shop, which announced that the independents would give a grand, select ball the following week. It struck me as a good idea to make politics pleasant in this way. I found the headquarters of the association one floor below the ground at the rear of a saloon. When I entered President Johnson, sitting on the end of a beer cask, was just dealing a jack-pot on the head of a barrel. Mr. Johnson was the color of the ace of spades—which he had in his sleeve. I learned that the object of the association was to obtain recognition at the polls, but I did not find out just what amount of recognition in dollars and cents would be satisfactory.

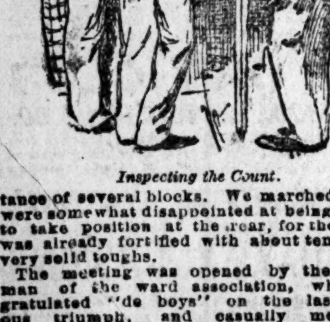
I was invited to join the association and come into the jack-pot, but after discovering where Mr. Johnson kept the aces I did not care to do either. However, not to give offense, I paid the assessment of $1, whereupon the Secretary and Treasurer, despite the President's protest, sent out for a new pack of cards and

A QUART OF BEER.

After this experience I returned to the Young Men's Reform Club. We were told, just as Mr. Platt says, that the place to reform politics is in the primary. We decided to go to the primary and run it right. By ascertaining the number of votes cast at the last primary and dividing it by three we obtained a fairly accurate estimate of the attendance. Then we set about securing the pledges of all the young men who had the interests of their country at heart, and before the night of the caucus we got so many that we felt sure of having a majority on our side.

We had determined to nominate a gentleman of distinguished lineage and high moral character who had hitherto kept aloof from politics. He assured us by letter of his acceptance, but regretted that a social engagement prevented him from attending the caucus. It was arranged that I should take the chair. I had had some experience in a debating society, and flattered myself that I could preside with grace and dignity.

We marched to the hall in a body. It was more nearly filled than we had anticipated; in fact it was entirely filled with tobacco smoke, the odor of which was perceptible at a dis-



Inspecting the Count.

tance of several blocks. We marched in, but were somewhat disappointed at being obliged to take position at the rear, for the railing was already fortified with about ten rows of very solid toughs.

The meeting was opened by the chairman of the ward association, who congratulated "de boys" on the last glorious triumph, and casually mentioned the name of Anderson, whereat there were loud yells of approval. Then he called for nominations for permanent chairman, and the gang with

ONE VOICE

suggested a person named Yates, who was president of the Second Ward Crib Club and several other organizations of the elite. My name was also proposed by a young gentleman of the debating club who had prepared a neat speech which nobody heard. Somehow we did not appear to be getting on, and I suggested that we move nearer the railing. We attempted to do so, and received our first lesson in practical politics.

I am forced to confess that only one of our number developed any fitness for this duty of citizenship. We were almost all college men, well grounded in political economy and the science of government, but the young man whom I have mentioned was the only one of us who appeared to have gained anything in college which was useful in the present emergency. He had played four years in the 'varsity foot-ball team, and this matter of moving up to the railing was right in his line. The way he stood Second Ward toughs on their heads was the most beautiful lesson in practical politics that I ever saw. It was full of suggestions to those whose duty it is to prepare the youth of the country for participation in popular government. If it had not been for this young man, whose name was Brown, we never should have had any show at all in that caucus. But it was just like sport to him. He played that I was a foot-ball, and he secured a touch down with me on the railing in just ten seconds after the game began. By this time

THE TOUGHS

realized what was going on and they crowded upon us. Brown put his back against me, as I hung over the rail, and received the onslaught on his ample chest. For a moment I was in doubt whether the rail or my spine would break first; then the rail gave way and we went through.

When we got upon the platform Brown immediately descended into the crowd to pay his respects to some of the toughs who had been particularly offensive. While he was thus engaged my supporters, who had now gained some courage, yelled for me to take the chair. But Yates had crawled under the rail, and now held the chair by the back. He was a large man with a broken nose, and he did not look pleasant. When my friends

Mr. Fielding Discovers the Second Ward Independent Republican Association.

shouted: "Fielding, take the chair!" Mr. Yates swung the chair around his head, and I took it. In fact, I took it just where most people take a chair, and it lifted me clear off the floor and nearly carried me out through a window on the right of the platform.

After this performance Yates rapped for order and called for nominations of "gents ter receive, sort an' count de votes."

Mr. Brown thereupon approached the railing and announced that I was to be one of the tellers. Mr. Yates looked Mr. Brown all over and said he guessed that I could be a teller without the formality of a vote. Other names were suggested, and the voting soon began. I don't mind saying that if it hadn't been for Brown we shouldn't have got a dozen votes in the box; as it was we polled a fair number. Then we retired into an anteroom to

COUNT THEM.

I do not think I was much use as a teller. The others put the box on a small table and gathered about it. While they counted I made vain endeavors to look over their shoulders and see what they were doing, but I couldn't get a glimpse of anything. When I ventured to protest they told me to run away and play marbles.

This count had been going on for about ten minutes in this way when Brown got his head into the room and wanted to know how I was getting along. I told him that they were not giving me a chance, whereupon he showed symptoms of giving another lesson in practical politics. But the gang outside heard him and began to pour into the room. It was a small place and one side was only roughly boarded up. The result was that Yates and Brown had a heated argument alongside this partition and finally Brown "rushed" Yates clear through it into a vacant lot back of the building, and then chased him nearly a mile over fences and through area ways. The flight of Yates showed the astuteness of the man as a politician. With Brown absent, our party was "not in it." The vote was announced: Anderson, 290; Standish, 2; and resolutions censuring the disorderly conduct of the Reform Club were passed. It was thus that the report was printed in the papers next morning, and though Brown finally caught Yates and put him to bed for nearly a week, the action had little political value.

I venture to add these few hints to the admirable discourse of Mr. Platt, which, if it had a fault, was weak in its failure to emphasize the purely physical side of practical politics. HOWARD FIELDING.

ABOUT TOWN.

SMALL boys set fire to the three-story brick residence at 4152 Easton avenue yesterday afternoon. The property, which is owned by Charles H. Alcock, was damaged to the amount of $50. An alarm was sent in from box 514.

TWELVE-YEAR-OLD Fred Grate fell from the roof of a stable in the rear of 7619 South Broadway, yesterday afternoon, and sustained a fracture of the left arm between the elbow and wrist. He was sent to his home at 8201 Minnesota street.

Won't Stand by the Carpenters.

CHICAGO, Ill., Aug. 30.—Last night a committee from the Carpenters' Council waited upon the officials of the Brickmakers' Union and requested that the Union co-operate with the carpenters in the strike which is to be inaugurated in this city next Monday. They were asked not to employ their men on any of the buildings which the striking carpenters will leave. This morning the officials of the Brickmakers' Union refused to have anything whatever to do with the strike. Had they decided to stand by the carpenters their action would effectually tie up all building operations.

Transferred to the Erie.

HUNTINGTON, Ind., Aug. 30.—Six deeds from W. P. Fishback to Chas. Carter and others, transferring the Chicago & Atlantic Railroad, have been filed in the Recorder's office here. A mortgage of $12,000,000 to secure the payment of 4 per cent gold bonds payable in 1892, and a mortgage to secure income mortgage temporary bonds to the amount of $10,000,000 have also been filed. This completes the transfer of the road to the Erie.

A Veteran of Twenty Battles.

CARLYLE, Ill., Aug. 30.—Capt. E. H. Webber, aged 65 years, died here yesterday. He was engaged in twenty battles during the late war. He was wounded by a bomb at the battle of the Wilderness, while commanding a company of Maine veteran volunteers. This wound developed into paralysis, causing his death.

Bond Redemption.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 30.—The Secretary of the Treasury to-day issued a circular for the redemption of $20,000,000 additional 4½ per cent bonds under the same terms as under the circular of August 21. This offer will remain open until the 16th.

Cost of Coal in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Aug. 30.—The Chicago Coal Exchange has resolved to advance the price of coal 50 cents per ton on and after Monday, September 1. This means a corresponding increase throughout the West.

The Bridal Bulletin.

Wm. Steingrebey	5347 Wilson av
Margaret O'Hearn	5863 Wilson av
J. H. Diamond	Alton, Ill
Julia S. Benson	Alton, Ill
Wm. Douglas	Noble, Ill
Mattie Overton	217 S. Seventh st
Herman Sibalsky	1230 N. 17th st
Pauline Judkenirtz	918 N. 17th st
John Oehler	820 Julia st
Anna Krs	1312 Picker st
John T. Weaver	Covington, Ky
Susie Griffin	Covington, Ky
Hugo Kaysing	311 Carroll st
A. Sophie R. Koch	311 Carroll st

PURE 18-KT. GOLD WEDDING RINGS,
MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
COR. BROADWAY & LOCUST ST.

POTOMAC GOT THERE.

Banker Belmont's Colt Wins the Futurity at Sheepshead Bay.

SHEEPSHEAD BAY RACE TRACK, Aug. 30.—Futurity race: At the start Ambulance was in the lead, rest close up. At the quarter Ambulance and Russell were running neck and neck, Strathmeath third. At the half Ambulance was still leading, Russell second and Strathmeath third.

In the stretch Potomac led by two lengths. Potomac won by two lengths with Masher second.

AMONG THE BROKERS.

A Dull Market—Stocks Sold and Prices Obtained To-Day.

The mining market was decidedly inactive, and the amount of stock changing hands was not large, but prices were firm, and in some instances higher.

For the first time in many months Montrose Placer made its appearance as a stock actually dealt in on the Mining Exchange, and transfers to the amount of 1,000 shares were made. Mullally was the principal seller, and appeared to have complete control of the market. The stock started out with a strong advance. The market opened with a sale of 100 shares at 55, immediately followed by a rise to 60, at which 200 shares were sold. The next quotation was 62½, and 200 shares were transferred at that figure. The stock then struck the slide and fell more rapidly than it had risen. After it had been offered in vain at 60, a bid of 58¾ was accepted, and 200 shares changed hands. A decline to 57½ then took place, and after 100 shares had been sold a further drop to 55 occurred, 200 shares bringing that amount. The market closed at 55 bid, 57½ asked.

The monthly report of the Granite Mountain was received, but it contained no startling information. All parts of the mine are looking well, and the quality of the ore continues to be about the same. Some stockholders believe that larger dividends will be declared before winter. It is stated that there are 450,000 ounces of silver that have not been sold, and that the Board of Directors are holding it for an advance, selling only enough to meet the regular $200,000 monthly dividend. The work in No. 5 is being watched with interest, as it is hoped that in the extension a body of high grade ore may be struck.

Richmond Hill touched the highest point that it has reached, 500 shares selling at 40, seller 60. The demand for this stock is not general, being confined to two or three brokers.

Yuma Copper was decidedly weaker. The market declined to 56¼, and at that price 100 shares changed hands; later 100 shares were sold at 55, seller 30.

There was little done on the curb. Elizabeth was $2.10 asked and no bids were made; 50 shares sold at $2. Skyrocket was 35c bid. Puzzle was offered at 21¼c, bid 18¾c. Large blocks of St. Joe were offered at 10.

The following quotations were made on call:

	BID.	ASK.		BID.	ASK.
Adams	1 65	1 77½	Mex. Imp		15
American	1 55	1 70	Montrose	57½	58¾
Aztec			Mt. Key.	51¼	55
Bi-Metal			Mt. Lion		
Buckskin			M. Breen	1 12½	
Central S.	18¾	20	Nellie	26¼	
Cleveland	4½	5½	Old Colny		9
Clv. & Ahn	15	17½	Old Jesuit		
Cœur d'A	85		P. Murphy	14½	16¼
Gldn West			Richmond		
Gold King	3½	5	R. Hill	40	41¼
Granite M	45 50	46 00	S. Hopes	87½	91¼
Hope			Silver Age	1 40	
I. X. L			So. Queen		
Ingram			Tourte'le	3½	4
Ivanhoe			W. Granit	98¾	1 05
La Union	8½	9½	W. Patch		
Little Alb	37½	40	W. World		
Maj. Budd	11	13	Yuma	57½	61¼

The market was dull and few stocks were dealt in.

The Arrest of Cashier Nichols.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 30.—Charles H. Nichols, president and cashier of the Nichols Bank, which failed about a week ago, was arrested again yesterday on the charge of receiving money for deposit when he knew that the bank was in a failing condition. This is the second time he has been arrested on the same charge.

WHAT CANDY COSTS.

How Small Fortunes Can Be Spent on Sweetments.

From the New York WORLD.

Violets and rose leaves, delicately candied are for sale at $5 a pound.

Gold dragees, a plain, round candy dipped in gold, cost $10 per pound. Silver dragees cost $1.50 a pound.

Fruit candies cost 80 cents.

Chocolates and bonbons of the finest description are 80 cents.

Caramels, cups and drops are 50 cents.

Lime tablets, frequently used on steamers to prevent seasickness, costs 60 cents a pound and come in bottles.

Cream peppermints are also used for steamer purposes by young women and children. They are the same price.

Taffy and molasses drops, besides old-fashioned molasses candy, are here for sale at 40 cents a pound.

Salted almonds are $1 a pound. Cream cherries are 80 cents a pound.

Chocolate for eating and cooking purposes can be bought from 40 cents to 65 cents a cake.

Cocoa is 25 cents a cake. Chocolate creams, jellies and nuts are 80 cents a pound.

Satin bags for candies are, when filled, worth $7 each.

Rests for chairs, in lovely designs in lace and painting, are filled with bags of candy and cost $14.

Cap mottoes, for dinners and germans, cost from 25 cents to $3 a dozen.

Dinner favors, in dainty designs of guitars, bags, bouquets and everything beautiful, are to be ordered at from 50 cents to $2 each.

Satin boxes cost from $5 to $60; these are hand-painted and embroidered, and filled with choice candies they are fit presents for a queen.

Royal Worcester, Crown Derby, Hungarian, Minton, Carlsbad and Moore, for holding candies, are very dainty and elegant. These cost from $8 to $25 each, and are painted frequently in special designs to order.

Twined baskets cost from $3 to $15 each.

Sterling silver bonbonieres, for holding candies, are of most charming designs. These range in price from $5 to $15.

The choicest of these sterling silver bonbonieres contain Italian mint drops, a rare delicacy.

Bonbonieres for holding dragees are made of handsome enamel. These cost from $5 to $20 each.

Sterling silver dishes for table use, for holding choice candies, cost from $3 to $8 each, and are very elegant.

Boxes of dragees cost 25 cents each, and boxes of pastils cost the same price.

A Dainty Sandwich.

From the New York Tribune.

A dainty method of preparing bread with meat is in canape shape. Slices of nice home-made bread at least a day old are cut in oblong pieces (freed from the crust) about 2½x1½ inches in size; or in little circles with a cake cutter, about two inches in diameter. These slices should be a quarter of an inch thick. As soon as a sufficient number are cut begin tossing them in a saute pan with a little butter. As soon as they are fried a golden brown on one side, turn them and fry them on the other. When the canapes are fried set them aside and when they are cold spread them with any mince of meat or fish that you may fancy. They are very nice spread with caviare, or with a little minced lobster dressed with oil, vinegar, salt and pepper. To make anchovy canapes, spread the pieces with a little anchovy butter. Rinse some of the little fish off with cold water, drain, open and trim them. Place four little strips of anchovy on each canape, fill the three little strips of fish—the first with the chopped white of a hard-boiled egg; the second with fine chopped parsley and the chopped yolk of hard-boiled eggs. Season each canape deftly and pack them away for a luncheon party one on top of the other, with a plain slice of bread on top of the last one and a napkin pinned around them. A little pate-de-foix gras is very nice on a canape, although a mince of fish is generally used.

Peter Nicholson Prest. Orson Hewitt Vice Prest. Walker Hill Cas.
Capital $500.000.00 Surplus $275.000.00
American Exchange Bank
Third and Pine Sts. Saint Louis
has increased its capital to half million
its surplus to over quarter million and
solicits accounts of individuals firms and corporations

THE WEATHER.

Daily Weather Bulletin.

The following observations are taken at 6:59 a. m., local time, and 8:00 a. m., 75th meridian time, at all stations:

SIGNAL OFFICE, ST. LOUIS, Aug. 30.

STATIONS.	Height of Barometer.	Thermometer	Wind, direction.	Rainfall in 24 h'rs, inches	State of Weather.
St. Louis, Mo	30.14	64	E	...	Cloudless
Boston	29.74	66	S	...	Cloudy.
New York	29.76	66	W	.04	Cloudless
Lynchburg, Va	29.92	68	NW	...	Cloudless
Washington City	29.88	66	NW	...	Cloudless
Charlotte, N. C.	29.94	72	N	...	Cloudless
Wilmington, N. C.	29.88	70	NW	.34	Cloudless
Charleston, S. C.	29.96	74	NW	...	Cloudless
Augusta, Ga.	29.94	72	NW	...	Cloudless
Jacksonville, Fla.	29.92	76	N	.02	Cloudless
Atlanta, Ga.	29.90	66	N	...	Cloudless
Pensacola, Fla	29.98	76	N	...	Cloudless
Montgomery, Ala.	30.00	72	N	...	Cloudless
Vicksburg	30.02	70	N	...	Cloudless
New Orleans	30.00	74	NE	...	Cloudless
Shreveport	30.06	70	S	...	Cloudy.
Fort Smith, Ark.	30.08	70	E	...	Cloudless
Little Rock	30.06	70	N	...	Cloudless
Palestine, Tex.	30.04	72	NE	...	Cloudless
Galveston	30.02	82	NE	...	Cloudless
San Antonio	30.06	74	SE	.04	Cloudy.
Brownsville, Tex					
Memphis	30.06	70	NW	...	Cloudless
Nashville	30.08	64	N	...	Cloudless
Chattanooga	30.02	66	NW	...	Cloudless
Louisville	30.08	62	N	...	Condless
Indianapolis	30.10	56	N	...	Cloudless
Cincinnati	30.08	58	N	...	Cloudless
Parkersburg, W. Va.	30.00	60	NW	.14	Cloudless
Pittsburg	29.96	62	W	.12	Cloudy.
Oswego	29.76	58	W	.20	Cloudy.
Buffalo	29.84	54	NW	.36	Ptly Cldy
Cleveland, O.	30.02	58	N	...	Pt. Cldy.
Toledo, O.	30.06	52	N	...	Cloudless
Port Huron, Mich.	30.02	52	NW	.16	Cloudless
Chicago	30.12	60	E	.06	Cloudless
Milwaukee	30.14	56	NW	...	Cloudless
Grand Haven, Mich.	30.12	56	NW	...	Cloudy.
Manistee, Mich.	30.10	56	W	...	Cloudy.
Sault Ste. Marie	30.06	50	NW	.01	Cloudy.
Marquette, Mich	30.12	54	NW	...	Pt. Cldy.
Duluth, Minn	30.10	56	N	...	Cloudless
P. A. Landing	30.12	50	SW	...	Cloudy.
St. Paul	30.12	48	S	...	Cloudy.
La Crosse	30.12	54	SW	...	Cloudless
Dubuque	30.12	54	SE	...	Cloudy.
Davenport	30.12	58	O	...	Cloudless
Des Moines	30.12	58	O	...	Cloudless
Keokuk	30.12	62	O	...	Cloudless
Springfield, Ill.	30.10	60	E	...	Cloudless
Cairo, Ill.	30.10	64	E	...	Cloudless
Springfield, Mo	30.08	66	SE	...	Pt. Cldy.
Kansas City	30.16	64	S	T.	Pt. Cldy.
Wichita, Kan	30.04	68	SE	...	Pt. Cldy.
Concordia, Kan	30.06	62	E	...	Cloudless
Omaha	30.14	62	E	...	Cloudless
Valentine, Neb	30.04	54	NE	...	Cloudless
Fort Sully, S. D.	29.94	54	SE	...	Cloudy.
Huron, S. D	30.02	54	S	...	Cloudy.
Moorhead	30.04	54	SE	...	Cloudless
St. Vincent	30.02	54	SE	...	Cloudless
Bismarck	29.88	60	SE	...	Cloudless
Fort Buford	29.78	60	NW	...	Cloudy.
Q'Appelle, N. W. T.					
Minnedosa, N. W. T.	29.86	54	E	...	Cloudless
Calgarry, N. W. T.	29.94	56	N	...	Cloudless
Fort Assinaboine	29.94	56	S	...	Cloudy.
Helena, Mont	29.84	58	SW	T.	Cloudy.
Fort Custer, Mont					
Rapid City, Dak	29.86	54	O	...	Cloudless
Fort Washakie, Wyo.	29.98	50	SW	...	Cloudless
Salt Lake City	29.82	70	S	...	Pt. Cldy.
Cheyenne	29.98	50	W	...	Cloudless
North Platte	30.08	52	E	.18	Cloudless
Denver	29.98	56	SW	...	Cloudy.
Montrose, Colo	29.94	56		...	
Pueblo, Colo	30.00	52	NW	...	Cloudless
Dodge City, Kan	30.04	64	SE	.38	Cloudless
Fort Elliott, Tex.	30.06	64	SW	...	Pt. Cldy.
Fort Sill, I. T.	29.04	66	O	...	Ptly Cldy
Santa Fe, N. M	30.00	60	E	...	Cloudless
El Paso, Tex	29.98	68	E	...	Cloudy.
Abilene, Tex	30.06	76	O	...	Cloudless
San Francisco	30.00	62	W	...	Cloudless
Portland, Ore	29.90	50	NW	...	Cloudy.
San Diego, Cal	29.90	64	W	...	Cloudless

NOTE.—T. indicates trace of precipitation.
W. H. HAMMON, Observer.

Indications.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 30.—Showers are reported this morning in New England, the Middle Atlantic States and the Lower Lake Region, but generally fair weather prevails in all other districts. It is cooler west of the Mississippi, except in the interior of New England and the Middle Atlantic States, where it is warmer. It is also warmer at Rocky Mountain stations and in the Upper Missouri Valley. Telegraphic reports from Havana state that a cyclone is reported east by south of Cuba, but as yet meteorological reports from the coast stations give no indications of this disturbance. Forecast till 8 a. m. Sunday:

Cautionary signals are displayed in Lakes Huron and Ontario and at Buffalo.

For Indiana and Illinois—Fair; winds shifting to southeasterly; slightly warmer.

For Missouri—Generally fair weather; southeasterly winds; slightly warmer.

For Kansas—Fair; southerly winds; slight changes in temperature.

Rivers—The Upper Ohio will fall; the Lower Ohio and Lower Tennessee Rivers will rise.

Real Estate Transfers.

John B. Roeder and wife to John H. Homan, 25 ft. on Adams st., city block 1709	$ 3,600
Carl Frehlich and wife to Molwine Bruenemann, 10 ft. on Arsenal st.	900
Charles D. Field and wife to De Witt C. Dix, 60 ft. on Bayard st., city block 3771	2,200
Edward H. Fisher to Joseph Denbig, 21¼ ft. on Chippewa st., city block 1662	1,640
Edward H. Fisher to Charles Wille, 21 ft. 3 in. on Chippewa st., city block 1662	1,640
Jas. Mountain to Ann J. Hogan's trustee, 18 ft. 6 in. on Clark av., city block 1695; conveyance in trust	300
Wm. P. Croswhite and wife to Alonzo K. Florida, 235 ft. ½ in. on Connecticut st., city block 4160	3,250
Eleanora Kellermann to Mary C. Bartmann, 33 ft. 3 in. on Destrehan st., city block 1204	1,800
Frank S. La Barge and wife to Louis P. Flavin, 25 ft. on Evans av., city block 3726	4,500
Festus J. Wade and wife to Wm. J. O'Dell, 25 ft. on Fairfax av., city block 4564	3,300
Mary A. P. Kelly et al. to J. Christian Huels, 27 ft. 10 in. on Grattan st., city block 481	3,200
Mary A. P. Kelly to J. Christian Huels, 27 ft. 10 in. on Grattan st., city block 481	3,200
Wm. Gartenbach et al. to Wm P. Croswhite, 72⅔ ft. on Gravois av., in city block 1424	300
Joseph S. Dunwoody, by trustee, to William H. Shea, 50 ft. on Hull place, in city block 3596; trustee's deed	1,400
Joseph Dunfee et al. to Caroline Ott, 46 ft. on Knapp st., in city block 2322	1,495
Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Co. to Edward H. Coffin, 50 ft. on Laclede av., in city block 3928	2,500
John J. Connors and wife, by trustee, to Wm. H. Shea, 25 ft. on Lee av., city block 3575; trustee's deed	1,600
Charles G. Bergmeier to Marietta M. Hinze, 27 ft. 10 in. on Louisiana av., city block 1299	5,200
Patrick J. McNulty to Jos. T. Donovan, 25 ft. on North Market st., city block 3695	2,000
Francis Flotron et al. to Wm. K. Morrison, 30 ft. on Page av., city block 3729	4,300
George J. Darr to Bernard Feldman, 18¾ ft. on Papin st., city block 3965	800
George J. Darr to Bernard Heimsing, 18¾ ft. on Papin st., city block 3965	800
John V. Hogan and wife to George Zimmerman, 25 ft. on Phillips av., city block 5012	125
Charles W. Barnes and wife to Alphonza Whipple, 50 ft. on Pine st., city block 3915	3,750
Henry Saak to Christine Saettle, 50 ft. on Pope av., J. O'Fallon's estate subdivision; quitclaim deed	1
Ernest Saettle and wife, by trustee, to Henry Saak, 50 ft. on Pope av., block 56, J. O'Fallon's subdivision	500
Elizabeth P. Hawley's assignee to Thos. S. Hawley et al., 310 ft. n. s. Ridge av., bet. Hannibal and Hodiamont av., city block 3836, and other property	5,236
Wm. S. Stamps and wife to Geo. W. Wilson, 40 ft. w. s. 2d st., bet. Florida and Mullanphy sts., city block 246	6,000
Leonard Matthews and wife to Matilda Hush, 48 ft. s. s. St. Vincent av., bet. Louisiana Theresa avs., city block 1284	2,200

No Small Loss Without Great Gain.

From the Texas Siftings.

Mother (mournfully): "My dear Charlie, what would you do if I happened to die?"

Little Charlie (eagerly): "I'd eat all the sugar."

BEECHAM'S PILLS
Cure SICK HEADACHE.
25 Cents a Box.
OF ALL DRUGGISTS.

LIVE STOCK COMMISSION.

D. S. IRONS, Prest. W. H. HINES, Vice-Prest.
D. J. RILEY, Secy. and Treas.
D. S. IRONS COMMISSION CO.,
Incorporated. (Formerly D. S. Irons & Co.)
Commission Live Stock Merchants,
UNION STOCK YARDS, ST. LOUIS, MO.

J. W. OVERSTREET. J. A. MCNEILEY.
OVERSTREET & M'NEILEY,
Commission salesmen and forwarding agents for all kinds of
LIVE STOCK.
Office Nos. 1 and 2, Union Stock Yards, St. Louis, Mo.
Cash advances made on consignments.

R. T. WHEELER. C. JAMES. J. S. MCKINNON.
WHEELER, JAMES & CO.,
LIVE STOCK COMMISSION MERCHANTS
UNION STOCK YARDS, ST. LOUIS, MO.

JOHN J. HOLT, Office. J. C. PAYNE, Cattle Salesman. HUGH M. WATSON, Hog Salesman.
HOLT, PAYNE & CO.,
Live Stock Commission Merchants
UNION STOCK YARDS, ST. LOUIS, MO.

JNO. W. BLAKELY. JAS. T. SANDERS. R. H. MANN.
BLAKELY, SANDERS & CO.,
Commission Merchants, for the sale or forwarding of all kinds of live stock.
Offices 5 and 6 Union Stock Yards, St. Louis. Office No. 5 National Stock Yards, East St. Louis, Ill.
All Stock consigned to us at either yards will receive our personal attention. Consignments solicited.

R. B. HULL, Genl. Manager. C. T. STEELE, Bookkeeper
E. T. STEELE, Cattle Salesman. CHAS. WELLS, Hog Salesman.
HULL, STEELE & CO.,
Live Stock Commission Merchants
Office: Rooms 7 and 8, Union Stock Yards, St. Louis Mo.

LIVE STOCK.

Union Stock Yards.

DON. N. PALMER, Manager. Closing hour, 3 p. m.

Cattle—The cattle market was steady to-day, with light receipts, and more good butcher cattle wanted. The revised price-list of cattle is appended:

Fancy shipping steers	$4 50@4 90
Good to choice steers	3 60@4 40
Fair to medium	3 00@3 50
Common to light steers	2 25@2 75
Good bulls	1 50@1 25
Sausage bulls	1 25@1 50
Choice cows and heifers	2 75@3 00
Fair	2 25@2 50
Cows and calves	10 00@25 00

Sheep—Market moderately active for Saturday. Values steady and arrivals sufficient to meet the wants of the trade to-day. Choice lambs are selling at from $4.50 to $5; mutton sheep, from $4 to $4.50; stock ewes are selling readily at a range of from $3.50 to $3.25, and stock wethers are a trifle slow at from $3.40 to $3.60. Stock lambs are still selling sluggishly at from 70c to $1.50. The representative sales to-day were:

Hogs—The hog market at the Union Yards is steady to-day, with light receipts. The extreme range is from $3.50 to $4.30, with bulk of sales at from $4.10 to $4.30.

Addenda.

Sheep steady.
Cattle market steady.
Light receipts to-day of all kinds.

Horses and Mules.

Reported by Martin Bros., horse and mule market, Nos. 1438, 1442, 1444 and 1446 N. Broadway, St. Louis.

HORSES.	
Heavy draft, extra	$150@165
Heavy draft, good	110@135
Drivers, extra	150@165
Drivers, good	110@125
Saddlers	100@175
Streeters	90@100
Southern mares, extra	90@105
Southern mares, good	75@ 90
Southern horses	60@ 75
Plugs	20@ 30
MULES.	
14 hands, 4@7, extra	$ 65@ 75
14½ hands, 4@7, extra	75@ 85
15 hands, 4@7, extra	90@ 105
15½ hands, 4@7	110@ 125
15½ hands, 4@7, extra	125@ 135
16 hands, 4@7	130@ 150
16 hands, 4@7, extra	150@ 185

Live Stock by Telegraph.

CHICAGO, Ill., Aug. 30.—Cattle—Receipts—5,000 head. Slow and weak at $3.40@4.90 for common to prime natives; Texans, $2.65@3.50. Hogs—Receipts, 10,000 head; $4@4.10 for packers, $4.20@4.40 for shippers, light, $4.30@4.40. Sheep—Receipts, 2,000 head; all sold; natives, $4@4.75; Westerns, $4.05@4.15; Texans, $4@4.20.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 30.—Cattle—Receipts, 5,390 head; shipments, 1,830; slow and weak; steers, $3.25@4.75. Hogs—Receipts, 5,680 head; no shipments; 5c lower; all grades, $3@4.05. Sheep—Receipts, 150 head; shipments, 275; steady; muttons, $3.80@4.40.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Aug. 30.—Cattle slow; prices lower; receipts, 175 loads through; 50 sale. Sheep and lambs slow, lower; receipts, 8 loads through; 21 sale. Sheep — Choice to extra, $5@5.25; good to choice, $4.75 @ 4.95; lambs, choice to extra, $6.10@6.40; good to choice, $5.75@6.05. Hogs—Fair trade for good corned; receipts, 49 car loads through, 30 sale; medium and heavy, $4.40@4.55; corn Yorkers, $4.20@4.25; grassers, $3.75@4.20; roughs, $2.75@3.25.

TRUSTEE'S SALE UNDER DEED OF TRUST.—Whereas, Robert W. Hays by his deed of trust, dated 22d day of June, 1889, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, book 926, page 83, conveyed unto the undersigned, Benjamin F. Hammett, all the following described real estate situate in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, and known and described as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground in city block 3821, having a breadth of fifty (50) feet from north to south by a depth of 139 feet 6 inches from east to west, and which said lot is bounded north by a line 191 feet 10½ inches south of and parallel to Wells avenue, measured along a line parallel to Goodfellow avenue; west by a line 139 feet 6 inches west of and parallel to Goodfellow avenue, measured along a line parallel to Wells avenue; south by a line 241 feet 10½ inches south of and parallel to Wells avenue, measured along a line parallel to Goodfellow avenue and east by Goodfellow avenue, which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes in said deed of trust described, and

Whereas, said notes have not been paid at maturity and remain due and unpaid.

Now, Therefore, notice is hereby given that at the request of the legal holder of said notes and pursuant to and by virtue of the provisions of said deed of trust, the undersigned will on MONDAY, THE 22D DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1890, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m., proceed to sell at public vendue or outcry, the property hereinbefore described, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy said notes and for purposes of said trust. BENJAMIN F. HAMMETT, Trustee.

JUDSON & REYBURN, Attorneys for holder of notes.

St. Louis, Mo., August 30, 1890.

Pears' Soap
(Scented and Unscented)
SECURES A
BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION.
OF ALL DRUGGISTS.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.—Laclede National Bank, St. Louis, Mo., August 30, 1890. At a meeting of the Board of Directors, held this day, a quarterly dividend of one and a half dollars per share on the capital stock of this bank was declared out of the earnings of the last three months, payable to stockholders on demand. JAMES B. TRUE, Cashier.

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT

June 30, 1890.

Loans and discounts	$1,397,779.50
Real estate	1,310.34
Due from banks and currency on hand	398,136.68
	$1,797,226.52
Capital	$500,000.00
Surplus and undivided profits	277,460.76
Due to banks	18,958.53
Individual deposits	1,000,807.23
	$1,797,226.52

FINANCIAL.

EDWARDS WHITAKER. CHAS. HODGMAN.
WHITAKER & HODGMAN,
Successors to
MATTHEWS & WHITAKER,
BOND & STOCK BROKERS,
300 N. FOURTH ST., - St. Louis.

L. A. COQUARD,
INVESTMENT BROKER
124 North Third Street.
Bonds and stocks of every description bought and sold outright or on commission; mining stock handled on strict commission basis. Will be pleased to serve you.

Sam'l A. Gaylord. John H. Blessing.
GAYLORD, BLESSING & CO.
307 OLIVE ST.
DEALERS IN HIGH-GRADE MUNICIPAL BONDS
Suitable for Savings Banks and Trust Funds.

GEO. M. HUSTON & CO.,
Bonds and Stocks, 305 Pine St.
Monthly quotation circular mailed free. For list of securities for sale see our card in Sunday paper.

MONEY.

New York Stock Quotations.

Corrected daily by Whitaker & Hodgman, successors to Matthews & Whitaker, bond and stock brokers, 300 North Fourth street, St. Louis, Mo.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Aug. 30.

STOCKS.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Atchison	42⅜	42⅞	42⅜	42⅞
Canada Southern				
Canadian Pacific				
Central New Jersey	121¾			121¾
Central Pacific				
C., C., C. & Indianapolis	70½			70½
Chicago Gas Trust	53⅝	53⅝	52¾	53⅛
C., St. P., M. & O.				
C., St. P., M. & O., pfd				
Chi., R. I. & P	85¼	85⅝	85	85½
C., B. & Q	101½	102	101½	102
Chi., M. & St. P	78⅝	71⅞	71⅝	71¾
Chi., M. & St. P., preferred				
Chi. & N. W., common				
Cotton Oil Trust, new	24	24⅛	24	24⅛
Cotton Oil Trust, old				
D., L. & W	144⅝	145	144⅝	144⅞
Delaware & Hudson				
Denver & Rio Grande	21			21
East Tennessee, common				
East Tennessee, preferred				
Erie, com	26¼			26¼
Erie, pfd				
Erie, 2d mortgage bonds				
Fort Worth & Denver				
Hocking Valley	31⅞	32	31⅞	31⅞
Houston & Texas				
Illinois Central				
I., B. & W				
Laclede Gas, com				
Laclede Gas, pfd				
Laclede Gas, 5 per cent bonds	79¾			79¾
Lake Erie & Western, com				
Lake Erie & Western, pfd				
Lake Shore	107⅞			107⅞
Louisville & Nashville	88⅜	88⅞	88⅜	88⅞
Lead Trust	21¾	21¾	21½	21¾
Michigan Central				
Mexican Central				
Missouri Pacific	71½			71½
M., K. & T.				
Mobile & Ohio				
Manhattan Elevated				
New York & New England	47⅝	47⅝	47⅝	47⅝
New York Central				
Norfolk & Western, com				
Norfolk & Western, pfd				
Northern Pacific, com	33⅞			33⅞
Northern Pacific, pfd	82⅝			82⅝
Ohio Southern				
Oregon & Trans				
Oregon Nav. & Trans				
Ohio & Miss., com	27	27¼	27	27¼
Pacific Mail	45¼	45¼	45	45
Philadelphia & Reading	42⅝	43	42⅝	43
Pullman Palace Car	216¾	217	216¾	217
Richmond Terminal	21	21	20⅞	21
St. Paul & Duluth, com				
St. Paul & Duluth, pfd				
Sugar Trust	78½	80⅝	78½	80⅝
St. L. & S. F., com				
St. L. & S. F., 1st pfd				
St. L. & S. F., 2d pfd				
St. P., M. & M.	109			109
Silver	119¼	119¼	119	119⅞
Tennessee Coal & Iron				
Texas & Pacific				
Union Pacific	61⅝	61⅝	61⅜	61½
W., St. L. & P., new				
W., St. L. & P., pfd. new	26⅜			26⅜
Western Union Tel. Co.	83⅝			83⅝
West Shore bonds				

Wall Street.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—Noon—Money has been easy at 2 per cent with no loans. Bar silver 1118¾. The stock market opened extremely dull, but firm at about last night's closing figures and closed without any changes of importance.

BOSTON, Mass., Aug. 30.—Mexican 4s, 74¼@¾; stock, 26¼@¾; Calumet, 309@310; Huron, 8@9; Allouez, 8½@¾.

LONDON, Aug. 30., 2 p. m.—Close—Consols for money, 96 7-16; do account, 96 7-16; United States 4s, 128¼; do 4½s, 106¼; Erie, 26⅞; seconds, 105⅞; Illinois Central, 115¼; Mexican ordinary, 64¼; St. Paul common, 73⅜; New York Central, 110; Pennsylvania, 54⅞; Reading, 21⅞. Bar silver, 54½d per ounce. Money 3@3¼ per cent. Rate of discount in the open market for both short and three months bills 3½ per cent.

Weekly Bank Statement.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—The weekly bank statement shows the following changes: Reserve, increase, $1,976,305; loans, decrease, $5,125,900; specie, increase, $974,500; legal tenders, decrease, $99,100; deposits, decrease, $4,403,600; circulation, decrease, $400.

The banks now hold $536,670 less than the requirements of the 25 per cent rule.

Local Bonds.

Corrected daily by James Campbell, Broker, 307 Pine street.

U. S. BONDS.	When due.	Interest Payable.	Bid.	Ask.
4½ ₱ cent bonds	1891	J. S. D. & M.	104½	105
4 ₱ cent bonds	1907	J. A. J. & O.	125½	126
ST. LOUIS CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.				
City 3-65 sterling	1907	June and Dec	101½	102½
City 4s sterling 10-20s	1902	May and Nov	102	106½
City 4s sterling 10-20s	1895	June and Dec	106	106
City 5s	1900	Jan. and July	110	112
City 6s, gold	1892—93	Various	105¾	106½
City 6s, sterling	1893	June and Dec	114	116
City 6s, water	1899	June and Dec	115	117
City 6s, water	1892	April and Oct	104	105
City 6s, bridge approach	1892	June and Dec	104	106
County 6s, gold	1895—96	Jan. and July	109	110
County Park	1905	April and Oct	125	126
RAILWAY BONDS.				
Mo. Pac. consols	1920	May and Nov	110	110½
Mo. Pac. 3d	1906	May and Nov	112½	114½
No. Mo. 1st m 7s	1895	Jan. and July	112	114
K. P. 1st m 6s	1895	Feb. and Aug	112	112½
K. P. 1st m 6s	1896	June and Dec	109	110
K. P. D. Ex. 6s	1899	May and Nov	114	114½
K. P. consols	1910	May and Nov	114	115
St.L. & M. 1st 7s	1892	Feb. and Aug	106¼	107

CLEARING-HOUSE STATEMENT.

Clearances	$2,891,496
Balances	355,717

RIVER TRANSPORTATION.

LOWER MISSISSIPPI.

St. Louis and Cape Girardeau Tri-Weekly Packet.
Str. IDLEWILD.
J. H. GRIFFETH, Master, ROBT. TAYLOR, Clk.
Leaves on MONDAYS and FRIDAYS, at 5 p. m., for Cape Girardeau and way landings; also Thebes and Commerce.
Telephone 3615. TOM PENISTON, Agt.

For Alton and Grafton.
STEAMER SPREAD EAGLE.
Leaves daily at 3 p. m.
Telephone 3615. TOM PENISTON, Agent.

TIME TABLE.

*Except Sundays; †Daily; ‡Except Saturday; §Except Monday; ¶Monday.

BURLINGTON ROUTE.

Through trains to Kansas City, St. Joseph, Denver, St. Paul and Minneapolis. Pullman Sleepers on all trains and Free Chair Cars on all Westbound trains.

BURLINGTON ROUTE—C., B. & Q. R. R.	Depart.	Arrive.
Rock Island, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Peoria, La Crosse and Dubuque Express	† 8:45 am	† 5:15 pm
Rock Island, Bushnell, Galesburg and Peoria Express	† 8:15 pm	† 6:50 am

The 8:15 p. m. train is daily except Saturday, and the 6:50 a. m. arrives daily except Monday.

BURLINGTON ROUTE—ST. L., K. & N. W. R. R.		
Minneapolis, St. Paul, Spirit Lake, Cedar Rapids Express	* 9:20 am	* 5:40 pm
Denver, Lincoln, Omaha, St. Joe, Kansas City and California Express	† 8:05 pm	† 7:20 am
Hannibal, Quincy, Keokuk, Burlington, Spirit Lake, Minneapolis and St. Paul Night Express	† 8:45 pm	† 6:30 am
St. Louis and Quincy Sunday Excursion train	§ 7:30 am	§11:15 pm

The 8:45 p. m. train is daily, except Saturday it runs to Burlington only and does not make connections for Spirit Lake, St. Paul and Minneapolis, and the 6:30 a. m. train arrives daily, except Monday does not make connections from Cedar Rapids.

OHIO & MISSISSIPPI RAILWAY.

10 hours to Cin. & Lou.; 4 solid trains. Sleepers to Cin., Lou., Wash., Balt., Phil. and New York.

Cincinnati & Louisville Accom.	* 6:40 am	* 7:15 pm
Cin'ti, Louisville, Wash., Balt., Phila. and New York	† 8:00 am	† 6:45 pm
Cincinnati Express	† 7:00 pm	† 6:40 am
Cincinnati, Louisville, Wash., Balt., Phila. and New York	† 8:00 pm	† 7:45 am
Salem Accommodation	* 5:15 pm	8:25 am

WABASH RAILROAD.

LINES EAST OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER.		
Chicago & Peoria Express	* 7:05 am	* 7:25 pm
Chicago & Peoria Fast Express	* 7:55 am	* 6:15 pm
New York Fast Express	† 7:55 am	† 6:15 pm
Decatur & Jacksonville Accom	* 4:45 pm	* 10:35 am
New York & Boston Fast Exp.	† 6:55 pm	† 7:45 am
Chicago Night Express	† 8:10 pm	† 7:25 am
LINES WEST OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER.		
Through Mail and Express	† 8:30 am	† 6:15 pm
Kansas City, St. Joe & Ottumwa Fast Line	* 9:00 am	* 6:30 pm
Montgomery Accommodation	* 5:00 pm	* 11:55 am
Omaha, Des Moines & St. Paul Express	† 8:25 pm	* 7:30 am
Kansas City, St. Joseph, Denver & Salt Lake Short Line	† 8:35 pm	† 7:00 am
Ferguson Accommodation	* 7:30 am	* 7:15 am
Ferguson Accommodation	* 1:00 pm	* 8:25 am
Ferguson Accommodation	* 4:00 pm	* 3:50 pm
Ferguson Accommodation	* 6:30 pm	* 5:35 pm
Ferguson theater train (Thursday only)	11:15 pm	7:50 pm
Ferguson Acc. (Sunday only)	1:00 pm	10:20 am
Ferguson Acc. (Sunday only)	4:00 pm	3:00 pm
FROM VINE STREET STATION.		
Ferguson Accommodation	* 6:50 am	* 6:45 am
Bridgeton Accommodation	* 8:50 am	* 8:45 am
Ferguson Accommodation	* 10:45 am	* 10:40 am
Bridgeton Accommodation	* 4:15 pm	* 1:40 pm
St. Charles Accommodation	* 5:40 pm	* 8:00 am
Ferguson Accommodation	* 6:20 pm	* 6:10 pm
Ferguson theater train (Wednesdays and Fridays only)	11:15 pm	7:50 pm
Ferguson Acc. (Sunday only)	8:55 am	8:45 am
Ferguson Acc. (Sunday only)	1:30 pm	10:25 am
Ferguson Acc. (Sunday only)	2:45 pm	2:30 pm
Ferguson Acc. (Sunday only)	5:45 pm	5:35 pm

ST. LOUIS & SAN FRANCISCO RAILWAY.

Windsor Spring Accommodat'n	* 7:00 am	* 6:45 am
Windsor Spring Accommodat'n	* 8:15 am	* 8:40 am
Texas & Col. Mail	† 8:25 am	† 6:30 pm
Windsor Spring Accommodat'n	† 1:00 pm	†10:30 am
Windsor Spring Accommodat'n	* 2:00 pm	* 3:10 pm
Windsor Spring Accommodat'n	* 4:20 pm	* 4:00 pm
Pacific Accommodation	* 5:25 pm	* 7:50 am
Windsor Spring Accommodat'n	† 6:30 pm	† 6:10 pm
San Francisco Express	† 8:15 pm	† 7:25 am
Col. & Southern Cal. Express	† 8:25 pm	† 6:50 am

VANDALIA LINE.

Pennsylvania Special, daily	8:10 am	7:40 pm
Day Express, daily	8:40 am	7:00 pm
N. Y., Balt. & Wash. Exp., daily	8:00 pm	7:00 am
Cincinnati Express, daily	7:30 pm	7:00 am
Chicago Night Express, daily	8:00 pm	7:00 am
Chicago Express, exc. Sunday	8:40 am	7:00 pm
Indianapolis Accom., exc. Sun.	11:25 am	5:00 pm
Cincin. Day Express, daily	8:10 am	7:00 pm
Effingham Accom., daily	5:30 pm	7:55 am

MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS RAILWAY.

Dallas, Ft. Worth, Houston, Galveston Express	† 9:00 am	† 6:25 pm
Dallas, Ft. Worth, Austin and San Antonio Express	† 9:15 pm	† 6:40 am

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD (Chicago Line.)

Day Express	*8:40 am	*7:00 pm
Chicago Express	†8:00 pm	†7:00 am

CLEVELAND, CINCINNATI, CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS RAILWAY—"BIG FOUR ROUTE."

Only line landing passengers in Grand Central Depot, New York, via Lake Shore Railway. No change of cars.

Day Express	† 7:15 am	† 5:45 pm
Southwestern Limited	† 8:05 am	† 6:10 pm
Alton Express Daily	10:40 am	7:55 am
Mattoon Accommodation	* 4:20 pm	*10:30 am
Southwestern Express	† 7:25 pm	† 7:30 am
Alton Express Daily	5:55 pm	1:30 pm

Ticket office, cor. 5th and Chestnut sts.

MOBILE & OHIO RAILROAD.

New Orleans Express	† 7:50 pm	† 7:00 am
Cairo & Jackson Express	* 7:40 am	* 7:25 pm
Mobile & Florida Express	† 7:50 pm	† 7:00 am
Murphysboro & Chester Acc'm	* 5:05 pm	*11:00 am

ST. LOUIS & HANNIBAL R. R.

Hannibal Special, Sunday only	8:30 am	¶7:00 am
Mail and Express	* 9:00 am	*11:55 am
Mail and Express	* 5:00 pm	* 6:30 pm

CHICAGO, ALTON & ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.

Kansas City Mail	* 8:45 am	† 7:00 pm
Chicago Express Mail	* 8:15 am	* 7:35 pm
Alton Express	*10:00 am	* 8:00 am
Through Chicago Express	† 4:40 pm	†10:40 am
Jacksonville Accommodation	* 5:50 pm	*10:40 am
Chicago Lightning Express	† 7:55 pm	† 7:30 am
Kansas City Vestibuled Limited	† 8:20 pm	† 7:00 am
Godfrey & Alton Accom.		* 1:40 pm

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD.

Mt. Vernon Accommodation		* 9:10 am
Southern Fast Mail	† 7:30 am	† 7:45 pm
Mt. Vernon Accommodation	* 5:00 pm	
Belleville Accommodation	† 10:45 am	† 1:50 pm
Southern Fast Line	† 7:35 pm	† 7:25 am

CAIRO SHORT LINE (ST. L., A. & T. H.)

New Orleans Limited Mail and Through Sleeping Car Line	†8:30 am	†7:10 pm
Memphis & Cairo Fast Line	†7:40 pm	†7:20 am
New Orleans Through Line	†7:40 pm	†7:10 pm
Cairo & Paducah Express	†8:30 am	*1:30 pm
Sparta, Murphysboro & Carbondale Accommodation	*4:30 pm	*1:30 pm
Grand Tower & Cape Girardeau Express	*4:30 pm	*1:30 pm

ST. LOUIS, ALTON & SPRINGFIELD R. R. (Bluff Line, via Big 4)

Grafton and Elsah Express	* 7:15 am	* 5:48 pm
Jerseyville and Springfield Ex	* 4:20 pm	†11:45 am

All trains daily except Sunday.

LOUISVILLE, EVANSVILLE AND ST. LOUIS "AIR LINE."

	Depart.	Arrive.
Louisville Day Express	† 8:20 am	† 7:20 pm
Louisville Night Fast Line	† 8:25 pm	† 8:10 am
ILLINOIS & ST. LOUIS DIVISION.		
Belleville Accommodation (b)	* 8:25 am	* 7:55 am
Belleville Accommodation	* 11:00 am	* 10:30 am
Belleville Accommodation	* 2:50 pm	* 2:00 pm
Belleville Accommodation (b)	† 5:35 pm	† 5:10 pm

On Sundays trains marked (b) will run thirty minutes later.

MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Fast Mail	† 3:00 am	
Creve Cœur Lake Passenger	† 6:00 am	† 8:10 am
Oak Hill Passenger	* 6:20 am	* 6:35 am
Kirkwood Passenger	* 6:45 am	* 6:30 am
Kirkwood Pass. (Sunday only)	7:30 am	
Local Express	† 7:55 am	† 6:25 pm
Kirkwood Passenger	* 8:00 am	* 7:25 am
Creve Cœur Pass. (Sunday only)	8:00 am	10:10 am
Oak Hill Passenger	* 8:05 am	* 8:20 am
Kansas City, Omaha, Lincoln, Southern Kansas & Galv. Exp.	† 9:00 am	† 6:45 pm
Creve Cœur Passenger	† 9:30 am	†12:40 pm
Kirkwood Passenger	* 9:50 am	* 8:40 am
Oak Hill Passenger	*10:00 am	*10:30 am
Kirkwood Passenger	*11:50 am	* 9:50 am
Oak Hill Passenger	*11:55 am	*11:58 am
Kirkwood Pass. (Sunday only	1:00 pm	2:50 pm
Oak Hill Pass. (Sunday only)	1:15 pm	
Creve Cœur Passenger	† 1:30 pm	† 3:50 pm
Creve Cœur Pass. (Sunday only)	2:00 pm	8:15 pm
Oak Hill Passenger	† 3:00 pm	† 1:30 pm
Kirkwood Passenger	* 3:15 pm	*12:35 pm
Kirkwood Passenger	* 4:40 pm	* 1:50 pm
Creve Cœur Passenger	† 4:35 pm	† 7:00 am
Oak Hill Passenger	* 4:45 pm	* 3:35 pm
Washington Passenger	* 5:35 pm	* 9:00 pm
Kirkwood Passenger	* 5:50 pm	* 5:10 pm
Oak Hill Passenger	† 6:15 pm	† 6:35 pm
Kirkwood Passenger	* 6:30 pm	* 5:55 pm
Creve Cœur Lake, Sunday only	7:30 pm	10:30 pm
Kansas City, St. Joseph, Omaha and Wichita Fast Line	† 8:20 pm	† 6:40 am
Kirkwood Passenger	* 8:45 pm	* 7:40 pm
Kansas City, St. Joseph, Colorado & Texas Express	† 9:15 pm	† 6:40 am
Kirkwood Passenger (Sunday only)	9:45 pm	
Kirkwood Passenger	*11:30 pm	*10:30 pm
Oak Hill Passenger	†11:35 pm	† 7:45 am
Kirkwood, Sat. and Sun. only		8:35 pm

ST. LOUIS, IRON MOUNTAIN & SOUTHERN.

Columbus Accommodation	† 7:55 am	† 6:45 pm
Little Rock, Hot Springs, Dallas and Fort Worth Express	† 9:25 am	† 5:45 pm
Memphis & Southeastern Express, daily	8:05 pm	7:40 am
Hot Springs, Gal., San Antonio, Laredo and City of Mexico Fast Line	† 8:15 pm	† 7:00 am
Little Rock, Hot Springs, Dallas, Fort Worth, El Paso and California Express	† 9:20 pm	† 6:30 am

ST. LOUIS, KANSAS CITY & COLORADO R. R.

Creve Cœur Accommodation	† 6:00 a m	† 8:20 a m
Creve Cœur Accommodation	† 8:00 a m	†11:15 a m
Union Accommodation	†12:01 p m	† 3:00 p m
Creve Cœur Accommodation	† 4:30 p m	† 7:10 p m
Union Express	† 4:50 p m	† 8:40 a m
Creve Cœur Accommodation	† 7:45 p m	[illegible]

TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS & KANSAS CITY R. R.

Day Express	7:45 am	5:05 pm

ST. LOUIS, ARKANSAS & TEXAS RAILWAY.

Arkansas & Texas Express	† 8:05 pm	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

COMMERCIAL.

MARKETS IN BRIEF.

WHEAT—Cash No. 2 red higher at 98 1-4 @98 1-2c, and No. 3 red at 97@98c. Futures unsettled, closing at $1.03 1-8.

CORN—Lower. Cash No. 2 sold at 43 3-4 and No. 2 white at 48 1-2@48 3-4c. [illegible]losed at 47@1-8c asked.

[illegible]TS—Cash No. 2 sold lower, with sell[illegible] No. 2 at 33c. May closed steady at [illegible]4@3-8c.

[illegible]LOUR—Steady and quiet.

Closing Prices—1:15 P. M.

[illegible]T. LOUIS:

	Closing Yesterday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closing To-day.
WHEAT.				
Aug.	98¼ b			98½ b
Sept	98¼ b	99⅜	98⅛	98⅜
Oct.	...			
Dec.	103¼	104⅜	102¼	103⅛ b
May.	109⅛ a	110⅜	108⅝	109 b
CORN.				
Aug.	43⅞ b	...	...	44⅜ b
Sept	44⅜ b	44¼	43¾	44⅛ a
Oct.	45 b	44⅜@⅞	44⅝	45 n
Nov.	45½ b	...	...	45⅝ b
May	47⅜ b	47⅜	46⅜	47@⅛
OATS.				
Aug.	34½ n	...	...	
Sept	33½ b	32¾	32⅜@⅓	32¼ b
Dec.	35¼ b			
May.	38⅜ a	38⅜	37⅝	38¼@⅜

CHICAGO.—Reported by Frank J. Brown, rooms 130 and 132, Chamber of Commerce.

WHEAT.				
Dec.	1.05¾	1.06	1.04⅛	1.04¾
May	1.09⅜	1.09⅞	1.08⅛	1.08⅝
CORN.				
Sept	47⅜	48⅞	46¼	46½
May	[illegible]0¾	50⅜	49½	49½
OATS.				
Sept	36⅛	35⅞	35⅜	35⅝
PORK.				
Jany	12.22½	12.27½	12.20	12.27½
LARD.				
Jany	6.72½	6.70	6.67½	6.67½

CHICAGO—Wheat—May, $1.08⅞ n. Corn—May, 49½@⅝c b. Oats—May, 38⅝c.

Short ribs closed—October, 5.40c; January, 5.77½@5.80c.

NEW YORK—Wheat—August, $1.04¾ b; September, $1.05⅛ b; December, $1.07⅞ b; May, $1.12⅛. Corn—September, 53⅞c b; October, 55¼c b; December, 54¼c; May, 55¾c n. Oats—August, 40¾c; September, 40½c; October, 40⅞c b.

TOLEDO—Wheat—Cash, 99c; September, 99c; December, $1.04¼; May, $1.09¾ a. Corn—September, 49c; December, 51c.

Receipts and Shipments of Leading Articles at St. Louis

For the twenty-four hours ending Saturday, Aug. 30, 1890, and corresponding day in 1889, as reported by the Merchants' Exchange:

ARTICLES.	Receipts by River and Rail. 1890.	1889.	Shipments by River and Rail. 1890.	1889.
Flour, bbls	5,767	4,155	10,694	8,617
Wheat, bu.	45,028	96,711	8,557	8,560
Corn, bu	35,525	63,810	21,792	19,560
Oats, bu	133,855	35,315	11,280	11,640
Rye, bu	1,650	1,100	482	2,143
Barley, bu.	3,250	600	...	...
Bran, ship-stuff, sks.	480	284	1,191	5,387
Do. in bulk, cars	4	2	2	5
Cornmeal, bbls	125	....	741	1,078
Cotton, bls, local	13	11	...	
Cotton, bls, through	28	50		172
Hay, tons	235	491	198	52
Pork, bbls.			95	11
Hams, lbs	64,870		173,997	44,409
Meats, lbs.	727,797	561,340	930,659	907,875
Lard, lbs.	...	560	112,036	261,738
Cattle, head	889	423	673	3,395
Hogs, head.	740	382	1,784	1,050
Sheep, head	1,398	654	417	2,455
Horses and mules	171	259	97	152

Stock of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

	Wheat bu.	Corn bu.	Oats bu.	Rye bu.	Barley bu.
T'd	2,695,057	1,005,841	317,859	3,016	....
Yes	2,672,664	1,034,160	285,728	2,020	....
'89	945,292	687,757	243,358	31,208	1,841
	No. 2 Red.	No. 2.	No. 2.	No. 2.	
T'd	2,177,068	918,039	109,252	2,479	....
Yes	2,161,866	953,017	92,786	967	....
'89	463,837	356,236	50,622	19,509	....

No. 2 white corn, 70,268 bu.

Movement of Wheat and Corn To-Day.

	RECEIPTS. Wheat.	Corn.	SHIPMENTS. Wheat.	Corn.
St Louis	45,028	35,525	8,557	21,792
Milwaukee	22,000	1,740	1,370	
Baltimore	27,694	9,725		
Toledo	29,200	53,784	35,279	28,450
New York	26,300	55,900		58,563
Chicago	75,671	154,999	47,761	354,029
Kansas City				
Detroit	36,609	9,039	21,633	2,000
Duluth	9,848		8,822	
Minneapolis	93,220		62,115	
Philadel'hia	23,770	4,403	24,154	17,598

Grain Inspections.

INSPECTED IN:

Wheat.	Cars.	Corn.	Cars.
No. 2 red	30	No. 2	7
No. 3 red	12	No. 3	1
No. 4	9	No. 4	—
Rejected	5	No. 2 white	20
No-grade	1	No. 3 white	5
No. 2 hard winter	6	No. 2 white	—
No. 3 hard winter	—	No. 2 St. Charles	—
Weevily	1	No-grade	—
Total	63	Total	33

Also, 3,324 sks No. 2 red wheat, 437 No. 3 red, 244 No. 4, 379 rejected.

Oats—No. 2, 11 cars; No. 3, 14; No. 4, 1; No. 2 white, 14; No. 3 do, 19; no-grade, —; total, 59.

Rye—No. 2, 4 cars; No. 3, —; no-grade, —.

Barley—No. 3 spring,—car; rejected,—.

Inspection out; Wheat—No. 2 red, 39 cars; No. 3 red, 22 cars; No. 4, 4; rejected, 2 cars; no grade, —; No. 2 hard, —; No. 3 hard, —; No. 3 Mediterranean, —; weevily, —.

Corn—No. 2, 21,979 bu and 51 cars; No. 3, —; No. 4, —; No. 2 white, 10 cars; No. 3 do, —; No. 2 yellow, —.

Oats—No. 2, 5 cars; No. 3, 7 cars; No. 4, 1; No. 2 white, 11 cars; No. 3 do, 9 cars; no grade, 1 car.

Rye—No. 2, — car; No. 3,—; no grade, —.

Barley—No. 3 spring, —; rejected, —.

Future Sales To-Day.

Wheat—September—40 at 98½c, 10 at 98⅝c, 5 at 99⅜c. December—130 at $1.02¼, 10 at $1.02¼@⅜, 150 at $1.02⅜c, 375 at $1.02½, 250 at $1.02⅝, 60 at $1.02⅝@¾, 475 at $1.02¾, 80 at $1.02¾@⅞, 250 at $1.02⅞, 10 at $1.02⅞@3, 170 at $1.03, 45 at $1.03⅛, 400 at $1.03¼, 100 at $1.03¼@⅜, 15 at $1.03⅜, 40 at $1.03⅜@½, 60 at $1.03½, 20 at $1.03½@⅝, 40 at $1.03⅝, 80 at $1.03⅝@¾, 75 at $1.03¾, 75 at $1.03⅞, 125 at $1.04, 100 at $1.04⅛, 20 at $1.04⅛@¼, 150 at $1.04¼, 315 at $1.04⅜, 125 at $1.04½, 50 at $1.04⅝, 5 at $1.04¾, May 50 at $1.08⅜, 40 at $1.08⅜@½, 125 at $1.08½, 80 at $1.08⅝, 100 at $1.08¾, 20 at $1.08¾@⅞, 50 at $1.08⅞, 20 at $1.09, 15 at $1.09⅛, 25 at $1.09¼, 50 at $1.09⅜, 50 at $1.09½, 15 at $1.09⅝, 35 at $1.09¾, 90 at $1.09⅞, 40 at $1.10, 40 at $1.10⅛, 75 at $1.10¼, 100 at $1.10¼@⅜, 50 at $1.10⅜.

Corn—September 100 at 43⅝c, 50 at 43⅞c, 10 at 43⅞@44c, 25 at 44c, 10 at 44@⅛c, 10 at 44⅛c, 10 at 44¼c. October, 10 at 44⅝c, 10 at 44⅝@⅞c. May, 5 at 46⅜c, 100 at 46⅜@½c, 225 at 46½c, 30 at 46½@⅝c, 175 at 46⅝c, 20 at 46⅝@¾c, 200 at 46¾c, 50 at 46¾@⅞c, 200 at 46⅞c, 65 at 47c, 20 at 47@⅛c, 60 at 47⅛c, 10 at 47⅛@¼c, 125 at 47¼c, 20 at 47¼@⅜c, 200 at 47⅜c, 10 at 47⅜@½c, 225 at 47½c, 10 at 47½@⅝c, 20 at 47⅝c. No. 2 white—5 October at 48¼c.

Oats—September—10 at 32⅜@½c, 15 at 32½c, 20 at 32⅝c. May—10 at 37⅝c, 20 at 37¾c, 30 at 37⅞c, 40 at 38c, 10 at 38⅛c, 15 at 38¼c, 40 at 38⅜c.

ON 'CHANGE.

Grain and Flour.

Wheat—Neither frost, cold weather or strong cables were on hand to help the bulls out this morning. Per contra, the weather in the Northwest was warmer, cables unfavorable, noting a falling off in the demand and 3 farthings decline, with fine weather in England. Chicago, too, was afflicted with a semi-panic and fell to nearer a parity with our own market, and every other and particular center had a violent selling paroxysm and tumbled in price. Prime's regular bull bulletin did not stay the decline, and it was a quick, sharp one. Our own market did not break like those on the outside, as there was first-rate buying. Receipts were again moderate, and the feeling did not appear to be so powerfully bearish as it has been. However, there was enough pressure to put the market down 1c. For some time the feeling was unsettled, but there was a gradual recovery, though clearances were small, and outside markets showed no snap. All of a sudden a perfect frenzy to buy wheat sprang into existence. Estimates for a decrease in the visible were circulated, there was some unofficial talk of cold weather in the North, Chicago took a sudden upward lunge and in a moment there was a wild scramble to buy in the local pit. Stories were circulated that the Art Club was under the market again, having covered their shorts and gone long, that "Old Hutch" was a big buyer here, and a thousand and one idle rumors floated around. Shorts discovered that it was Saturday, and they did not want to go over Sunday in that fix, the bulls seized their advantage and began bidding the price up and the result was a wild runaway market. After selling 2½c above the top the craze to buy subsided as rapidly as it had developed and the price declined rapidly 1⅛c, closing ⅛c below yesterday. December opened at $1.03, sold off to $1.02½ to $1.02⅞ to $1.02¼ to $1.02¼ to $1.02¼ to $1.03 to $1.02¾ straight up to $1.04½ to $1.04¼ to $1.04½ to $1.04 to $1.04½ to $1.04 to $1.04¾ to $1.03¼, closing at $1.03⅛. May opened at $1.08¾ sold down to $1.08⅜ up to $1.10⅜ to $1.09 and at close $1.09 bid. September sold at 98½c to 99⅜c and closed at 98⅜c. SPOT GRADES were strong and higher. Offerings were small, but the demand was not as good as it has been, and most of the No. 2 red sold to carriers. When futures boomed, cash could not be bought at near the call price, but the best sale of No. 2 red was at 98½c. Sales: No. 2 red—1 car in D., 2 regular, 5 in St. L. and 13 in Cdlt. at 98¼c; 2 in St L. at 98½c; on call E. side offered at $1, bid 99c. No. 2 Turkey—10 cars in St. L. at 94⅜c; bid 94½c for regular, 94⅜c for M. No. 3 red offered regular at 98c, bid 97c, and for E. side 98c bid. No. 4—90½c bid regular, 94c for U., none offered. SAMPLES were higher, and in fair request, closing firm. Sales: In special bins—1 car no grade at 78c, 1 car rejected at 85c and 1 at 91c (both late yesterday), 1 No. 4 at 92½c, 1 do and 1 burnt at 94c, 2 No. 3 at 97c, 3 do at 97½c. East track—1 car rejected at 89½c, 2 No. 4 at 92c, 2 No. 3 at 97½c, 2 do at 98c, 4 No. 2 at $1, 2 do at $1.00¼, 4 do at $1.00½. West track—1 car rejected at 78c, 1 No. 4 at 91c, 1 do at 93c, 1 No. 4 and 1 No. 3 at 97c, 4 No. 3 at 97½c. Sacks—Old: 25 sks at 90c. New: 75 and 412 sks at 90c, 25 at 92c, 195 and 252 (dumped from special bin) at 94c, 19 at 95c, 21, 65 and 40 at 97c, 79 and 28 at 98c, 45, 125, 154, 100 and 17 white at 99c, 168, 182, 300, 22 and 401 at $1, 1,200 sks on E. trk at $1.00¼.

Corn—The market was raided down about a cent this morning, the selling overpowering all signs of a demand for awhile and sweeping everything before it. Frost had not materialized in the North, but, on the contrary, the weather was warmer all over the West and Northwest. Every other market was suffering from a severe case of selling sickness and breaking rapidly in price. There were no heavy receipts anywhere except Chicago, and our own were very small, and Prime was out with one of his lugubrious wails over crop prospects, but only one side was looked at by the crowd and it was a wild rush to sell from the opening. Considerable corn bought on frost prospects was thrown, some stop order lots come out and the bears slugged the market as hard as they could. The rally in wheat helped the market up 1¼c, but it sagged back again, and at close was about ¼c below yesterday. May opened at 47c, sold down to 46⅜@½c, up to 46⅞c, down to 46⅝c, up to 47⅝c, off to 47¼c, to 47½@⅝c, down to 47@⅛c and latter asked at close. September sold at 43⅝c, up to 44¼c, and at close 44⅛c asked. October sold at 45⅜c, to 44⅝@⅞c. No. 2 white, 48⅜c bid for August and 47½c for September. October sold at 48¼c. SPOT GRADES—No. 2 was lower, while No. 2 white sold higher. The order demand was first-rate, and an exporter was after No. 2 on E. side at 44c. Sales: No. 2—1 car in St. L. at 43¾c, 1 in Cdlt. and 2 in C. at 43⅞c, 2 in A., 2 in St. L. and 3 E. side at 44c, 1 in St. L. at 44¼c; bid 43¾c for M., 44⅛c for U. No. 2 white—6 cars regular at 48½c, 21 in St. L. at 48¾c. No. 2 color offered regular at 46⅝c, bid 46½c for St. L. No. 3 white offered E. side at 47¼c, bid 46½c for St. L. and C. 47½c bid. No. 3—43c bid E. side, 43⅛c for C. Sacked lots on orders 42@43c.

Oats—Futures declined early as the large receipts, the weakness in cash and the break in corn and wheat started selling, but prices rallied and at close were firm. September sold at 32¾c off to 32⅜@½c and back to 32¾c. May opened at 38c, broke to 37⅝c and vallied to 38⅜c. SPOT GRADES were dull and lower. No. 2 offered in M. at 33c, bid 32⅝c for M. and St. L., 32½c for regulrr, 33⅛c for E. side. No 3 offered at 32½c, no bids. SAMPLES—Offerings were very large and the market was lower, caused by the heavy surplus carried over and poor demand. A large number of cars were held over until next week, receivers being unable to sell at satisfactory prices. The shipping demand for inferior grades is improving. Sales: 20 cars No. 3 at 32¼c, 2 do at 32½c, 5 No. 2 at 33¼c, 2 No. 3 color at 33¼c, 1 (light weight) No. 2 Northern at 34½c; 1 No. 4 white at 32½c; 5 No. 3 white at 33½c; 2 do at 34c; 4 do at 34¼c; 4 do at 34½c; 1 do at 35c; 5 No. 2 white at 36c. Sacked lots on orders, 42@43c.

Rye—Lower. The offerings were not much larger, but buyers stood off and a decided decline took place. Sales were made of 1 car No. 2 this side at 67c and 1 car later at 66c.

Flour—Steady and sellers firm, but market quiet, as buyers would not purchase with any freedom. Sales: 1 car skd at $3.15, 125 bbls at $3.35, 2,000 (flat hoops) extra fancy at $4.75, 100 patent at $5.20, 500 bbls on p. t.

Quotations range: XXX, $2.70@2.80; family $3@3.25; choice, $3.40@3.60; fancy, $4 20@4.45; extra fancy, $4.70@4.85; patents, $5@5.20. Prices for lots on levee and on this side.

Cornmeal—Strong and in demand at $2.55@2.60, and pearl meal, grits and hominy at $3@3.10.

Rye Flour—Firm at $3.60@3.70.

Hay and Millfeed.

Bran—Lower and slow sale, with sacked offered at 74c on E track and 72½c at Alton. Sales—2 cars sacked at country point at 68c, 3 do at 69c, 3 on E track at 73½c, 1 do at 74c.

Hay—The receipts this week have been liberal and more than enough to supply the demand, both for prairie and timothy. The market was dead dull on medium grades of timothy, which declined fully $1 per ton this week. Strictly fancy offerings were the only kind wanted by dealers, and these grades sold at full values. Low and common sold for whatever they would bring. Sales to-day—1 hot damaged prairie at $6.50, 2 prime at $9, 1 fancy Kansas at $10.50, 1 prime at $9.50, 6 do at $10, 1 strictly prime at $10.50, 1 do at $11, 1 choice at $11.50, 1 do at $12, 4 do at $12.50, 2 fancy at $13, also 15 tons on the Levee at $8.50, 1 gilt-edge timothy at $14.

Straw—Sales 1 car wheat straw at $5 per ton.

Provisions.

The market was steadier, but as quiet as the usual Saturday market is. There was a good order demand for bacon, which was firm. Among the sales were 50 boxes c'ribs at 6.22½c, 1 car shorts at 6.30c f. o. b, 1 car do at 6.35c, and 100 boxes do on p. t. Pork was quiet and steady. Lard dull, with 6c asked and 5⅞c bid. Early in the day 150,000 lbs dry salt 50-lb c'ribs sold to arrive at 5¼c, c. and f., but afterwards higher rates were asked and buyers would not take hold.

Pork—Standard mess pork in a small way on orders f. o. b. at $11.50; irregular (summer packed) at $11.25; orders at $12.25.

Lard—Prime steam salable at 5⅞c; fancy leaf on orders, 7c; kettle rendered, 6⅜c on orders.

Dry Salt Meats—Loose of shipping age in a small way f. o. b. on cash orders—Shoulders at 6c; longs and c'ribs, 5.40c; shorts at 5.55c; boxed shoulders, 6c; longs at 5.40@5.45c; c'ribs at 5 40@5.50c; shorts at 5.60@5.62½c. On orders—Boxed shoulders, 6c; longs, 5⅝c; c'ribs, 5⅝c; shorts, 5⅞c.

Bacon—Packed shoulders sold at 6¼c, longs at 6.05@6.10c, c'ribs at 6.10@6.20c, shorts at 6.20@6.30c. On orders—Shoulders, 6⅜c; longs, 6⅜c; c'ribs, 6⅜c; shorts, 6½c.

Hams—Range from 10½@12½c, as in size or brand.

Grease—Brown, 2½@2¾c; yellow, 3@3½c; white, 4c for country in irregular pkgs.

Country Lard—Very dull at 4@4½c.

Breakfast Bacon—Sells at 8@9c per lb. Beef—Family, $8.50@10 per bbl, $5@6 per ½-bbl; on orders higher. Dried, 10c and selected 12c per lb. Smoked beef tongues, $5@5.50 per doz.

Highwines—Steady at $1.13 in St. Louis, Chicago and Cincinnati, $1.14 in Peoria.

Lead and Spelter.

Lead—Higher again and no abatement to the strength seen. Buyers were willing enough to pay the late advance but could find little for sale. Sales were 5 cars E. side at $4.57½ and 1 car chemical at $4.60. New York quoted at $4.70 bid and $4.75 asked. Liverpool £13 5s to £13 7s 6d, which is on a parity with $5 in New York.

Spelter—Nominal at $5.20.

Afternoon Curb.

December wheat sold at $1.03; puts, $1.01¾; calls, $1.04½. May wheat sold at $1.09. May corn sold at 47c and that asked; puts, 46¼c b; calls, 47½c. No curb in Chicago.

ON THE STREET.

[The Post-Dispatch quotations are for lots in first hands unless stated otherwise. On orders higher.]

Lower prices were the general rule this morning, especially on home-grown vegetables. Potatoes, however, were an exception, and were firm. Canners were taking a few tomatoes at the reduced prices, but are still holding off for further declines. Chickens were in liberal receipt, and probably some will have to be carried over or sold at lower prices.

Fruit.

Apples—The undesirable fruit, that continues to arrive freely, is dull and very slow of sale, and sells mainly from $1@1.50 per bbl; medium stock at $1.50@2, good to choice at $2@2.50, while fancy Pippin, Belleflower or Maidenblush range from $2.75@3 25. Sales: 20 bbls Buckingham and 12 Red Streak at $1.85, 10 Smith's Cider at $2, 8 Belleflower at $2.50, and 7 do at $2.75.

Peaches—No choice stock was received this morning, although a few boxes fair Tennessee sold at 60@75c per ⅓-bu box. The bulk of the arrivals continued hard and green and sold slowly at 25@50c per ⅓-bu box.

Pears—There is a fair demand at $2 per bu for Sickle and Duchess and $2.50 for Bartlett.

Plums—Damsons, when dry and in good shipping order, are in fair request at $3@3.50 per bu. Red varieties dull at $1.75@2 per bu.

Grapes—Arrivals were liberal, but the demand was only moderate. Ives' seedling and Elvira sold at 3c. Concord and Martha 3@4c, and Delaware at 8@10c per lb. Home-grown Concords sold on orders at 4@5c per lb, and consignments at 35c per 9-lb basket.

Watermelons—There was an easier market late yesterday, and prices were $5@10 per car lower. Prices were quiet this morning, and a few sales made were within a range of $50@70 per car, when large and in well-filled cars. Smaller melons quotable at from $30@40.

Cantaloupes—Home-grown in liberal receipt and prices easier, at 40@75c per bu box as to quality, and at $3@5 per 100.

Crab Apples—Siberian are scarce and little or none are coming in. Transcendent quotable at $1.50 per bu.

California Fruit—Receipts arriving freely and fully supply the demand. We quote: Plums and prunes at $1@1.50 per 20-lb crate; pears at $2@2.75, and peaches at $1@1.50 per 40-lb crate.

Oranges—Quiet and dull. Rodi repacked selling at $8@8.50 per box.

Lemons—Selling slowly at $8.50 per box for Verdelli and $8 for Messina—all repacked.

Bananas—Choice bunches on orders at $1.75@2.25 per bunch.

Dried Fruit—In steady demand and firm. We quote: Sun-dried apples at 7½@8c, chopped at 3½c, evaporated do at 4½c, evaporated quarters at 10@11c, rings at 12@13½c. Peaches—Sun-dried at 7½@8c per lb.

Vegetables.

Potatoes—The market continues firm and the demand takes care of the arrivals, with good stock in best request. Home-grown in wagonloads sell at 85@95c, and Northern at $1@1.10 per bu. One car Eastern Burbank sold at $1.15.

Onions—Good choice stock is wanted at $1.15@1.35 per bu, while the inferior and small sells from 75@95c per bu. In bbls the former is quotable at $3@3.25 per bbl. Receipts mostly near by, although Eastern are beginning to arrive.

Tomatoes—Freer arrivals, a great deal of which was only fair in quality, caused an easier market. We quote: Green at 25@50c, inferior to ripe at 75c @$1.25 and choice ripe in good shipping order at $1.50@1.75 per bu.

Cabbage—Northern is in moderate demand at $2.75@3 per crate and $30@35 per ton. Home-grown at $1.50@2 per bbl and $2.75@3.25 per crate, as to quality.

Sweet Potatoes—Market again easier in price, in consequence of larger arrivals. Bermuda home-grown red sold from $1.10 to $1.25 per bu. Yellow Nassemond worth $1.50@1.65 per bu.

Cucumbers—Home-grown selling quietly at 40@50c per bu box.

String Beans—Lower and slow, with sales mostly at 75c per bu box for home-grown.

Lettuce—Choice home-grown is selling at 75c per bu box.

Beets—Slow at 10@15c per bunch for home-grown.

Carrots—Northern quotable at $2.25@2.40 per bbl.

Turnips—Good stock selling at $2@2.25 per bbl for white.

Rutabagas—Quiet and slow at $2@2.25 per bbl.

Small Pickling Onions—Sell at $2@2.50 per bu for home-grown.

Bell Peppers—Home-grown quotable at $1.25 per bu.

Egg Plant—Dull and slow at 25@40c per doz.

Squash—Slow sale, and only choice are wanted at 20@35c per bu box for home-grown.

Gumbo—Quiet at $1.00@1.50 per bu box for home-grown.

Celery—There is a moderate demand at quotations, viz.: Choice White Plume, 40@50c; medium stock at 25@35c, and common Michigan at 15@25c.

Butter and Eggs.

Butter—Receipts, 62,267 lbs. The market remains active and unchanged. The demand for fancy makes was well sustained all the past week, and the arrivals were freely taken by the local consumers. The supply was about equal to the demand for the best grades. Receivers look for a change next week owing to the great improvement in pasturage. Medium and low grades were quiet and steady at quotations. Fancy dairy was in best request.

CREAMERY.

Elgin	25 @26
Fancy separator and set milk	21 @22
Choice separator and set milk	19 @20
Fancy gathered cream	18 @19
Choice gathered cream	16 @17
Faulty creamery, such as streaked, slushy and off flavor	7 @10

DAIRY.

Fancy selected	19 @20
Good to choice	16 @17
Streaked and off flavor	12 @13
Ladles	10 @11
Prime and near-by country packed	6 @ 7
Poor and grease	3 @ 3½

Cheese—Firm. We quote: Wisconsin full cream twins, 10c; singles, 10¼c; Young Americas, 10½c; skims, 5@6c; Swiss, 13@14c; limburger, 11@12c; brick, 12@13c per lb. Missouri, Kansas and Iowa off flavor and sharp, 4@6c.

Eggs—Receipts, 898 cases. The market was dull and the demand only fair. We quote country stock, shipper's count, at 13@13½c, while inferior sold for less.

Grass Seed, Flaxseed, Castor Beans, Etc.

Grass Seeds—Offerings were small and the market firm, with buyers of timothy at $1.42½ for prime to arrive. Sales were made of 3 sks timothy at $1.35, 22 at $1.38, 51 at $1.45 and $1.50, choice at $1.48. Last sales of new clover at $4.35@4.40.

Hemp Seed—Quotable at 3c for foreign and 4¼c for domestic.

Castor Beans—Salable at $1.50 for cash and September. Sale: 5 cars September at $1.50.

Flax Seeds—Receipts, 6,250 bu. Higher and very stiff. Very small offerings caused crushers to advance their bids, which were $1.37 for spot and $1.36 for September. Sales were 1 car spot at $1.36 and 2 cars at $1.37.

Poultry and Game.

Live Poultry—Receipts were liberal, and as it was Saturday and the unusual poor demand of that day the market weakened. Spring chickens were sold at 8½@9c, while hens, ducks and geese were also very slow sale.

	Per lb.		Per lb.
Hens	7c	Young ducks	6@6½c
Roosters	3½c	Young geese	6½@7c
Spring chickens	8½@9c	Young turkeys	9@10c

Game—There was nothing new to note. The receipts amply supplied the demand and will continue to do so until the weather grows cooler.

Quotations range:

	Per doz.		Per doz.
Young grouse	$4 00	Teal	2 00
Old grouse	2 00	Jack rabbits	2 50
Woodcock	4 00	Rabbits	1 25
Wood ducks	1 50	Pigeons	1 00
Mallard ducks	3 00	-quabs	75
Red heads	3 00	Plover	60
Mixed ducks	2 00	Frog legs	25@ 50

Veals—Steady. We quote choice and fat at 4½c, medium at 3@3½c, heretics and thin at 2@2½c per lb.

Lambs—Dull. Sales were made at 3½@4½c per lb.

Hides, Feathers, Etc.

Hides—The weakness previously noted on green, which were relatively higher than dry, has resulted in a further slight decline.

Quotations are: Green salted—No. 1, 7½c; No. 2, 6½c; bull, 5¼c; uncured and Southern, ½c less. Dry flint—No. 1, 11½c; No. 2, skins weighing less than 10 lbs, bulls and stags, all at 9c; dry salted at 9c for No. 1, and 7½c for No. 2; glue at 2c for green and 4c for dry. Dry flint selling round at 8@9c for Southern, 7@8c for extreme Southern, 10½c for heavy Western and dry salted at 8c; green salted at 6¼@7c, latter for Missouri, etc.

Tallow—Firm. Prime and strictly prime in oil bbls or cake, 4¼@4½c; in irregular pkgs, ¼c less; No. 2 at 3¾c.

Deer Skins—Nominal. Light sales at following quotations; Native skins, 24@25c for prime; mountain and Southern Texas, 21@22c; green, salted, damaged, meaty, etc., half price; antelope at 13c; goat, 10@25c.

Sheep Skins—Steady. Green—Large, full-wooled, $1@1.10; medium-sized and fair-wooled, 60@75c; lambs, 35@55c. Dry, 10@15c less. Shearlings—Green, 15@35c; dry, 5@20; Texasc pelts, 9@12½c per lb.

Feathers—Steady. Quotations: Prime live geese at 43@44c; top rate for small sacks; prime gray, quilly, unripe, 35c; renovated X, 37c, XX, 28c; XXX, 20c; mixed, old, etc., 15@35c; chicken—dry picked at 4c; duck at 25c for dark to 35c for white; turkey—body, 2c; wing and tail, 5c; tare, 3@10 per cent.

Beeswax—Steady at 27c; burnt, half price.

Wool.

Receipts, 51,967 lbs. There was a trifle more inquiry, but at bed-rock prices. Manufacturers are only disposed at present to buy for immediate wants. Light sales of Missouri and fair quantity of Texas and Territory were sold at quotations.

UNWASHED—STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Bright medium.	Braid, coarse.	Low, sandy.
Mo., Ill., Ark., etc.	22 @23	19@21	16@ 18
Kansas and Nebraska	19 @20	14@17	11@ 12
Texas and Ind. Ty., 8 to 12 mo.	22 @23	18@21	15@ 17
Texas and Ind. Ty., 4 to 6 mo.	19 @20	14@17	11@ 13
Colo., Utah, New Mex, etc	20 @21	16@19	13@ 15
Mont., Wyo., etc	21 @22	18@20	15@ 17

UNWASHED—STATES AND TERRITORIES.	FINE. Light.	Heavy.
Mo., Ill., Ark., etc	20 @21	16@ 19
Kansas and Nebraska	17 @19	13@ 16
Texas and Indian Territory, 8 to 12 mo.	20 @21	15@ 18
Texas and Indian Territory, 4 to 6 mo.	16 @18	11@ 14
Colo., Utah, New Mexico, etc.	18 @20	13@ 16
Montana, Wyoming, etc	19 @21	15@ 18

Tub—Choice, 34@35c; inferior, 30@33c. Black, 3@5c off. Sacks—Texas, 3-lbs tare, 10c; regular long sks, 3½-lbs tare, 15c. Burry, cotted, etc.—Slightly, 3@4c off; moderately, 5@6c off. Hard burry, etc., 12c for Southern to 15c for Missouri and similar.

Miscellaneous Markets.

Roots—Ginseng at $2.60 to $2.90; seneca at 27@28c, toppy less; snake, 28c; blood, 2c; May-apple, 2½c; golden seal, 20c; angelica, 4½c; pink, 15c; black, 5c; wahoo root bark, 10c, and bark of trees, 7c; blue flag, 5c; bittersweet bark, 6c.

Moss—Rough—Gray, 2@2½c; brown, 2½@3c; brown mixed with black, 2¾@3c; black, 3½@4c.

Scrap Iron, Etc.—Wrought, 90c; heavy cast, 50c; plow, 45c; stoveplate, 35c; malleable and burnt, 30c. Brass—Heavy, 8c; light, 6c; copper, 10½c; lead, 3¼c; zinc, 2½@2¾c; pewter, 6c.

Rags, Etc.—Country mixed rags, $1; Southern rags, 90c; paper, 55c; old rubber, $2.50; old rope, $1.25@2.25.

Honey—Steady. Comb, 12@14c; inferior, less; extracted and strained, in cans at 7@9c, and in barrels, 5@5½c per lb.

Bones—Green, $8@12; skinny, $11@13, and bleached, $17@19 per ton.

Baling Stuffs—Bagging strong and in demand. Prices range: 1½-lb bagging at 6c, 1¾-lb at 6½c, 2-lb at 7¼c, 2¼-lb at 8c; hemp twine in job lots, 2c; iron cotton ties scarce and wanted at $1.30@1.43.

Cooperstuffs—Shaved hoops—Slack-work, flour bbls, country shaved, $3.50@4.50; cooper shaved in demand at $5.50@6; half bbls, $2@3; patent, $6.50@7. Light stuff—Pork bbls, oak, $8; hickory, $9; Lard tcs—Oak, $10; hickory, $12. Staves—flour bbls, No. 1, $5.75@6; culls, $3@3.50; beer kegs, $16@20; sawed and listed pork bbls, $18@19; lard tcs, $23@24. Flour bbls headings, 4¼@4½c per set.

Cooperage—Flour bbls, hickory hoops, 28@29c. patent hoops, 25@25½c; half-bbls, 21@21½c; produce bbls, 21c; meat bbls, 24c; pork bbls, $1 E. side, half-bbls, 70c; lard tierces at $1.20 E. side; half tierces, 65c; kegs, 25c. Sale 2 cars lard tierces E. side at $1.20.

Sacks—Burlaps, 2 bu, 6¼c; 2½ bu, 6¾c; 3 bu, 8¼c; 4 bu, 8½c; 5 bu, 9¼c; cotton, seamless, 15@22c; flour, 98-lb, 7¼@9c; 20-lb, 14@23c; wool, 26@33c per sack.

Empty Barrels—Black, 40c; lard oil, 60c; linseed oil, 60c; whisky, 70c; wood do at 40c per bbl; coal oil, 90c.

Country Brooms—Quotable at $1.25@1.50 per doz.

Salt—Firm. We quote domestic at 95c East side and $1 this side per bbl.

Hemp—Nominal. Missouri undressed at $90@100.

Sauerkraut—Firm. We quote: Half bbls $4.50 and bbls $9; on orders 50c higher.

Green Peas—Steady. We quote: Green at $1.10; Scotch at $1.40 per bu.

White Beans—Steady. We quote: Country at $1.50@2; medium, $2.25@2.50, and navy, $2.50 per bu.

Commercial Notes.

Another good frost gone wrong.

Corn to-day struck low point for this break.

Moses Fraley is back from the seashore. He is bearish.

A Canadian Pacific railway official says Manitoba will raise the largest and finest crop of wheat that country has ever known.

A bear influence a week or so ago was the statement that the Province of Ontario would raise 56,000,000 bu wheat. The Ontario Bureau of Industries has just issued its report showing a total wheat crop of 24,460,000 bu.

It is estimated that the stocks of provisions at Chicago at the close of the month will show about 150,000 bbls mess pork, 110,000 to 115,000 tcs lard and 70,000,000 lbs short rib sides.

The drover's Journal says: There is considerable speculation regarding the average weight of hogs this month. Dealers place the average 20 to 30 lbs lighter than in August, 1889.

The French agricultural journals thus classify the results of the wheat harvest, viz.: Northern and Eastern departments below the average; Western departments and the districts around Paris an average; central rather good; and southern departments good, very good. The expected yield of 288,000,000 bu is not far from previous estimates. As the consumptive requirements of France are about 328,000,000 bu imports will be required of from 32,000,000 to 40,000,000 bu.

A small decrease for the week in the local stock of wheat is not improbable. Minneapolis stock is expected to decrease 620,000 bu.

The latest "on dit" is that the "Art Club" has covered all their short wheat and corn, taken on a good line of wheat and will proceed to bull it higher than ever. "Old Hutch" is said to be builing Chicago.

Late advices from Australia state that: "The weather has been, up till now, all that could be desired for the crops. The absence of severe frosts has allowed them to get well up, and they are now strong enough to stand our severest frosty nights. Altogether, farmers are hopeful of a bumper harvest."

A leading London grain trade journal states that there is unfortunately no longer reason to doubt that in some parts of Ireland, more particularly in the west, northwest and southwest, including the contiguous islands, the potato crop is diseased and in some districts very seriously. In Scotland, also, the blight appears to be spreading, and in Ayrshire much harm is said to have been done. Neither has England escaped, as the results of continuous and unseasonable rains are now to be seen in several districts, where not only potatoes, but also root crops show signs of disease and blight. The total area under potatoes in the United Kingdom is about 1,370,000 acres, say 580,000 acres in Great Britain and 790,000 acres in Ireland. In connection with this question it is interesting to note that France grows 350,000,000 acres and Germany about 725,000,000 acres of potatoes.

The Chicago "Herald" says: There is a big holding of short ribs through Dunham & Co. There are those who believe this holding belongs to the rich Hebrew crowd, so much talked of in connection with this commission house A better view, however, credits it to the old Antwerp clique which used to put so much of its business with Norton & Worthington. In other words, the buying orders are supposed to come from the connection in Antwerp and on the Continent, which sends its business wherever Strauss indicates, and he, although in Europe, is with Dunham & Co. The talk is that Armour has of late been operating to shake out this Dunham holding. Armour is supposed to own 20,000,000 lbs. of short ribs, enough certainly to cause a flurry whenever he chooses. Of course with so large a holding he would not care to have any tailers around if he meditated a campaign, either little or big. Armour, at any rate, although the biggest holder in the market, has for two or three days been moving against the prices. The Dunham crowd has not so far been disturbed. It is estimated that the stock of ribs September 1 will be 70,000,000 lbs.

Tombusch of August 14 says of the Hungarian corn crop: Official advices up to the 10th inst. report that the corn is suffering very much throughout the country from the continuance of drouth. Left of the Danube the plant is weak, the cobs undeveloped, and only in a few places satisfactory. Right of the Danube the aspect is so bad that even ample rain can hardly benefit it. Between the Danube and the Theiss the fields are very backward, and even in those places where a good crop was expected can now barely give a medium return. Right of the Theiss the crop in many places is almost a complete loss, and without speedy rain can only yield a poor return. Left of the Theiss the cobs are backward and imperfectly developed. Between the Theiss and Maros, even with rain, the prospect in only for a medium outturn. In Transylvania the fields in some localities have a promising outlook.

Beerbohm of August 14 says: "The crop reports from the country are not so favorable as might be desired; the condition in the south of England is somewhat defective and the yield disappointing. In the Midlands and in the Fen districts the yield is said to be very good, but the condition of the first samples shown leave something to be desired. The French agricultural papers report that the harvest in the north has been delayed and the quality injured by rain, so that one journal reduces its estimate of the crop to about 34,000,000 qrs; while another considers that 36,000,000 qrs may yet be reached. Meanwhile, there is not much present demand for foreign wheat. The Prussian crops, according to the official returns just published, are all considered to be 20 to 25 per cent better than last year's short yield, except potatoes, which are estimated to be 11 per cent worse than last year. The Russian shipments in the week ended 9th inst. were quite moderate, viz, 181,166 qrs. against 225,000 qrs in the corresponding week last year. Reports from the Crimean districts speak of serious disappointment in the yield of wheat on threshing. Silver is to-day quoted at 54d per ounce, and the Indian exchanges are again higher, viz. 1s 9d. Indian wheat is consequently more difficult to obtain; this fact, added to the less favorable news regarding the French crop in the north, and the rise in the American markets, makes holders very reserved.

Prime's report issued to-day says: "The moisture came too late to help the corn crop. Little corn will be safe from frost before September 15. Late threshing returns point to only half a crop of oats of poor quality. Spring wheat in Northern Dakota. The bulk of the spring wheat crop will all be in shock Saturday night. Crops of spring wheat, while they were standing on the ground, estimated at from fifteen to twenty bushels per acre have been thrashed and returns are from eight to eleven bushels and No. 2 in quality. Considerable grain is being stacked and a free movement is not looked for before the 1st of November. The ground is very dry and rains are greatly needed before fall ploughing will commence. Reports from threshing machines in Southern Dakota are making very poor returns, many fields only yielding from 2 to 7 bu., a few fields going as high as 10, and an exceptional yield as high as 20 bu. The quality is very poor. This is very generally the condition of affairs in the Jim River proper. There was some straw, enough to make 25 bu per acre, but the yield however, runs generally from 6 to 8 bu. In Northern Kansas the bulk of the threshing of winter wheat is completed. Farmers are selling very little. Fall plowing is progressing finely and about two-thirds done. Seeding ought to commence next week. From Northern and Central Indiana plowing is nearly done. The scarcity of good seed wheat will have a tendency to decrease the acreage. Seed wheat is coming now from Michigan. Very little if any wheat is moving. Southern Missouri says the movement of wheat has not increased. Farmers are busy preparing the ground for the new crop.

Chicago Market Letter.

Private Wire to J. P. Grier.

CHICAGO, Aug. 30.—Wheat opened with weak holders and buyers of yesterday unloading on easier cables and fine weather abroad and at home. After this selling there was good buying, and the market advanced sharply on covering by shorts and some bad reports from the northwest.

These latter were conflicting, however. With prospects of fine weather, the market eased off, closing below the opening price. We would look for weak spots to buy on, believing that returns from threshing will prove disappointing.

Corn was bulled by a local operator after the early decline, but we consider May corn a sale on hard spots. Good charters firmed near-by futures in comparison.

Provisions ruled lower on some placing of September product, but January closed firm, and we believe to be purchase on all weak points.

F. G. LOGAN.

Special to J. C. Ewald.

CHICAGO, Aug. 30.—Wheat—The market has been active and very weak. Early cables were weak and half penny to a penny lower, and the beautiful weather in the Northwest was rather discouraging to the chronic grumblers about crop conditions. The result was very heavy selling of long wheat, the decline being actively assisted by several prominent bears. Some reaction was caused by heavy buying said to be for St. Louis and New York account and a report that the stock at Odessa was only 800,000 bu, against 4,000,000 one year ago, but the advance caused thereby was very temporary and the market closes lower and very weak. A free liquidation has taken place in the September and October options, and when this is completed some reaction is possible, but we see no good in the market this side of $1 for December.

Corn—The brilliant weather throughout the corn belt caused free selling of long corn, opening the market weak and lower, shorts being the principal buyers. May touched 49½c, but reacted from that point on heavy buying by Hutchinson and by others buying because of the strength in wheat. If this favorable weather continues we believe in selling corn on all hard spots.

Provisions—Pork and lard have both been weak, although ribs maintained yesterday's prices to the close. There was heavy liquidation of the September pork deal, large quantities being sold for that month and bought for October.

W. G. MCCORMICK & Co.

Coffee Market.

As reported by Hanley & Kinsella Coffee & Spice Co.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Aug. 30.

	First call.	Second call.	Third call.
August	none	none	none
September	none	17.85	17.90
October	17.25 b	17.30	17.40
November	none	none	16.90@17
December	16.65 b	16.75	16.75
January	16.15 b	none	16.30@35

Fair coffee in New York, 20¼c.

Mail pouch coffee in St. Louis, 25½c.

RIO, Aug. 30.—Prices and exchange unchanged. Receipts of 29th, 3,000; clearances for United States, 3,000; clearances for Europe, 3,000; stock, 166,000. Market firm. Santos—Receipts, 12,000.

Cotton.

Lower everywhere. To commence with, local quotations were marked down ⅛c and nominal. Liverpool spots ⅛d lower and quiet and easier at the decline, and futures also lower. New York spots were 1-16c lower, as were futures, which closed at bottom rates of the day. The New York Cotton Exchange will close Monday, September 1.

LOCAL SPOT QUOTATIONS—Low ordinary, nominal; ordinary, nominal; good ordinary, 9⅜c; low middling, 10¼c; middling, 10⅝c; good middling, 10⅞c; fair middling, 11⅜c; fair, nominal. Stained, ¼@½c less than white.

ST. LOUIS MOVEMENT.

	This season.	Last season.
Gross receipts to-day	6	109
Gross receipts since September 1	535,958	535,891
Net receipts to-day	6	59
Net receipts since September 1	231,288	270,848
Shipments to-day	....	76
Shipments since September 1	535,891	582,757
Stock on hand	574	512

GALVESTON—Receipts, 4,899 bales; market easy at 10⅝c.

SAVANNAH—Receipts, 2,919 bales; market quiet at 10⅛c.

NORFOLK—Receipts, 132 bales; market steady at 10⅜c.

MOBILE—Receipts, 592 bales; market easy at 10¼c.

CHARLESTON—Receipts, 1,746 bales; market nominal at 10⅜c.

WILMINGTON—Receipts, 43 bales; market quiet at 10½c.

MEMPHIS—Receipts, 12 bales; market nominal at 10⅝c.

BOSTON—Receipts, — bales; market quiet and weak at 11 1-16c.

AUGUSTA—Receipts, 1,121 bales; market quiet at 10c.

PHILADELPHIA—Receipts, 8 bales; market steady at 11⅛c.

NET RECEIPTS, EXPORTS AND STOCKS AT ALL UNITED STATES PORTS FOR 1 DAY.

	1890.	1889.
Receipts this week	13,7.9	5,828
Receipts last week	4,947	*12,735
Exports	24,487	10,711
Stock	58,390	56,416
Net receipts since September 1	5,861,774	...

*Receipts week later last year.

NEW ORLEANS—Receipts, 1,617 bales. Spot—Easy at 10⅜c. Futures at 12:40 quiet and steady. September, 10c; October, 9.80c; November, 9.77c; December, 9.78c; January, 9.84c; February, 9.90c.

NEW YORK—Receipts, — bales. Spot—Middling quiet at 11c.

	Closed Yesterday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closed To-day.
September	10.67	10.61	10.58	10.58
October	10.42	10.38	10.34	10.34
November	10.33	10.30	10.26	10.26
December	10.33	10.30	10.26	10.26
January	10.37	10.34	10.30	10.30
February	10.41	10.38	10.34	10.34
March	10.43	10.41	10.37	10.37
April	10.48	10.46	10.42	10.42
	Steady.			Steady.

Sales to-day, 59,400 bales.

LIVERPOOL—Spot, 6 1-16d; sales 3,000 bales; receipts, 6,000 bales, of which 2,800 American.

	Closed Yesterday.	Closed To-day.
September	6.01	5.59
September and October	5.52	5.48
October and November	5.46	5.45
November and December	5.45	5.44
December and January	5.44	5.43
January and February	5.44	5.43
February and March	5.46	5.44
March and April	5.47	5.46
April and May	5.49	5.48
May and June	5.51	5.50
	Steady.	Near months weak; distant quiet.

English Cotton Statement for the week ending on given dates:

	Aug. 29, 1890.	Aug. 22, 1890.	Aug. 30, 1889.
Sales for week	35,000	22,000	40,000
For export	1,300	700	4,000
Speculative account	400	300	2,000
Sales American	29,000	16,000	28,000
Forwarded	35,000	36,000	45,000
Receipts for week	24,000	14,000	13,000
American	20,000	12,000	10,000
Stocks	647,000	660,000	442,000
American	314,000	325,000	266,000
Actual exports	200	2,000	5,000
Amount afloat	45,000	60,000	45,000
American	10,000	22,000	79,000

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—Wheat declined 1@1¼c; easy; longs selling; weaker cables; September, $1.04¾@1.05; December, $1.07⅜@1.08¼; May, $1.11½@1.12¼. Corn—Realizing, ½c lower; easy; No. 2, 54½@55½c; steamer mixed, 55@55¼c. Oats dull, ¼@½c lower; Western, 38@50c. Beef dull; plate, $7@7.50; extra mess, $6.75@7. Pork quiet, steady; mess, $12.25@13; extra prime, $10.50. Lard steady, quiet; steam rendered, 6.45c. Butter, receipts, 1,865 pkgs; firm, good demand; Western dairy, 9@14c; do creamery, 11@24c; imitation creamery, 10@17c. Eggs, receipts 2,382 pkgs; slow, easy; Western, 19@20½c. Coffee—Rio contracts were firmer by 5 to 10 points through, ½f advance in Havre. There was a dull market. Rio on spot quiet and steady; No 7 flat bean, 19c.

CHICAGO, Aug. 30, 1:15 a. m.—Wheat—September, $1.01⅝; December, $1.04⅝; May, $1.08⅝. Corn—September, 46½c; May, 49¾c. Oats—September, 35½c; May, 38½c. Mess pork—September, $10.85; January, $12.02½. Lard—September, 6.12½c; January, 6.65c. Short ribs—September, 5.20@5.22½c; January, 5.75c.

TOLEDO, O., Aug. 30.—Wheat lower; cash and August and September, 99c; December, $1.04; May, $1.08¼. Corn quiet; cash, August and September, 48c; May, 50¼c. Oats lower, quiet; cash and September, 36c. Cloverseed steady; cash, $4.35; October, $4.40; November, $4.45.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Aug. 30.—Flour firm. Wheat easier; No. 2 spring on track, cash, 97c@$1; September, 97¼c; No. 1 Northern, $1.03. Corn easier; No. 3 on track, 48c. Oats, easier; No. 2 white on track, 37½c.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Aug. 30.—Wheat—No. 1 hard dull, $1.18½; No. 1 Northern, $1.15½; No. 2 red, $1.02½. Corn—No. 2, 50¾c. Receipts—Wheat, 200,000. Shipments—Wheat, 110,000; corn, 100,000.

CINCINNATI, O., Aug. 30.—Flour easier. Wheat dull at $1.00@1.02. Corn weak at 50@51c. Oats steady at 38½c. Rye quiet at 70c. Provisions easy. Whisky active and firm; sales 1,215 bbls.

Oil and Petroleum.

CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 30.—Petroleum easy; S. W. 110, 7⅜c; 74 gasoline, 9c; 86 gasoline, 12c; 63 naphtha, 7c.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Aug. 30.—Petroleum opened weak and unsteady. At noon 83⅜c.

Foreign.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 30, 2 p. m., close—Pork—Holders offer freely; prime mess Eastern, 56s, steady; do Western, 48s, steady. Lard—Holders offer moderately; spot and September, 31s 9d, dull; October and November, 32s 6d, dull. Wheat—Holders offer moderately; new No. 2 winter, 7s 6½d, steady; do spring, 7s 7d, steady. Flour—Holders offer moderately; 10s 9d, firm. Corn—Holders offer sparingly; spot and September, 4s 7¼d, firm; October, 4s 8¼d, firm; November, 4s 9¼d, firm.

Rise and Fall in the Rivers

For the twenty-four hours ending at 9 a. m. All observations taken at the 75th meridian time.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 30, 1890.

STATIONS.	Danger Line.	H'g'h of Water.	Change.
Pittsburg	22	5.3	-1.5
Parkersburg	38	9.6	-0.3
Cincinnati	45	20.8	†2.5
Louisville	24	8.3	†0.5
Nashville	40	5.1	-0.4
Chattanooga	30	5.4	†1.6
St. Paul	7	1.8	†0.1
La Crosse	24	3.7	-0.1
Dubuque	16	3.9	0.0
Davenport	15	2.3	0.0
Keokuk	14	2.2	0.0
Omaha	63	7.4	-0.1
Kansas City	21	6.4	-0.3
St. Louis	30	7.9	-0.2
Cairo	40	10.0	0.0
Memphis	33	8.6	†0.1
Fort Smith	22	11.5	†1.3
Little Rock	23	8.1	†0.1
Vicksburg	41	10.1	†0.1
Shreveport	29	2.2	†0.4
New Orleans	13	3.8	-0.1
Hermann	..	5.3	†0.2
Arlington	..	0.6	†0.1
Louisiana	..	2.0	-0.1
Boonville	..	5.6	†0.4
Peoria	..	3.3	0.0
Grand Tower	..	6.0	-0.1
Decatur	..	....	....

†Rise. -Fall. ‡Below zero of gauge.

W. H. HAMMON,
Sergeant Signal Service Corps, U. S. A.

River Telegrams.

CAIRO, Ill., Aug. 30.—Arrived: City of New Orleans, New Orleans, 9 p. m.; Belle Memphis, St. Louis, 1 a. m. Departed: Sidney Dillon, St. Louis, 7 p. m.; City of New Orleans, St. Louis, 11 p. m.; City of St. Louis, New Orleans, 2 a. m.; Belle Memphis, Natchez, 9 a. m. River 10 feet, rising. Fair; mild.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Aug. 30.—River rising. No arrivals or departures. Clear and warm.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Aug. 30.—River 10 feet 6 inches and rising. Clear and pleasant.

LOUISVILLE, Aug. 30.—River rising, 8 feet 6 inches in the canal; 5 feet 2 inches on the falls. Clear and cool.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 30.—River 6 feet 4 inches and falling.

Marine.

LONDON, Aug. 30.—The steamer City of Rome from New York for Liverpool passed Browhead today. The steamer Augusta Victoria from New York arrived at Hamburg to-day. The steamer Rhaetia from New York for Hamburg passed the Scilly today.

FLOUR AND GRAIN COMMISSION.

D. P. Grier, Pres., St. L. Chas. Counselman, Vice-Pres., Chicago. W. I. Currie, Sec., St. L.

D. P. GRIER GRAIN CO.
General Commission Merchants,
205 & 206 Chamber Commerce, St. Louis.

John Mullally Commission Co.,
405 and 406
CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

BILLINGSLY & NANSON
COMMISSION CO.
HAY, GRAIN and SEED
Chamber of Commerce, St. Louis, Mo.

A. N. Eaton. J. B. Crandall. J. S. M'Clellan.
EATON, McCLELLAN & CO.
GENERAL COMMISSION.
Grain and Flour, Specialties.
No. 4 S. Commercial St. St. Louis, Mo.

GRIER COMMISSION CO.,
408 Chamber of Commerce,
St. Louis, Mo.

Roger P. Annan. Henry Burg. Daniel B. Smith.
ANNAN, BURG & SMITH,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
2 S. Commercial Street, St. Louis.
Grain and Flour Specialties.
Reference—GERMAN SAVINGS INSTITUTION.
A.B.S. ANNAN BURG SMITH

J. R. LEWIS, PRESIDENT. FRANK LAWRENCE, VICE-PRESIDENT. J. W. SHARPE, SECY. AND TREAS.
LEWIS-SHARPE COMMISSION CO.,
ROOM 210, CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, ST. LOUIS, MO.
Consignments of All Kinds Solicited.
Grain, Hay, Flour, Grass Seed, Flax Seed, Castor Beans, Etc. We make a specialty of Track and Sample Sales. Liberal advances made on consignments.

W. T. ANDERSON & CO.,
GRAIN COMMISSION.
LACLEDE BUILDING ST. LOUIS, MO.

REDMOND CLEARY COMMISSION CO.,
CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, ST. LOUIS.
CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED—Grain, Hay, Grass Seed, Flax Seed, Castor Beans, etc. We make a specialty of sample sales on track and special bin.
LIBERAL ADVANCES made on shipments. Orders promptly executed in this and other markets for future delivery. Correspondence solicited.

SEEDS
CHAS. E. PRUNTY,
7 South Main Street, SAINT LOUIS, MO
WHEAT, BARLEY, CORN, OATS, RYE,
Clovers, Grass Seeds, Millets, Hemp, Pop Corn, Onion Sets

FLOUR AND GRAIN COMMISSION

GEO. SCHULTE & CO.,
HAY AND GRAIN COMMISSION,
18 N. Commercial,
ST. LOUIS, MO.

BERNET & CRAFT,
Flour Commission Merchants,
No. 8 South Main St., ST. LOUIS, MO.

SCHWARTZ BROS.
COMMISSION CO.
GRAIN, FLOUR AND GENERAL
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
1601, 1603 and 1605 N. Broadway.
Corner Mullanphy Street. St. Louis, Mo.

JOHN THYSON,
SUCCESSOR TO THYSON & DAVIDSON,
GRAIN COMMISSION MERCHANT,
825 Chestnut Street, St. Louis, Mo.

T. B. MORTON. JOHN M. GANNETT.
A. L. MESSMORE.
MESSMORE, GANNETT & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
Grain, Hay and Seeds a Specialty.
Room 511, Chamber of Commerce.

JOHN A. HUNTER. E. O. HUNTER.
HUNTER BROS.,
—SHIPPING—
FLOUR, GRAIN AND FEED COMMISSION.
46 Republican Building, St. Louis.

D. BLOCK. WM. B. DEAN.
BLOCK, DEAN & CO.,
GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
No. 417 Chamber of Commerce,
ST. LOUIS, MO.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Edw. Beckmann Commission Co.,
Grain, Eggs, Poultry, Dried Fruit,
Wool, Game, Hides, Etc.
No. 131 Market st., St. Louis, Mo.

STEPHEN L. SMITH
COMMISSION CO.
225 Market St., St. Louis, Mo.

C. H. BOLCARD,
General Commission Merchant,
1026 N. 3d st., St. Louis, Mo.
References—Franklin Bank, Meyer, Schmid & Robyn Grocer Co.

Miller Bros. & Co.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
Dealers in and Shippers of Eggs.
For the Sale of all Kinds of Country Produce.
992 N. 3d st. and 927 and 929 Collins st.,
St. Louis Mo.

ESTABLISHED 1860.
JULIUS VOGELER,
General Commision Merchant
and Egg Packer.
12 and 14 N. Third St., St. Louis, Mo.

TRESCHER & MILLER,
General Commission.
Game, Poultry, Eggs, Butter, Dried Fruit, Hides, Furs, Feathers, Wool and General Country Produce. Fruits and Vegetables a specialty in season.
922 N. THIRD ST., ST. LOUIS, MO.

ESTABLISHED 1853.
WM. N. TIVY,
Butter, Eggs, Cheese and Honey,
And General Commission Merchant,
620 NORTH THIRD STREET.

St. Louis Produce Commission Co.
Fruits and Vegetables.
CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.
No. 1027 N. Third St.
OSCAR HEIL, Manager. St. Louis, Mo.

Russell-Massengale Commission Co.
AND
LUMBER COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
And dealers in all kinds of hardwood lumber, southwest corner Main and Olive sts., St. Louis.

MAKE YOUR CONSIGNMENTS TO
G. E. WETZEL,
General Commission Merchant and Wholesale Dealer in Butter, Cheese, Eggs, Wool, Hides, Furs and Produce Generally.
219-221 Market Street. ST. LOUIS.

ESTABLISHED 1859
P. M. KIELY & CO.
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
914 North Third Street, St. Louis.

ESTABLISHED 1863
HAUEISEN & LANG
Dealers in Fruits and Produce, and General Commission Merchants,
1016 N. 3d ST., ST. LOUIS, MO.
Orders promptly attended to.

Established 1859. Incorporated 1890.
Gaupel Grocery & Commission Co.
GENERAL GROCERS, LIQUOR DEALERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
Pure Liquors for Family Use a Specialty.
Telephone No. 2151. 213 and 220 S. Main st.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

T. C. TAYLOR & CO.,
226 N. COMMERCIAL ST., ST. LOUIS, MO.
Consignments of all kinds solicited.
Grain, Hay, Seeds, Wool, Hides, Furs, Etc.
Track stuff a specialty.

FRANK H. RYAN. JOHN F. RYAN.
F. H. RYAN & SON
GRAIN COMMISSION.
Rooms 4 and 5, No. 108 N. 4th St.,
ST. LOUIS, MO.

ESTABLISHED 1878.
MICHENFELDER & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
WOOL, HIDES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.
No. 3 N. Main St., St. Louis, Mo.
Consignments and Correspondence Solicited.

PICKER & BEARDSLEY
General Commission Merchants,
214 North Main street and 215 North Commercial, St. Louis.

HENRY BROEDER,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
All Kinds of Country Produce. Eggs a Specialty.
Nos. 926 & 928 N. 3d st., St. Louis, Mo.

WOOL.
FUNSTEN & MOORE,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
800 N. Main St. Write for Special Information.

H. C. SCHOPPE & SON,
GENERAL
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
316 N. COMMERCIAL ST., ST. LOUIS, MO.

CHAS. E. HOFMANN,
Butter, Cheese and General Commission,
No. 903 North Fourth Street,
ST. LOUIS.

ESTABLISHED 1874.
J. L. STEDELIN & CO.
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FRUIT AND PRODUCE,
928 NORTH THIRD STREET.

GEO. G. FAIRHAM & BRO.,
General Commission Merchants
And Wholesale Dealers in
Fruits and Vegetables,
918 and 920 N. 3d st., St. Louis, Mo.

Schlingman-Bocklage Com. Co.,
WOOL
General Commission Merchants
All kinds Country Produce.
411 Lucas Av., St. Louis, Mo.

DORMITZER & MEARA
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
TOBACCO, GRAIN AND PRODUCE,
N. E. Cor. Main and Market sts., St. Louis, Mo.

A. Landauer. S. Landauer. H. Landauer.
A. LANDAUER & SONS,
General Commission Merchants,
924 N. 3d St., Formerly Broadway.

ESTABLISHED 1873.
H. W. KNEHANS & SONS,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
Dealers in Butter, Eggs, Dried Fruit, Etc.
1029 N. THIRD ST., ST. LOUIS, MO.
Eggs a Specialty.

W. J. HAYNES & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
Specialties:
WOOL, HIDES AND FURS,
3 S. COMMERCIAL ST., ST. LOUIS.

Established 1873.
W. B. WESTCOTT & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Hay, Grain, Flour, Seeds, Dried Fruit, Hides, Wool, Feathers, Furs, Poultry, Eggs, etc.
230 NORTH MAIN ST. St. Louis, Mo.
Consignments and Correspondence Solicited.

Established 1873.
O. VOELKER & CO.
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
Special attention given to filling orders for fruit, game, poultry and eggs.
No. 916 N. Third Street. ST. LOUIS.

L. HAKE & SON,
Commission and Provision Merchants,
819 N. 3d St. & 816 N. 4th St.,
ST. LOUIS, MO.

ESTABLISHED 1865.
GEO. A. BENTON & CO.,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS
For the Sale of Country Produce of all kinds.
[illegible]

[illegible] ANY OLD ESTABLISHED HOUSE IN THE CITY. ESTABLISHED 1871.
F. C. TAYLOR & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
GRAIN, WOOL, HIDES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE
[illegible] ST. LOUIS, MO.

Will Open Tuesday, Sept. 2, at Noon,
THE
New Delicatessen,
116 N. Fourth Street.
Can serve 2,500 people daily.

CITY NEWS.

REMEMBER the closing hour at Crawford's to-day is 1 o'clock, at which time the clearing-out sale, which has been so successful, will be at an end. The Great Broadway Bazaar has been, and is still, doing the biggest business in town, the cause of which is the immense bargains offered by this house. Look out for to-morrow's papers, as we believe there will be something interesting contained therein relating to the stock of goods carried by the firm named.

GRAND opening lunch at Dave Rilling's this evening, corner Seventh and Walnut.

Dr. E. C. Chase,
Corner of 9th and Olive streets. Set of teeth, $8.

PRIVATE matters skillfully treated and medicines furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine st.

A DEADLY DRUG.

The Experience of a Man Who Took a Dose of Morphine by Mistake.

OTTAWA, Ontario, Aug. 30.—On Tuesday night just after 12 o'clock a man came around to Night Station Master Galbraith at the Grand Trunk Station, London, and inquired if there was any place around the station where he might sleep and where there would be no people. Mr. Galbraith sent him to the waiting-room, but in a few minutes the fellow was walking up and down the station platform at a rapid gait. Not understanding what was troubling him the station master asked him what was wrong. "Oh, I made a fearful mistake a couple of hours ago," replied the man, "and I'm going to die. I'm afraid I'll die."

Further questioning elicited the information that he had been in the habit of taking stomach pills, but by mistake he had taken two large morphine pills. He had on discovering his error immediately called on Dr. Woodruff. The doctor told him, he said, that his only chance for life was to keep awake and sent him around to the police station. Sergt. Jenkins did not want to be bothered with the man and told him to go to the Grand Trunk station. "For God's sake, don't let me go to sleep," he pleaded, and the warm-hearted station master assured him he would not go to sleep around the station at any rate. Then from that time out Mr. Galbraith had a most unique experience. "The man would go to sleep in spite of me," he said, "and I had to nearly shake his head off his shoulders to keep him around at all. I locked arms with him and walked him around the streets, the station platform and all over, and had to nearly carry him sometimes. He begged piteously of me to let him have a few minutes' sleep, 'Only a few minutes,' but I would not even let him sit down."

Toward 4 o'clock in the morning he began to recover and Dr. Mitchell happened to come in on one of the trains and the station-master explained the case to him. He told the man that he had a narrow escape; that if he had gone to sleep he would most assuredly have slept forever, but that then he was sufficiently over the effects of the drug to go home and sleep. The station master willingly let the man go. He had four hours of the hardest work he ever experienced.

BOYS' CLOTHING SOLD AT POPULAR PRICES.

Don't forget that we have on our second floor one of the most elegant Boys' Clothing Rooms in the West. Stock is select and prices low.

MILLS & AVERILL,
Boys' School Suits,
S. E. Cor. Broadway and Pine.

DR. MERRILL GATES.

He Resigns the Presidency of Two Colleges to Accept a Third.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Aug. 30.—Dr. Merrill Gates of Rutgers College resigned the presidency of two colleges to-day and accepted that of a third. In June he was elected President of Oberlin College, Ohio. In July Amherst College elected him President. Pressure was brought to bear on him to retain him at Rutgers, but he sent his letter of resignation to the trustees, at the same time refusing the call to Oberlin. Dr. Gates is the son of Seth Merrill Gates of Warsaw, an abolitionist and journalist. He was educated at the Rochester University. In 1870, the year of his graduation, he became principal of the Albany Academy. In 1882 he succeeded Dr. Campbell as President of Rutgers. In 1884 he was appointed member of the United States Board of Indian Commissioners.

Dr. T. S. Doolittle will act as President until the meeting of the Rutgers trustees in September. The candidates mentioned for Dr. Gates' chair are Dr. Doolittle of New Brunswick, Dr. W. J. R. Taylor of Hoboken and Prof. Austin Scott of New Brunswick. Dr. Gates takes charge of Amherst College in October.

Excursions East and Southeast.

The Ohio & Mississippi Railway will sell excursion tickets at one fare for the round trip to Harper's Ferry, Staunton and other points in the Virginias, Chattanooga, Atlanta and other points in the Southeast, good going September 9 and 23 and October 14, limit returning thirty days. For further information address A. J. Lytle, General Western Passenger Agent, 105 North Broadway, St. Louis, Mo.

SONS OF VETERANS.

Closing Work of the Encampment at St. Joseph, Mo.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Aug. 30.—The Sons of Veterans encampment has been ended, and the work of the session concluded. E. J. Sansousa of New Jersey has been elected Lieutenant-General of the order, and R. Lockbenzteine of Missouri Major-General. Charles A. Bookwalter of Indiana, Henry Fraze of Ohio, N. L. Harrison of New York, Mose P. O'Brien of Nebraska, and D. P. Hurbrook of Massachusetts are the new members of the Council in Chief.

The Committee on Badges found that Maj. Davis, the father of the order, was furnishing badges at prices which gave him enormous and unreasonable profits, and cost the order several thousand dollars a year. The committee reported a resolution knocking about 40 per cent off the price of all badges, and the resolution passed. Maj. Davis, the father of the order, accepted the new scale of prices.

The near relative amendment was laid over until next year.

Commander-in-Chief Webb has announced that Clay D. Howard of Erie, Kan., will be his Adjutant, and Col. Hazleton of Norton, Kan., his Quartermaster-General.

Fall Excursion to the Seashore.

The Ohio & Mississippi Railway will sel tickets from St. Louis to Old Point Comfort and return for excursion leaving September 5 and 6, at the low rate of $22.60. For further information call at Ohio & Mississippi ticket offices or apply to A. J. Lytle, General Western Passenger Agent, 105 North Broadway, St. Louis, Mo.

The Coldwater (Mich.) Cyclone.

COLDWATER, Mich., Aug. 30.—A cyclone passed over this city Thursday night, doing a great amount of damage. The cart company's paint shop and store room, a building 40x180 feet, three stories high, was entirely demolished, and a great quantity of partly finished work ruined, the damage amounting to several thousand dollars. The wheelbarrow factory was unroofed. Large trees were torn up by the roots, fences leveled, many orchards ruined and outbuildings overturned.

LITHIA POTASH WATER
has a pleasant taste and mixes well with wines and liquor. Telephone 779.

"GAME" TENNY A COWARD

PULSIFER'S SPEEDY LITTLE SWAYBACK LACKING IN PLUCK.

How He Has Quit in Nearly All His Races—The Browns Secure Another Victory at Baltimore—Closing Day at Brighton Beach and Guttenburg—Sporting News of All Kinds.

EASTERN turf writers, almost to a man, are in the habit of frequently referring to Tenny as "that game little horse." This and similar phrases have been applied so often in the newspapers to Dave Pulsifer's little swayback that the public have grown to regard the colt as the gamest horse on the turf. A mere erroneous impression could not be spread. If there is any one quality Tenny lacks it is gameness. In fact he is a "quitter" of the worst kind. Nearly all his races have shown this. When he met Salvator in the Suburban Handicap he did make a remarkable finish when the great run of Prince Charlie had almost a hopeless lead on him, but Tenny made it under constant applications of the whip and spur and not from any natural ambition and pluck. In fact there was so little gameness about the colt that he permitted Cassius and Salvator to run right away from him in the early part of the race and no amount of ordinary urging and riding on Garrison's part would make him increase his pace enough to keep near them. It was not until the whip and spur were applied as persuaders that Tenny began to run and displayed that wonderful burst of speed which came so near landing him a winner. In his match with Salvator it was the same old story. Tenny did not want to run, and urge him as he would Garrison could not make the little grandson of Rayon d'Or keep the pace the big chestnut had set. In fact, Tenny kept falling further and further behind until his rider in the last half mile resorted to whip and spur, and then once more Tenny astounded people by his phenomenal speed and came within an ace of winning. It was a forced gait, however, for every jump was made in response to whip and spur, and Garrison stated after the race that before Tenny commenced his grand finish he attempted to balk and quit and only by the most vigorous punishment was prevented from doing so. In the Champion Stakes Tenny was kept moving in the lead but tired of the pace and quit like a cur in the stretch. After Salvator shot by him Garrison had to whip his colt to keep him from coming to a standstill before the wire was reached. It was the worse kind of a case of weakening. Again, when Firenzi beat him only a few days before, Tenny failed to display the slightest evidence of ambition or gameness. Tenny is a phenomenal sprinter, perhaps the greatest on the turf, but his lack of pluck is what militates against him at cup distances. When he has not beaten his field after traveling a fair distance he loses heart and wants to quit as soon as he is challenged by a horse who has the speed to give him a run.

Bogus Pedigrees.

The *Breeder and Sportsman* does a good service in exposing the bogus pedigrees of certain American horses shipped to Australia. The foreign market for American trotters has been improving and opening up for years, but the prejudices and lack of knowledge on the part of our foreign customers concerning our horses are a far less serious obstacle in the way of opening foreign market than the rascality of some of our own exporters. A few years ago this swindling business was carried on to such length by American exporters to Buenos Ayres that it was, we believe, brought to the notice of the American Consul by the Argentine Government, and one of the best foreign markets was in danger of being practically closed against us. The temptation to buy cheap plugs and manufacture pedigrees that will deceive the unsophisticated South American, European or Australian may seem attractive to unscrupulous dealers, but the swindle can not be carried on very long, and when the exposure comes it injures the particular market in which the deception has been practiced, and all American horses are shunned and feared. The shipment of worn-out and outclassed trotters is another phase of the trade that has worked incalculable injury to our export trade. When our foreign customers find that the horses they import fall so far below their represented capacity in America they learn to distrust our turf system and our records. It is clearly, then, to the interest of the American breeders to do not only take an active part in exposing and heading off dishonest exporters, but to do their utmost as well to discourage the exportation of inferior or worn-out specimens of the American trotter. Self-interest dictates the course even if the question of honorable dealing were not involved. The best, the only way, to open up and develop markets on other continents for the peerless harness horse of America is to familiarize the people whose trade we seek with the characteristics and excellencies of this horse as seen in choice specimens of the kind. If we allow them to judge by the refuse, the cast-offs and has-beens of the breed we must not expect our foreign friends to know and appreciate the trotting horse for what he is. If the foreign buyer be fairly treated and given the worth of his money there need be no fear concerning the development of foreign markets.

Brighton Beach's Close.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—The feature of the closing day's race at Brighton Beach yesterday was the performance of Tea Tray in running a mile in 1:41¾, after being almost left at the post. It is said that he actually went the distance in 1:40¼. The races resulted as follows:

First race, three-fourths of a mile—Gertie W., first; Tioga, second; Waldo Johnson, third. Time, 1:16¼.

Second race, three-fourths of a mile—Monsoon and Appomattox ran a dead heat; Rover, third. Time, 1:16¼. Monsoon won the run-off in 1:18¾.

Third race, three-quarters of a mile—Thorndale, first; Jack of Diamonds, second; Lizzie, third. Time, 1:30¾.

Fourth race, one mile—Gendarme first; Falcon, second; Parthian, third. Time, 1:49¼.

Fifth race, one mile—Tea Tray, first; Ballston, second; Monita Hardy, third. Time, 1:41¾.

Sixth race, seven-eighths of a mile—Firefly, first; Urbana, second; Little Addie, third. Time, 1:20½.

Seventh race, steeplechase, over the full course—Repeater, first; Killarney, second; Pat Oakley, third. Time, 5:16½.

Yesterday's Matinee.

The races at the Fair Grounds Matinee yesterday resulted as follows:

First race, half mile—Jack of Diamonds, first; Cinch, second; Charlie G., third. Time, :50¾.

Second race, five furlongs—Mayor Noland, first; Lemoine, second; Aunt Kate, third. Time, 1:04½.

Third race, five furlongs—Miss Mary, first; Pastime, second; Puente, third. Time, 1:03½.

Fourth race, six furlongs—Crispino, first; Veranza, second; Wanderer II, third. Time, 1:18½.

Fifth race, seven furlongs—Alphonse, first; Adrenie, second; Question, third. Time, 1:31¾.

Guttenburg Closes.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—The first summer meeting at the Guttenburg track closed yesterday. Climax ran six and a half furlongs in 1:21½, lowering Fordham's record a quarter of a second.

First race, selling, three-quarters of a mile—Harry Russell won; Kingstock, second; Sophist, third. Time, 1:16½.

Second race, selling, three-quarters of a mile—Amalgam and Hairspring ran a dead heat; Hot Scotch, third. Time, 1:17. Hairspring beat Amalgam in the run off. Time, 1:18.

Third race, for 2-year-olds, five furlongs—Claudine won; Lady Mary, second; Alarming, third. Time, 1:03¼.

Fourth race, selling, six and a half furlongs—Woodcutter won; Lonely, second; Jack Rose, third. Time, 1:22½.

Fifth race, six and a half furlongs—Climax won; Bradford, second; Mabel, third. Time, 1:21½.

Sixth race, one and one-eighth miles—Vigilant won; Little Minnie, second; Gardner, third. Time, 1:57¼.

Seventh race, seven eights of a mile—Pontico won; Marty B., second; Lancaster, third. Time, 1:30¼.

To-Morrow's Bicycle Runs.

The Missouri Bicycle Club will run to St. Charles to-morrow, leaving their club-house at 8:30 a. m. sharp. The St. Charles Rock road is reported to be in fine condition and the many coasts will therefore be doubly enjoyed. The club will be the first body of cyclists to cross the new pontoon bridge which crosses the river right at the end of the rock road and obviates the former disagreeable ride through the sandy bottom to reach the ferry landing. On their arrival at St. Charles, the participants in this run will visit the various points of interest and be shown through a brewery. Wheelmen who are not club members are invited to take part in this run.

The Cycling Club will leave on a moon light run to Ballwin at 8 o'clock to-night via the famous Manchester road, Capt. Jordan promises all participants an enjoyable ride free from scorching. Many club members have signified their intention of taking part and the run promises to be one of the best attended yet held. There is a charm about night riding which always makes occasional runs of this kind very welcome. The cycles seem to run easier and hills are climed with but little exertion. The road is illuminated with electric lamps as far as Benton. A light lunch will be served to the riders when they arrive at Ballwin. Sunday will be spent in walking trips to the county line and exploring the roads about Ballwin.

Pastimes Cocked Hat Team.

At a meeting of the Pastime Cocked Hat Team held Thursday the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Board of Directors, James Bartlett, Jr., A. Cobb and James L. Williams; Secretary, Ed Adams; Representative to League of Board of Management, Burd James; Captain of Team, Joseph A. Deffry. Seige Alleys were selected as the team's alleys. To the Pastimes belongs the honor of having suggested the formation of the present league and their close match with the present champions, the Grands, make them a formidable candidate for the league championship. They have done much to popularize this splendid sport.

A Pair of Jacks.

In regard to the offer of the Ormonde Club of London to give a purse for him and Jack Burke to contest for, Jack Dempsey says he wants to know who is the champion middleweight of England before he fights any of the many claimants, and then he will toss a coin to decide whether he will go there to fight or the man will come here. Jack Burke has been regarded as a heavy-weight, although one of the lighter men in that class and Dempsey says that if he meets Burke he will insist on the middle-weight limit of 154 pounds being observed, and will not concede an ounce. Burke can scarcely come down to this weight. Burke fought two draws with Charley Mitchell and also fought Dempsey a ten-round draw with the gloves, although the Nonpareil's friends claim he should have been given the decision over Burke. Dempsey is somewhat put out at the action of the Ormonde Club in transacting their business for the fight through Richard K. Fox instead of directly with himself.

Colored Fighters.

Gardner Collins, the local colored heavyweight champion, whipped an unknown colored giant last night for a purse of $100. The unknown was produced by Rufus Sharp, the local colored middleweight champion, who has been looking for a man to down Collins. He found this giant, who was a perfect Samson in strength, but lacked science and soon quit.

The Championship Race.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.	P.	W.	L.	P.C.
Louisville	97	64	33	.660
St. Louis	100	58	42	.580
Toledo	96	51	45	.531
Columbus	100	53	47	.530
Athletics	98	51	47	.520
Rochester	97	50	47	.515
Syracuse	98	40	58	.408
Baltimore	99	26	73	.263
PLAYERS' LEAGUE.				
Boston	107	65	42	.607
Brooklyn	110	65	45	.591
New York	105	61	44	.581
Philadelphia	108	58	50	.537
Chicago	109	57	52	.523
Pittsburg	102	45	57	.441
Cleveland	102	42	60	.412
Buffalo	101	29	72	.287
NATIONAL LEAGUE.				
Brooklyn	106	70	36	.660
Boston	108	69	39	.638
Philadelphia	107	65	42	.607
Cincinnati	104	63	41	.606
Chicago	107	60	47	.561
New York	107	47	60	.439
Cleveland	103	31	72	.301
Pittsburg	106	19	87	.176

Yesterday's Games.

The Browns defeated the Baltimores at Baltimore yesterday by a score of 6 to 1. Hart and Munyan were the St. Louis battery, and German did the pitching for Baltimore, Townsend being his backstop until injured, when Tate took his place. Base hits—St. Louis, 8; Baltimore, 7. Errors—St. Louis, 6; Baltimore, 3.

At Syracuse—Louisville, 10; Syracuse, 9.

PLAYERS' LEAGUE.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 8; Buffalo, 6. (Ten innings).

At New York—New York, 11; Chicago, 5.

At Boston—Boston, 18; Pittsburg, 0.

At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 10; Cleveland, 9.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Philadelphia—Chicago, 6; Philadelphia, 4.

At New York—New York, 1; Pittsburg, 0.

At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 10; Cleveland, 6.

At Boston—Boston, 2; Cincinnati, 1.

Base Ball Briefs.

Pitcher Ed Daily of the defunct Brooklyn Association Club has been signed by Louisville. He is the player whom the New York National League Club signed and released again when the Association clubs complained about stealing the players. Mr. Von der Ahe also wanted to sign Daily.

Joe Gerhardt took Higgins' place at second on the Browns yesterday. It is hard to see how a club is to be benefitted by back numbers. If a player, who is in his prime, cannot be secured, a young man who is improving in his work is far preferable to an old timer who is on the decline.

Taylor's Sure Cure, cures Dyspepsia.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The Illinois State Grange Encampment at Pawnee closed last night. The aggregate attendance was 20,000.

A well-preserved skeleton was turned up by a farmer near Canton, Ill., while plowing. It is supposed to be that of young Frank Irwin, who disappeared mysteriously nine years ago.

A window glass combine is reported from Pittsburg. The combine is said to embrace all Northern and Western factories and will ultimately control the output of the United States.

It is understood that a large number of big firms are involved in the failure of Potter, Lovell & Co. of Boston. The failure will not interrupt the improvements being made at the Brazos River.

Four desperate characters in the Beatrice (Neb.) Jail made a bold and successful escape yesterday by overpowering the jailer. One was shot down by a posse afterwards, but the other three got away.

J. A. Higgins of Higginsville, Mo., known to everybody as Uncle Higgins, was stabbed to death by a young tough named Wm. Feltz, who become enraged at the old man, who refused him free admittance to the Fair Grounds.

DR. ENNO SANDER'S TEN-FOLD CARLSBAD SPRUDEL is the best remedy for torpid liver and similar complaints. For sale by all druggists. Telephone 779.

Serious Charge Against a Preacher.

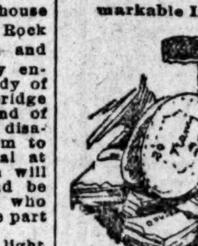
PARKERSBURG, W. Va., Aug. 30.—The Rev. Wm. Edgell, a Methodist preacher of Baownstown, has been arrested on a charge of forging affidavits and making illegal charges in pension cases. He was put under a heavy bond to answer indictments before the United States Court.

Taylor's Sure Cure, cures Constipation.

MINING IN ARIZONA.

GREAT ADVANCE IN VALUE OF ST. LOUIS PROPERTIES IN THAT TERRITORY.

The Advance in Silver Leads to the Re-opening of a Large Number of Mines—Peculiarities of Arizona Ledges—Low-Grade and High-Grade Districts—Remarkable Increase in Immigration.



THIS morning John P. Eppley of Prescott, Ariz., arrived in the city and is at the Lindell. Mr. Eppley has been examining a number of Arizona silver and copper properties in the interest of St. Louis mine owners and will soon have his report prepared. "Hitherto the investments in Arizona made by St. Louisans have not been as profitable as might have been wished, but the prospects now are that a great change will take place. No mining district has been so faverably affected by the silver bill as Arizona.

LOW-GRADE MINES.

"We have in our Territory a great number of mines and nearly all carry a large amount of ore, but with few exceptions they are to be classed as low-grade. They are extensive and very few of the veins have ever been known to peter out, but in spite of this Arizona is full of abandoned properties. This is not because the mines have produced much less ore than had been calculated upon, but the reason is to be found in the high cost of working. In our territory it is an expensive matter to run a mine. Wages are high, fuel is scarce and freights are frequently exorbitant. The high cost of freight prevents us from shipping our ores to smelters located at some central point, as the Colorado men do, and if we attempt to treat them at the mine the expense of the necessary fuel, added to the cost of transporting machinery and supplies, has rendered a profit impossible.

THE PRESENT OUTLOOK.

"A great deal of work has been done at a loss for the reason that in scores of cases the yield was almost sufficient to show a balance on the right side of the ledger, and the owners kept on in hopes of a rise in silver or a slight improvement in the quality of the ore, which would have changed a losing investment to a very profitable one. The rise in silver incident to the passage of the silver bill will cause scores, even hundreds, of mines to be reopened in Arizona that have been shut down. People who are not familiar with the ledges in this section of the country do not appreciate the great change that a rise to $1.10 an ounce and over involves. In high grade districts, where the character of the ore is rich and the amount comparatively small, the influence is not so much, but with us the amount of ore is immense, and a profit of a few dollars a ton means in the aggregate a great many hundreds of thousands of dollars. At the prices that prevailed before the passage of the bill a majority of mines in the territory just fell short of yielding a profit.

ADVANCE IN VALUE.

"Now they will pay expenses, and from $5 to $20 a ton. This is not large on a single ton, but on thousands it will be very handsome, and there is scarcely a mine in the territory that has not an ample supply of ore on hand. Already an immense amount of ore has been shipped to smelters from the old dumps. This ore is piled up by the thousand tons, not being rich enough to pay for treatment, but at present prices it is profitable. A great deal of speculation has been done in the purchase and sale of dumps, and those with a little capital are buying them up on all sides. One effect of the bill has been largely to increase the immigration to the Territory. When I left people were pouring in, the railroads had increased the size of their trains, and real estate in all the towns had risen sharply. Arizona, with a good price on silver, is bound to become one of the leading mining districts of the country, as in no other section is so much ore to be found."

Capt. K. G. Matheson,

Comdt. of Cadets, Missouri Military Academy at Mexico, Mo., will be at Laclede Hotel until Wednesday, Sept. 3. He will be pleased to see all parents and sons who may be interested in knowing of advantages of the above academy. Capt. Matheson, Comdt., will call on all parties who desire him to do so.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

Items of Interest Gathered From Adjacent Towns.

Buffalo, Mo., Aug. 26.—The old soldiers, reunion at this place was a success in every particular. Although there are only a few counties in this district there were fully 8,000 people present.——The vote on the school-house question resulted in favor of a removal of the site. This means that a new school-house will be built, to cost $10,000 or $12,000.——J. P. O'Bannon, Republican candidate for State Senator; Al R. Miller and John O'Bannon left this morning for Jefferson City to attend the Republican Convention.——Frank C. Wilson is in Sedalia attending the Republican Congressional Convention.——Miss Mollie Hale of Urbana is visiting friends here.——John T. Pendleton, County Clerk, is in Jefferson City this week.——The public schools at this place begin next Monday, the 1st.——Joseph Black of Perry County, is visiting relatives here.

Carlyle, Ill., Aug. 29.—Mr. N. W. Reddick, who has been visiting relatives in this city, has returned to his home in Kansas.——Mrs. D. Howard of St. Louis, Mo., is visiting relatives in this city.——The Farmers' Mutual Benefit Association will nominate a full county ticket on the 6th of September.——Mr. S. A. Tate of Topeka, Kan., is visiting in Carlyle.——Mrs. J. C. Stranghan has returned to her home in Boise City, Idaho.——A convention will be held September 20 by the Republicans of Clinton County for the purpose of nominating a county ticket.

Carthage, Mo., Aug. 29.—W. T. Green and family have returned from their trip to Northern Illinois.——Miss Jennie Bliss and Lida Clark entertained one hundred of their friends on Thursday night at the home of Miss Clark on Garrison avenue. The elite of the city were there. —— Ottis Temple of St. Charles paid a visit to his cousins in this city this week.——T. E. Gray, Jr., has gone to Ann Arbor, Mich., to enter school there.——P. J. Lehnard has moved his family from Peirce City to their new home in the Casell Gardens.——Mrs. Frank McCrillis is visiting friends in New York.——James Murratta has returned from his summer trip to Kentucky and the South.——The Ladies' Aid Society of the M. E. Church South gave a coffee social at the residence of Mrs. G. Dickenson on South Garrison avenue on Thursday night. The attendance was large.——The High class of '90 had a fine time picnicking at Wildwood Park on Friday afternoon. Boating, swinging, eating, drinking and talking made the hours fly past pleasantly.——W. D. Church, representing the A., T. & S. F. Ry., was here on Tuesday. He is an assayer and was interested in inspecting our mines.——Mrs. Alice Williams delivered three lectures in this city the past week on "Social Purity." She also organized a Young Woman's Christian Union.——A very pleasant party assembled at the residence of Mrs. J. U. Garver Wednesday in honor of Miss Helen Phelps prior to her departure to St. Louis.——Mr. and Mrs. C. O. Harrington returned on Wednesday from Chicago and Grand Rapids.——A "Lemon Squeeze" party was given at the residence of Mrs. Thos. Hill on North Main street on Wednesday evening. It was largely attended by young people.——Miss Delia Stephenson entertained the Alpha Society on Tuesday afternoon.——Mr. N. Siebert and wife are visiting in Pennsylvania.——Uncle Sam Laforc has gone to visit friends in Wisconsin for two months.——Mrs. Hafford, District Deputy of the Order of Rebekah, gave instructions on Lodge work to the members in this city on Thursday.——Mrs. Al Cahn and her son, Louis, returned on Thursday from Cincinnati. Al says a wife at home is a great comfort.——The rooms of the Y. M. C. A. on North Main street are very largely patronized and much interest is shown in taking care of strangers who may be visiting here.——Mrs. J. H. Davis and daughter of Mt. Vernon are visiting the family of R. H. Lister on Garrison avenue.——The Jasper County Sabbath-school Convention was held at Maple Grove on Tuesday and three following days. The attendance was large and reports very encouraging to the workers.——Dr. C. M. Detrich of Galesburg paid a visit to his Carthage friends on Thursday.——Mr. and Mrs. D. R. Goucher have returned from their trip to Europe.——Miss Zella Bennett entertained a select number of her friends on Thursday evening on Garrison avenue.——J. M. Whitsett and daughter, Mabel, have gone to New York City.——Miss Ada Garland entertained a number of her young friends at the family residence on Howard avenue on Friday evening.——Mart Rader and family returned to St. Louis to-day after a pleasant visit with relatives in this city.——Mrs. Byron A. Ash left Friday for a visit with relatives at Lee's Summit.——Miss Sallie Porter has returned from her trip to North Missouri. She will resume her post as teacher next week.——Mr. H. M. Du Bois of Wichita, Kan., is here on a visit, accompanied by her daughter and sister.

Joplin, Mo., Aug. 28.—A happy party met on Saturday evening to congratulate Mr. and Mrs. George H. Youngblood and two of their children, whose birthdays fell on that same Saturday—a son, 18 years old, and a daughter, 16. The assembled guests, after rounds of enjoyment, were seated to a superb supper.——A marriage license has been granted to Miss Ida Parr and Mr. Jas. O. Slatton, both of Joplin.——The Joplin public schools will open on Monday, the 8th of September.——This afternoon and evening the young ladies of the Episcopal Church will hold an ice cream and fruit sociable in the new Schifferdecker Building on Main street. The selling of some of them as veiled white slaves to the highest young gentlemen bidders, who will then be privileged to wait upon them during the evening, will be an attractive feature. A fund for their new church is another one.——Yesterday Kansas City, through some fifty or sixty of its best citizens, helped to throng the hotels and visiting points of Joplin. They had a grand banquet at the Joplin Hotel before leaving last night. To give the speeches and the menu de luxe would be too much like trying to boom the city, although both were excellent, and Joplin has for years been trying to avoid it in order first to enrich herself, and she has done it.

Mascoutah, Ill., Aug. 29.—Mr. Philip H. Eisenmayer of Springfield, Mo., visited his parents here Sunday.——Miss Josie Heilrung of St. Louis was the guest of Miss Mary Pfaff this week.——The annual Catholic picnic and fair was held at the Central Turner Park Wednesday. A large number of people were in attendance and a handsome sum was netted for the cause.——The remains of Stephen Beck, who jumped from a passenger train and was killed near Philadelphia Wednesday, will be brought here for burial.——Mr. and Mrs. Peter J. Kirchner of Belleville were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Schere Sunday.——The fifth anniversary of the organization of the Mascoutah Central Turnverein will be appropriately celebrated with a picnic and ball Sunday, September 7. A number of St. Louis and Belleville societies have accepted an invition to attend.——The public schools open here Monday for a nine months' term with Prof. W. A. Hough as principal.——Prof. Kammann attended the Southern Illinois Teachers' Association at Carmi this week.

Nokomis, Ill., Aug. 30.—Mrs. L. Fish is visiting relatives at Shelbyville.——Miss Clara Nims has returned home from Jacksonville.——Quite a number of our people attended the Pana fair this week.——E. G. Greenman has returned from a trip to Boston, Mass.——Prof. G. F. Miner of Edwardsville was in town this week.——M. P. Pufeles has returned from a business trip to New York City.——John Atchison of Pana was in town last Sunday.——Our public schools will open next Monday.——Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Paddock were at Pana this week.——The Order of the Eastern Star will give a moonlight picnic in our park this evening.——The Mt. Zion Sunday-school picnic that was held in Rountree Township Thursday was well attended by the people from this and adjoining towns.——The safe in R. Maag's store at Ohlman was blown open by burglars Friday morning and $175 in cash secured.——Louis Ernest died at his residence, south of town, August 20. Deceased was 53 years old and for many years a resident of this county.——A F. M. B. A. picnic will be held at Ohlman's Gove, near this place, September 13.——Dr. C. W. Roedecker of Wonewoc, Wis., has been visiting relatives here the past week.

St. Charles, Mo., Aug. 28.—Mrs. M. C. Parker returns home Saturday from the North after an absence of several months.——Dr. C. M. Johnson returned from his Denver trip this week.——Miss Lizzie Rood left Wednesday to take charge of her school in the Indian Nation.——Miss Mattie McDearmon is visiting St. Louis friends this week.——Mrs. Jack Gordon and son leave to-day to visit relatives in Wentzville, Mo.——Miss Mattie Savage is expected home this week from a three weeks' visit to her sister.——A special train left here yesterday morning crowded with St. Charles people to attend the picnic at O'Fallon, Mo.——Miss Louise Reid of Ferguson spent yesterday here with friends.——Rev. Mr. Jones of the McCormick Seminary, Chicago, will preach at the Jefferson Street Presbyterian Church Sunday.——Miss Bernadine Altmueller leaves in a few days for New York to purchase a fall stock of millinery.——Attorneys Charles Wilson and Nat Dryden left Wednesday for Minneapolis, Minn., on business.——John Olson of the car-works returned yesterday from a two weeks' vacation at Racine, Wis.——Misses Blackburn and Hatcher, Messrs. S. B. Burke and G. G. Hereford, all of Ferguson, visited our town yesterday.——Mrs. Tate, wife of Depot Agent Tate, came down from Glasgow, Mo., Wednesday and will make this place her home.——Miss Aggie Mittleberger is entertaining Miss E. E. Dowdell of St. Louis.

A Grand Old Home,

in good condition, for sale cheap, seventeen rooms, 115 feet ground, splendid for private school, institute or large family. Location, 3128 School street (which is the east continuation of Finney avenue), between Compton and Cardinal avenues. Apply on premises, or address L. D. Dozier, city.

TO-NIGHT'S TWO OPENINGS.

Commencement of the Season at Havlin's and the Standard—Schnaider's Close.

The opening at Havlin's, formerly the People's, occurs this evening, the attraction being "Only a Woman's Heart," a comedy-drama, which has attracted considerable attention wherever it has been presented. The play is said to be a revision of "A Noble Outcast," in which Mr. Punch Robertson appeared as the tramp, and in which he did some very fair work. The other members of the company are very well spoken of, and the organization is said to be a very evenly balanced one in every way. The success of Havlin's, under the Havlin & Hagan management, is generally predicted in theatrical circles. They have an unbroken line of successful amusement ventures, and it is not at all probable that they will do anything but add to it in this case. They have made a great change in the house by running a new entrance into the house from the corner of Sixth and Walnut streets, abandoning the old one on the Sixth street side. Mr. Havlin arrived in the city this morning from Cincinnati, accompanied by several other gentlemen, to witness the opening of the house. The prices have been scaled down, and at the matinees, which will be given on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Sundays, there will be only one price for seats.

THE STANDARD THEATER.

Manager Smith will open his house to the public to-night with "The City Club" as the attraction. The programme is a melange of burlesque, farce and special feature, the company containing some of the best talent in these lines. There will be an olio of specialties by well-known favorites. Mat Morgan's pictures will be a feature of the bill, and famous art works will be reproduced in tableaux. The burlesque "O Home-in-Stead" will be presented by thirty attractive burlesquers.

CLOSING PERFORMANCES AT SCHNAIDER'S.

Only two more performances, to-night and to-morrow night, will be given at Schnaider's. "Girofle-Girofla," which retains its popularity, will be the attraction.

TOURISTS will always find it desirable to spend a few days in New York City. It is the center of wealth, has a variety of amusements and enjoys means of easy communication with many winter and summer resorts, in which advantages it is unsurpassed by any other city. The Buckingham is deservedly popular because it is accessible, luxurious and homelike. Having been recently enlarged, it is now complete in all the appointments of a first-class house.—[New York *Times*.

Damages Against a Railroad.

Mrs. Sallie Shallcross this morning filed suit in the United States Circuit Court for $5,000 damages against the St. Louis, Kansas City & Colorado Railway. Her husband, Richard W. Shallcross, was a conductor in the employ of the company, and was killed on May 8, 1890, in an accident, his train being thrown down an embankment. The accident was caused, it is charged, by the negligence of the company in failing to keep the road in proper repair.

MRS. WINSLOW'S Soothing Syrup is an unexcelled medicine for children while teething. 25c

As a Rule,

It is best not to attempt to remedy costiveness by the use of saline or drastic purgatives. When a cathartic medicine is needed, the most prompt and beneficial is Ayer's Pills. Their effect is to restore the regular action of the bowels, without weakening them. Being sugar-coated, these Pills retain their medicinal virtues for a long time, and are easy to take.

"I can recommend Ayer's Pills above all others, having long proved their value as a cathartic for myself and family."—J. T. Hess, Leithsville, Pa.

"In 1858, by the advice of a friend, I began the use of Ayer's Pills as a remedy for biliousness, constipation, high fevers, and colds. They served me better than anything I had previously tried, and I have used them in attacks of that sort ever since."—H. W. Hersh, Judsonia, Ark.

Ayer's Pills,

PREPARED BY

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Dealers in Medicines.

METEOROLOGICAL FACTS.

Temperature, Rain and Frost Records From St. Louis' History.

In a frame that hangs in the "instrument room" of the Signal Service quarters in the dome of the Custom House is a condensed weather history of St. Louis for nineteen years. It is an interesting exhibit, and the following extract from it, if preserved, will serve to settle many disputes when the mercury is expanding or contracting to extraordinary degrees. This extract shows the mean temperature for each of the nineteen years, and the maximum and the minimum temperatures recorded in those years. It will be seen that the mean varies but little from year to year, though the highest and lowest temperatures are more unruly. In eighteen of the nineteen years the temperature got down to zero, in seven years it got down to 10 deg. below zero, and only once did it get below 20 dag. below zero. In only seven years did the mercury get to 100, and only four times was it above 100. The mean maximum for twenty years is 98.3.

TEMPERATURE HISTORY.

Year.	Mean.	Max.	Min.
1871	57.5	100	2
1872	54.1	98	-17
1873	53.7	99	-10
1874	56.3	101	-1
1875	53.9	97	-16
1876	55.4	94	-5
1877	56.4	97	-4
1878	57.4	98.5	-3
1879	55.7	100	-12
1880	55.1	101	-15
1881	55.9	106.4	-9
1882	55.6	97	-6.2
1883	53.6	97	-3.7
1884	55.3	95	-21.5
1885	54.6	96.6	-9.7
1886	56.4	102	-8.2
1887	57.5	100	-9.6
1888	53.5	97.9	-11.5
1889	56	93	0
1890		98.5	

The heaviest fall of rain in a single day (of twenty-four hours) since the establishment of the signal service twenty years ago was on June 16, 1888, when 4.64 inches of rain fell. On February 19, 1882, 4.44 inches fell, but there is no other record approaching within an inch of the fall of June 16, 1888.

Farmers say there will be an early frost this year. They have a variety of cheap reasons for this belief, but few of them can tell what date would be early for a frost in this locality. The signal service record begins in 1875, and is as follows:

Year.	First.	Last.
1875	October 13	
1876	September 27	
1877	November 3	April 30
1878	September 13	March 25
1879	October 31	April 5
1880	October 18	March 29
1881	October 21	April 5
1882	November 13	April 12
1883	November 12	March 23
1884	October 22	April 22
1885	October 4	May 8
1886	October 1	March 31
1887	October 12	April 19
1888	October 3	May 14
1889	October 17	April 7
1890		April 17

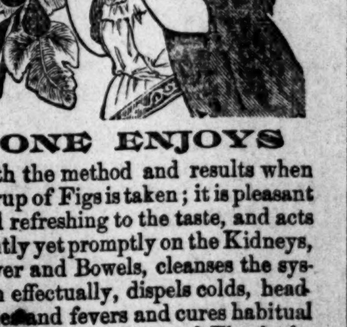
BRADYCROTINE cured Headaches for G. M. Holbrook, Freeport, Ill.

TOO MANY WIVES.

Charles B. French to Be Taken Back to Denver.

This evening Detective Linton of Denver will return home, having in charge Charles B. French, the socalled brakeman-bigamist. Officer Linton arrived in St. Louis yesterday evening. On his way from Colorado he stopped in Jefferson City and had Gov. Francis approve the requisition papers issued to him by the Colorado authorities. He says the Denver wife is very bitter against French and insists that she will prosecute him at all hazards. She has been in active correspondence with the Portland (Ore.) wife, whose expenses to and from Oregon will be paid by the County Commissioners in order that she may attend the trial. With this assistance from the county authorities Linton is sure that a case can be made against the prisoner. French refuses to talk. He says he has told all he has to tell at present and will reserve his defense for the trial. The man is in very bad health, having suffered with consumption for several years. On this account alone he is to be pitied.

SYRUP of FIGS



ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.

SKIN DISEASES Piles, Pimples, Granulated Eyelids Permanently Cured by COL. IVER'S HERMIT S. LVE. 50 cents box, at drug stores.

HUMPHREY'S.

ST. LOUIS, August 30, 1890.

The forecast for Missouri for to-day is fair; slightly warmer.

Store Open Till 10 O'Clock To-Night.

Saturday is always a busy day, and our st[ore] is, as the line at the top announces, open [...] p. m. Why so? you ask. Well, [...] you'll take the trouble to step in some t[...] evening between 6 and 10 o'clock yo[...] that it is the gala night, as it were, of th[...]

WORKINGMAN.

It is the one night in the week that the strong-armed, stout-fisted mechanic finds it convenient to choose what he will wear during his hours of labor, as well as during his moments of recreation.

See the Men's Pants we are selling for $5.
See the Men's Sack and Cutaway Frock Suits at $12 and $15. See the light-weight Fall Top Coats at $10, $12, $15, $18, $20.

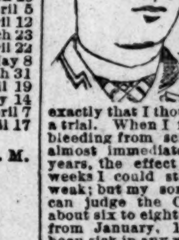
See the fall style Derby Hats at $1.90. Fancy French Percale Shirts at 49 cents; also the celebrated Star White Laundered Shirts at $1.

See the Boys' Knee-Pant Suits at $3.95 and $5. Boys' Percale Star Waists at 99 cents. Saturday night is a NIGHT OF LABOR for us, but a gala night for the workingmen, consequently our latchstring hangs out till 10 p. m.

F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.
Broadway and Pine St.

AN ECZEMA 17 YEARS

Cured in 8 Weeks. One of the greatest Cures Ever Performed by the Cuticura Remedies.



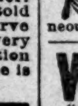
At the age of three months a rash (which afterwards proved to be eczema or salt rheum) made its appearance on my face. Physician after physician was called. None of them did me any good at all, but made me worse. The disease continued unabated; it spread to my arms and legs, till I was laid up entirely, and from continually sitting on the floor on a pillow my limbs contracted so that I lost all control of them, and was utterly helpless. My mother would have to lift me out and into bed. I could get around the house on my hands and feet, but I could not get my clothes on at all, and had to wear a sort of dressing-gown. My hair had all matted down or fallen off, and my head, face and ears were one scab. The disease continued in this manner until I was 17 years old, and one day in January, 1879, I read an account in the Tribune of your CUTICURA REMEDIES. It described my case so exactly that I thought, as a last resort, to give them a trial. When I first applied them I was all raw and bleeding from scratching myself, but I went asleep almost immediately, something I had not done for years, the effect was so soothing. In about two weeks I could stand straight, but not walk, I was so weak; but my sores were nearly well. As near as I can judge the CUTICURA REMEDIES cured me in about six to eight weeks, and up to this date (i. e., from January, 1879, to January, 1887) I have not been sick in any way, or have had the least signs of the disease reappearing on me.

W. J. McDONALD,
3732 Dearborn st., Chicago, Ill., June 30, '87.

Cuticura Remedies

Are the only infallible Skin and Blood Purifiers. Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, the great Skin Cure, 50c; CUTICURA SOAP, an exquisite Skin Purifier and Beautifier, 25c; CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new Blood Purifier, $1. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG & CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Boston.

Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations and 100 testimonials.



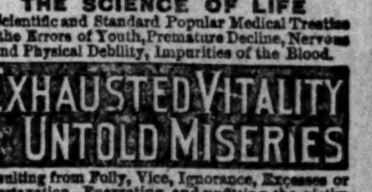
HOW MY SIDE ACHES!

Aching Sides and Back, Hip, Kidney, and Uterine Pains, and Rheumatism relieved in one minute by the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster. The first and only instantaneous pain-killing plaster.

WRITE TO HER!

"I was not able to do my housework for 15 years," says Mrs. Nicholas Wilson, 782 S. Division Street, Buffalo, N. Y. "Doctored with many physicians for female weakness used many remedies without benefit; 3 boxes NERVE BEANS cured me. I am strong as ever; do all my own work." $1 per box, postpaid. Address Nerve Bean Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sold at Frost & Ruf's, 7th and Olive; Fernow's, cor. Broadway & Market, and all leading druggists.

THE GLORY OF MAN
STRENGTH VITALITY!
How Lost! How Regained,



KNOW THYSELF.

THE SCIENCE OF LIFE

A Scientific and Standard Popular Medical Treatise on the Errors of Youth, Premature Decline, Nervous and Physical Debility, Impurities of the Blood.

EXHAUSTED VITALITY
UNTOLD MISERIES

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